The New-York Times.

VOL. XVI......NO. 4732. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1866. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Advices to Nov. 23 by Ocean Telegraph.

Sensational Report from Paris About the United States and England.

Seizure of Arms and a Suspected Schooner at Cork.

The French Press and the Lost Imperial Cause in Mexico.

The Immediate Abdication of Maximilian Expected.

Full Report of Earl Derby's Speech at the Lord Mayor's Banquet.

Departure of Admiral Tegethoff for the United States.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

ENGLAND.

A Sensational Report from Paris.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22—P. M.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Post* says that the relations between England and the United States will soon be critical.

Seizure of Fenian Arms and a Suspected Schooner.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22—P. M.

A large quantity of arms, designed for the use of the Fenians, was seized on board a Liverpool bound steamer at Cork.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 23—Noon.

A schooner was seized to-day by the Government authorities, at Cork, on suspicion of having Fenian arms on board.

DARGAN, an Irish contractor, has suspended payment. His liabilities are estimated at a million sterling; but his assets are considered good.

MAXIMILIAN.

The French Giving up the Mexican Empire as Hopelessly Lost.

PARIS, Friday, Nov. 23—Noon.

La France this morning editorially admits that the departure of MAXIMILIAN from Mexico is likely to take place at any moment, if it has not already been accomplished.

Le Temps says the French will quit Mexico speedily, and all together.

The *Moniteur* maintains silence on the Mexican question.

AUSTRIA.

A Loan of Several Million Pounds.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22.

There is a rumor to the effect that an Austrian loan of several million pounds sterling will soon be placed in the market.

Departure of Admiral Tegethoff for the United States.

VIENNA, Thursday, Nov. 22.

Admiral TEGETHOFF, of the Austrian Navy, left Vienna yesterday for the United States. He will go direct to New-York.

FRANCE.

The Great Eastern to Run Between Brest and New-York.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22.

It is reported that the steamship *Great Eastern* will begin to make regular trips between New-York and Brest early in March.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Cotton.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Nov. 22—Noon.

The market for Cotton opened firmer, with a prospect of a day's sale of 13,000 bales. Prices, however, are unchanged. Middling Uplands, 14d.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Nov. 22—P. M.

The Cotton market has been quite active to-day, with sales of 16,000 bales. Middling Uplands closed firm at 14d.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Nov. 23—Noon.

During the week, the Cotton Market has been rather dull, but steady at 14d. for Middling Uplands. Transactions were not very heavy, and the sales for the week do not foot up over 66,000 bales.

To-day the market shows some improvement and prices have an advancing tendency.

Middling Uplands are quoted this morning at 14¼d.; and the sales to-day promise to reach 15,000 bales.

General Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Nov. 22—Noon.

Breadstuffs are firmer. Corn, 38s. 9d. ⅌ quarter for Mixed Western.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Nov. 23—Noon.

Breadstuffs continue to advance, and the market to-day is still firmer. Corn is quoted this morning at 40s.

Petroleum is dull, and prices have declined 1d.@2d.; Refined closed at 1s. 6d.

The market for Tallow is firm.

London Money Market.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22—Evening.

Consols closed at 90 for money.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 23—Noon.

Consols are quoted at 90¼ for money.

American Securities.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22—Evening.

The following are the latest prices for American Securities:

Illinois Central shares	78¾
Erie Railway shares	50¼
United States Five-twenties	70¼

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 23—Noon.

The following are the current prices of American Securities:

United States Five-Twenties	70¾
Illinois Central Shares	78¾
Erie Railway Shares	50¼

MARINE NEWS.

The U. S. Steamer Frolic.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22.

The United States steamer *Frolic* left Southampton yesterday, to join the squadron at Lisbon.

Marine Disaster.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 22—P. M.

The crew of the schooner *E. M. Dyer*, which was abandoned at sea, have reached England. The Captain, mate and two men died from exposure.

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

The mails by the steamship *Africa* reached this City from Boston at an early hour last night.

ENGLAND.

Banquet to the New Lord Mayor of London—Important Speech by Lord Derby.

The following is the speech delivered by Lord DERBY at the banquet given Nov. 9 to the new Lord Mayor of London:

The Earl of DERBY, who was received with great enthusiasm, said: My Lord Mayor, my Lords, Ladies and Gentlemen: I rise for the purpose of expressing, or at least endeavoring to express, on the part of my colleagues and myself our grateful sense of the high honor which you have done us on the present occasion, of the kind and flattering terms in which your Lordship has been pleased to speak of myself and colleagues, and the gratifying, the cordial—may I say the more than cordial manner in which our health has been accepted by this great assembly? [Loud cheers.] And yet, my Lord Mayor, my colleagues and myself do not so far deceive ourselves as to attach to such demonstrations of your good-will any political significance. We know, and we know well, that the manner in which you have received us is the generous expression of English feeling, which always desires to cheer and to encourage those who, in what they believe to be the interest of the country, take upon themselves onerous and laborious duties, and endeavor to fulfil those duties to the best of their ability. [Cheers.] My Lord Mayor, we may have a claim upon your sympathy from our common feelings and from some similarity of our position. You and we—I speak not individually of myself, but of the Government collectively—you and we are entering upon a new career of office. You and we feel alike that in attempting to discharge the arduous duties of that office our best support must be the confidence and the good-will of our fellow-countrymen. [Loud cheers.] Our first and primal object must be to deserve and win that good-will. We both of us consider that good-will, that confidence, and that public esteem to be the highest honor to which a public man can look in any situation of life, and I think I may add, my Lord Mayor, that we shall both of us be equally discreet in abstaining from stating by what particular measures we shall recommend ourselves to the country. [Loud cheers and a laugh.] My Lord Mayor, it would be certainly out of place on the present occasion and at the present time if I were to presume in the slightest degree to touch on any question which could approach to party significance; but, speaking in the midst of this great metropolis—speaking in the presence of your Lordship, the chief magistrates of this great city, the heart and centre of the commerce of these islands; speaking in this room, which has witnessed so many generations of great and meritorious men, I think I may congratulate your Lordship, the city and the country on the gratifying fact that, notwithstanding the monetary pressure which we have endured, notwithstanding the disasters and calamities which have brought distress on many and ruin on some, yet the public credit stands unimpaired; yet the revenue maintains itself; yet the commerce of this country never, to my knowledge, was on a better a sounder or a healthier foundation. Again, my Lord Mayor, it is a subject of intense gratification that we have had the satisfaction of witnessing the close of two sanguinary wars—one of shorter, the other of longer duration; but both of them accompanied with an amount of bloodshed and misery far beyond that which attends ordinary war, and both of them, also, bearing too closely the character of that most deplorable of all wars—namely, civil war. We rejoice to see the return of peace. With regard to that great country, *our natural friend, our relation, I may call it—that great Republic across the Atlantic*—the storm of war has indeed ceased there, but the surface, nay, I may say the interior, of society is still ruffled and agitated. Yet I cannot but believe that that great and powerful nation, which has made such glorious efforts for the purpose of keeping down the burden of debt which that war has entailed on its national finances—which is making such superhuman efforts to recover its financial position—I cannot but believe that a country so deeply interested in the science of self-government will, and speedily, *know how to compose the agitation which at present prevails, and exhibit to the world at no distant period again the gratifying prospect of a great, a proud and a prosperous community.* [Loud cheers.] And, gentlemen, I may be permitted to say that if in the course of that dreadful war which has so long devastated that country any questions may have arisen between that and our country which have produced the slightest amount of unpleasant feeling, *I have a confident expectation that the two Governments approaching these questions in a spirit of mutual forbearance and kind conciliation* [loud cheers] *will arrive at such a solution of those questions as not only to remove all remnants of bitterness, but place on a better foundation than ever our relations with that great country to which we are bound by so many ties of interest and regard.* [Loud cheers.] Of the war in Germany I will not pretend to speak. It is not for us to pass an opinion on the merits of that war, and it would be premature now to express any opinion as to its ultimate results. But with regard to two of the countries mainly interested in that war—with regard to Austria and Italy—now that by the transfer of Venetia a burden is taken off from one and a long-desired province is acquired by the other, I entertain, in the best interests of the world, a confident hope that these countries will derive mutual advantages in maintaining the most friendly relations, and that Italy especially, released from any apprehension of foreign invasion or war, will devote its attention to its internal affairs and the further development of its great interests and resources. [Cheers.] It is quite true that we can claim no part in any great military achievement; but we, thank God, have no sanguinary battle to deplore. We have no military triumphs to boast; but peace has its triumphs as well as war, and in the course of the past year we can point with pride to a triumph more advantageous to the human race, redounding more to the credit of the country, than any which could be acquired by any warlike operations, however skillfully conducted and however bravely carried on. [Cheers.] I allude to that great triumph which has been achieved by British science, by British skill, by British perseverance, by British energy, by which we have maintained our claim to exercise dominion over the sea, and combined in intimate and enduring bonds the great continents of Europe and America, between which we have succeeded in annihilating time and space. [Cheers.] And yet, my Lord Mayor, although we have not been engaged in any warlike operations, I can hardly say that we have no military achievements to boast of, because in the course of the present year we have seen the capital of Belgium occupied by a military force, comprised of the joint forces of France and England. [Cheers and a laugh.] We have seen that invasion conducted with the most perfect success, and prominent among the invaders was no less a person than the late Lord Mayor of London. [A laugh.] That invasion has been one of a very remarkable character. Our riflemen—the volunteers—there have reaped laurels on a bloodless field, but they have achieved a still greater conquest by their good conduct and admirable behavior, a conquest not over the territory but over the hearts and affections of the people whom they invaded. It is well known that the appetite for foreign invasion grows by that which it feeds on, and next year we contemplate a bolder step, and I may frankly state—it may not be diplomatic—but I will state that it is the intention of the Government next year to invade the neighboring country of France on a very extensive scale. [Cheers.] I think that the City of Paris, that great and beautiful city, is placed in very serious danger of being in the occupation of the hosts of Europe and the world to such an extent that our neighbors will find it a very serious difficulty to billet and provide for them. [A laugh.] But it is one gratifying fact in such an invasion—it differs from all other invasions in this—that the invaders and not the invaded are the parties most likely to be laid under contribution. [Cheers.] It is my earnest hope, and I am sure it will be the earnest hope of all those whom I address, that such conquests and invasions may be the only ones that Europe is destined for many years to witness—[cheers]—conquests and invasions which leave behind them no sting of bitterness, no envenomed feelings, but which, on the other hand, by exciting through various countries mutual feelings of respect, admiration, and esteem, are a better security than anything which kings can offer or statesmen devise for the general peace of the world—so happily expressed in the words "Peace on earth, and good will to men." [Cheers.] I have now, my Lord Mayor, to thank you for the kindness which you have shown in listening to me for so long a time. [Cheers.] I desire, on the part of my colleagues and myself, gratefully to express our sense of the honor you have done us in drinking our healths. I hope I need not assure you of the deep satisfaction which we feel at having had the honor of being received here as Ministers of the Crown in this noble and time-honored hall, with that princely magnificence which has long been characteristic of the City of London. And here I might close the observations I have to make, but that I have your permission to offer a toast which does not require much comment on my part. In the early part of my observations, my Lord Mayor, I drew a parallel between your position and ours. I am not about to continue that parallel. I am not about to say anything about our immediate predecessors. [A laugh.] Perhaps we are not exactly the persons to do that, [a laugh,] or the best judges of their merits. But with regard to your predecessor I have no such hesitation. I venture to say that, having had the honor of being received by many Lord Mayors, I never had the honor of meeting with any one who discharged the social duties of his office with more grace, ability, and dignity than the late Lord Mayor. [Loud cheers.] It is not for the purpose of any invidious comparison—for, as Mrs. MALAPROP says, comparisons are odious—that I make this reference to your lordship's immediate predecessor, but knowing your own qualifications, and the manner in which you have discharged the duties which have devolved upon you, I entertain a confident hope that you will not disappoint the expectations which have been formed of you in attaining the high position to which your fellow-citizens have raised you, and when the time comes when you must retire from it—I don't mean to suggest any comparison between the period of your tenure of office and our own [a laugh]; but when you have to say to your fellow-citizens *valete* you may add with confidence *et plaudite*. [Loud and continued cheering.] The noble lord concluded by giving "The health of the Lord Mayor," which was drunk with all the honors.

The International Significance of the Speech.

From the London Times, Nov. 10.

The most important point in Lord DERBY'S speech was the intimation that a proposition for the arrangement of the differences between America and this country with respect to the Alabama claims would be favorably entertained, and that the duties of neutrals in maritime war might, if necessary, be reconsidered. Lord DERBY'S Government is, happily, *able to approach these questions without suspicion or prejudice.* During the four years of the late civil war they were out of office. It is among the advantages of our parliamentary system that one set of men, who may be pledged to a certain line of conduct, or who, at least, cannot easily and gracefully depart from it, may retire to make way for others who are more free to act. From the very fact that Lord RUSSELL and his colleagues had to conduct long and irritating controversies, and to come to conclusions distasteful to the American Government and people, it would be almost impossible for them to approach these discussions with a fair chance of success. They will not the less, we hope, *give a cordial support to their successors in any attempt which may be made to remove a cause of offence which appears to be deeply felt on the other side of the Atlantic, and to achieve a substantial and permanent reform of international law.*

FRANCE.

The Health of the Emperor—His Appearance at the Recent Review.

Paris (Nov. 7) Correspondence of the London Times.

The review held on Monday by the Emperor was as much for the purpose of showing how unfounded were the reports current in Paris since his return from Biarritz (that he could not sit on horseback, and had not done so since his illness at Vichy,) as for anything else. Pressure of business, much mental anxiety caused by the turn affairs had taken in Germany, and deep vexation at the manner in which M. BISMARCK trifled with him, as well as indisposition, prevented His Majesty from appearing at the camp at Chalons, and distributing on the 15th of August the decorations usually given in honor of that Imperial *fête* on the breaking up of the camp. On that occasion the Emperor was represented by Marshal BARAGUAY D'HILLIERS, and the men and officers did not lose their rewards in consequence of his absence. No decorations, I believe, were given at the review on Monday. There is one fact, however, relating to this review which would have furnished an additional illustration to Dr. WHATELY'S *Historic Doubts*. The *Moniteur*, aware of the anxiety of the public as to the Emperor's being able to sit his horse, positively says that His Majesty rode with the Empress and Prince Imperial from St. Cloud to the Bois de Boulogne, where the review was held; the other papers mention that he arrived close to the ground in an open carriage, and only then got on horseback. Several persons professing to be eye-witnesses corroborate the official journal; several persons, also professing to be eye-witnesses, corroborate the other papers. I was not at St. Cloud when the Emperor set out, so that on this particular point I cannot speak as an eye-witness. But what I can affirm is that His Majesty was on horseback during the review, and that he more than once galloped round the field with the Empress and the Prince Imperial. It is admitted on all hands that he returned to St. Cloud, not on horseback, but in an open carriage. Then, again, opinions differ as to the Emperor's appearance; some (eye-witnesses, of course) say that he looked fatigued, haggard, and, indeed, anything but well; others that he was quite blooming. The truth here lies, as it often does, between extremes. I thought the Emperor looking not ill, nor haggard, nor "blooming," but pretty much as he usually looks. For the rest the movements were executed in masterly style by the troops, and the charge of the Brigade of the Cavalry of the Guard and of the First *Corps d'Armée*, which concluded the review, excited general admiration and applause. The Emperor expressed his great satisfaction to Marshal REGNAUD DE ST. JEAN D'ANGELY at the fine appearance of the men, and the precision and regularity of their movements. The day was fine, and a vast number of people were on the ground.

ITALY.

The Italy of the Future—The Great Task Now Before the People.

From the London Times, Nov. 8.

The Italians have got their country—nothing less, nothing more. All the rest is for them to do. A wayfarer had fallen among robbers, who had just cut and bruised him within an inch of his life, when rescue came; he is writhing on the ground, all stunned and dismayed, and barely conscious; but it is for him now to be up and doing, for his deliverers cannot stanch the blood that is fast ebbing from him. It will be well to guard against illusions. The Venice from whose limbs the Austrian fetters have just fallen, and which is thus miraculously restored to the embrace of her Italian sisters, has nothing in common with old Venice. Of that Queen of the Adriatic, who wedded the sea, who stormed Constantinople, and extended her sway over "one-fourth and a half of the Roman Empire," little more than the corpse is left, and it remains to be seen whether deliverance comes in time to recall it to animation, or simply to screen its lingering death from that foreign outrage which hastened and embittered it. Neither is Venice all of Italy that is half dead. Pavia and Pisa, Ferrara and Piacenza, Ravenna and a score of others are mere spectre cities. It was ungenerous on the part of the French poet to describe Italy as the "Land of the Dead;" but it is for the Italians to prove that "she is not dead, but sleeping."

It is with no little expectation that the world will be looking forward to Italy's awakening. The wedding of the Adriatic Bride will be a five day's ceremony, and the turn of the Papal city, with or without the Pope's blessing, will closely follow. The question will be, What next? The Italians will have full possession of the land of their fathers—a land of beauty and renown, of health and wealth, of wondrous achievements, crying out to them from her ruins, from her monuments, "*Noblesse oblige!*" The land is theirs; may it for ever be theirs; may it be forgotten that it ever was other than theirs! The land is theirs to do with it as they please, to do with themselves as they please. Should they aspire to do no more for themselves than Solferino and Sadowa have done, should they wrap in a napkin the talent that has been confided to their stewardship, the world would, of course, have nothing to say to it. A great wrong has been redressed in their case, and the ends of justice are fulfilled. But the cry of distress which went so straight to the world's sympathies was less for Italy's actual sufferings than for her forced inaction. The complaint was not so much that the Austrian tortured the body as that he killed the soul. The Italian panted for freedom not as a source of enjoyment, but as a stimulus to exertion. Were the vows of adversity not to be forgotten in the hour of prosperity, what a vast field for activity would now be open to the emancipated people! The very soil of the country is more than half to be redeemed from long ages of neglect. No one grudges the Italians these days of festivity, but they surely bear in mind that it is not by banners and tapestry, by stars and spangles, by lights and fireworks, that air and water, and freshness and sweetness, can be restored to Venice; that it is not by shouts of joy and songs of triumph that the death-like silence which inhabits her choked-up harbors and her stagnant canals can be efficiently banished! The Austrian is gone; the Pope—at least so far as he is King—will follow; but what a gang of other tyrants, as grim and ruthless—King Dirt, Queen Beggary, and all the dynasty of Sloth, Improvidence, Superstition and Bigotry—still remain to be hurled from the throne! With these hideous monsters it behoves the Italians to grapple for themselves, for in such a contest it is little they can hope either from French chivalry or from Prussian community of interests.

ROME.

Mr. Gladstone's Interview with the Pope.

The *Corriere Italiano* professes to have received from a person worthy of credit the following account of the interview between PIUS IX. and Mr. GLADSTONE:

Mr. GLADSTONE found the Pope as calm as possible. Politics were not mentioned until the end of the conversation, and it was Mr. GLADSTONE who took the initiative. The Pope complained of the Austrian Government, while fully admitting that events in Germany had put it out of the power of that Government to defend the Holy See, and almost justified its conduct. Mr. GLADSTONE congratulated the Pope on the arrival at Rome of the Antibes Legion. On this the Pope said, "Terrestrial legions have the defect of often failing of the end they desire to attain. Moreover, what matters it to me what shall happen? Rest assured that when the French are gone I shall not be less protected, seeing that the legions which defend the Church never fail." In saying that the Pope raised his eyes to Heaven. Mr. GLADSTONE wished to speak of Italy, and he asked what truth there might be in the preliminaries of negotiations with the Government of Florence mentioned in the journals. This is the Pope's reply: "I do not read the journals; I know nothing in that respect; I am ignorant of everything; all I know is that in dying I shall not leave entire to my successor the sacred and inviolable inheritance of St. Peter." The conversation on Italy having ceased, the Church in Ireland was spoken of, and the Pope warmly commended to Mr. GLADSTONE his well-beloved flock. Then, smiling, he added, "If one of these days I should have to leave Rome, although Ireland is far from the centre of Christianity, I should not object, perhaps, to choose it for my domicile. Malta, a place almost entirely mercantile, now that the revolutionaries accuse my poor priests of simony, would not have my sympathies." He said in conclusion that he would go where Providence—mighty and never failing to judge men who are not eternal—should wish. In saying these words the Pope seemed much moved.

CANADA.

Execution of a Murderer—Distinguished Visitors from the Pontifical States—The Consul-General and the Fenian Prisoners.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

MONTREAL, C. E., Friday, Nov. 23.

Five or six thousand persons witnessed this morning the hanging of JAMES MACK, a driver of the Royal Artillery, for the murder of Corporal SMITH, of the same corps, July 2. The murder was cool-blooded and deliberate. MACK having taken offence at some supposed over-strictness on the part of SMITH, watched his opportunity, and in the barrack-room, in the presence of many other soldiers, cut his throat from ear to ear with a razor. He was attended to the scaffold by Father VILLENEUVE, and said he died happy and forgave every one.

Prince GIANNETTO DORIA and Duke GRAZIOLI, two citizens of the Pontifical States, are now in Montreal. They were entertained this forenoon by Mayor STORMS at a *fête Champetre* at Caughnawagh, and dine this evening with Sir JOHN MICHEL, Commander-in-Chief of the forces. Prince DORIA is of the family which gave Genoa its ANDREW DORIA, one of the most distinguished names of the sixteenth century. Consul-General AVERILL is procuring affidavits from the Fenian prisoners now in jail awaiting their trial, to be forwarded to Washington for the information of the Government.

Increased Vigilance of the Authorities—Arrival of the Consul-General—Arrest of a Prominent Citizen for Alleged Forgeries — Distribution of Breech Loaders.

MONTREAL, C. E., Friday, Nov. 23.

Dispatches received here by the Governor-General, from England, state that the possibility of trouble with the United States renders increased vigilance indispensable on the part of the Canadian authorities.

Heavy rains have occurred in the eastern township, causing disastrous floods.

Gen. AVERILL, the newly appointed United States Consul-General, has arrived.

D. MCNIVEN, a prominent citizen of this place, has been held for trial on a charge of committing extensive forgeries.

The imports last week were $50,000 less than for same week last year. Canal dues for October exhibit a slight increase over last year.

TORONTO, C. W., Friday, Nov. 23.

The gunboat *Hercules* has gone into Winter quarters at Kingston. Seventeen thousand stand of arms—Peabody breech-loaders—have been purchased by the Government for the volunteers, and are now being distributed among the different artillery and cavalry corps of the Province.

The Fenian Trials—A Motion to Set Aside the Verdict.

TORONTO, Friday, Nov. 23.

In the Court of Common Pleas to-day, before the Chief-Justice and Justices ADAMS and JOHN WILSON, Mr. MCKENZIE applied for a rule calling upon the Attorney-General to show cause why the verdict should not be set aside, as contrary to law and evidence, and a new trial had, in the case of the Queen *vs.* SLIVEN, one of the Fenian prisoners, at present under sentence of death in the old jail. The grounds on which the motion was based were, that the indictment charged the prisoner with two distinct offences; that of committing the overt act as a British subject, as well as an American citizen; that the alleged offence being committed in County Welland, could not be tried in County York, being one of two united counties; on the ground of misdirection by the Judge, and further, that the Judge who took the Assizes and tried the prisoners without an order from Her Majesty's Executive Council, contrary to the provisions of the statute, the prisoners being at and before the time of their trial in custody, under provisions of the statute, and indicted and convicted for some of the offences therein contained. Mr. Justice J. WILSON stated that in reference to the last ground of objection, he had already filed an order of the Executive Council with the Clerk of the Crown. Mr. MCKENZIE contended that if so, there was nothing on the face of the order to show that any member of the Executive Council was present at the time the order was made, and that consequently the order was null and inoperative. The Chief Justice stated that the Court did not propose granting a rule in any of these cases, unless they were clearly shown that there was some foundation for the objection.

Execution of James Mack.

MONTREAL, Friday, Nov. 23.

JAMES MACK, the murderer of ALFRED SMITH, of the Royal Artillery, was hung to-day. A Catholic Priest administered the sacrament and granted him a plenary indulgence. At 9:30 the reporters were admitted to the cell of the condemned. The prisoner wore a resigned appearance, confessed his crime, acknowledged the justice of his sentence, and said he was ready to die in expiation of his crime. An immense crowd was present at the execution, but it was silent and orderly.

RHODE ISLAND.

Convicted of Murder.

PROVIDENCE, Friday, Nov. 23.

In the United States Circuit Court to-day, ROBERT CROWE was convicted of murdering WM. H. ROBERTS, of Williamsburgh, L. I., mate of the brig *Ocean Wave*, on the high seas.

MARYLAND.

Meeting of the Moral and Educational Improvement Association for Colored People in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Nov. 23.

The second annual meeting of the Baltimore Association for Moral and Educational Improvement of the Colored People was held this evening at the new Assembly Rooms.

An interesting report was read, showing the result of the past year's work, and the modes by which the Society had been aided, as well as hindered. The receipts of the year amount to $42,000. The expenses have exceeded the receipts by over $10,000. Of the receipts, $4,700 was from the New-England Freedmen's Aid Association, $900 from the New-York Association, $2,500 from the Pennsylvania Freedmen's Aid Association, $500 from the Friend's Association of Philadelphia, and $3,800 from friends in England.

The Society has in operation 73 schools, including 22 in this city, numbering in all 74 teachers and 7,000 scholars. Most of the teachers are colored.

The most encouraging success has attended the efforts of the Association, the colored people everywhere manifesting great eagerness to learn and willingness to contribute to the support of the schools.

Six thousand dollars have been contributed by the colored people in the counties during the year.

ARCHIBALD STERLING, Jr., made an earnest appeal in behalf of the cause, and addresses were also made by Judge BOND, Gen. HOWARD and others.

Meeting of Presbyterians to Form a New Presbytery.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Nov. 23.

The congregations of the Presbyterian churches under charge of Rev. Mr. LEFEVRE and Rev. Dr. BULLOCK, met to-night at the church of the latter to form a new Presbytery, to be independent of the General Assembly, Old School. This action is pursuant to the determination taken some time since by these congregations, on account of the action of the General Assembly in the matter of the Louisville Presbytery.

Compensation to Loyal Slave-Owners.

BALTIMORE, Md., Friday, Nov. 23.

Secretary STANTON has appointed Col. W. H. STEWART, W. FLYNN, and WASHINGTON A. MILLER, of Cecil County, a Commission to award compensation to loyal slave-owners of Maryland, whose slaves were drafted into the army during the war. This Commission is created under the act of Congress passed last session.

LOUISIANA.

Raphael Semmes Appointed Professor of Moral Philosophy—Gen. Ortega and the Washington Authorities—Arrival of German Emigrants.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Nov. 23.

RAPHAEL SEMMES, late Admiral of the rebel navy, has accepted the chair of Professor of Moral Philosophy and English Literature in the Louisiana State Seminary of Learning, at Alexandria.

Gen. FITZHUGH LEE, nephew of Gen. LEE, has arrived here *en route* for Texas for his health.

The Galveston *Bulletin* says, editorially, that ORTEGA said, while at Galveston, *en route* to the Rio Grande, that he was in constant communication with the authorities at Washington, and they were, in fact, friendly to him and his Mexican projects.

The ship *Johanna* has arrived from Bremen, with 150 emigrants. This is the second cargo of emigrants which has arrived this season.

MASSACHUSETTS.

An Internal Revenue Detective at Lynn—A Suffrage Qualification Petition to Congress—Boston vs. Its Gas Company—Markets.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

BOSTON, Friday, Nov. 23.

Considerable excitement exists among the Lynn shoe manufacturers in consequence of the discovery of a detective from the Internal Revenue Office among them. A number of firms have already been overhauled for non-compliance with the law.

A petition is in circulation in this city and vicinity, and is being numerously signed, praying Congress to so amend the Constitution that each and every State of this Union shall determine for itself the *status* of citizenship and the qualification for suffrage, but in all elections for Federal officers, any proscription on account of race or color shall make void and illegal such election.

The gas-hearing before the Common Council is closed. It was shown that twenty-one candle-gas can be afforded for $1 50 per 1,000 cubic feet. The price now charged is $3 25 for that amount. It is believed that instead of the city manufacturing its own gas, the present corporation will reduce its price to conform to the demands of its consumers.

It was difficult to obtain money here to-day at 6 per cent. Government securities heavy and weak. Gold opened at 138, reached 139, and closed at 138¼.

PACIFIC COAST.

Minerals for the Paris Exhibition—The Revenue Assessor at Sacramento.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, Nov. 22.

Three thousand mineral specimens have been collected for the Paris Exposition of next year. The project for sending a section of the big tree of Calaveras to the World's Fair in Paris has been nearly abandoned.

The following message, signed by Gov. LOW, the State Comptroller, the Auditor, Attorney-Gen. MCCULLOUGH, and Adjutant-Gen. EAKAUS, was transmitted by telegraph to-day to the California Delegation in Congress:

"The appointment of JOHN BIGLER as Assessor of Internal Revenue at Sacramento is extremely distasteful to all Union men. Cannot the President be induced to rescind it? If he will not, prevail upon the Secretary of the Treasury to delay the organization of affairs under BIGLER. Any other course will throw the District into confusion, as none but rebels will serve under BIGLER."

A Soldiers' Monument to be Erected at San Francisco—The American Officers in the Liberal Army—The Message of Gov. McCormick, of Arizona—The Wine Yield in Los Angeles County—Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Nov. 23.

The Board of Supervisors have granted permission for the erection of a monument on Union-square, in honor of the memory of the soldiers and sailors of California who lost their lives in the late war. The monument will cost $50,000.

Gen. HANCOCK and others who are on the Committee, will ask subscriptions from citizens in aid of the project.

Mexican Consul GODAY is informed that the party of American officers who went to Mexico last Summer with Cols. MONTERO and GREEN, and who received commissions in the Liberal army, have marched with Gen. ARANDA to attack Durango.

Gov. MCCORMICK'S message states that the indebtedness of the Territory of Arizona is $20,051. He speaks well of the mines, but complains of the mail service, and says there is not a stage coach running in Arizona, although the Territory has been organized nearly three years.

The amount of wine produced in Los Angeles County this year is estimated at 1,000,000 gallons.

Good grade Hawaiian sugar is quoted at 10c. Circle A, crushed 13c., the extreme price. Choice milling wheat $1 97½ ⅌ 100 lbs.

Mining stocks sold as follows: Savage, $1,775; Yellow Jacket, $950; Crown Point, $890; Choller Potosi, $190; legal-tenders, 72¼.

MISSOURI.

Mass Meeting of Fenians—Resolutions of Confidence in Head Centre Stephens.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Nov. 23.

The Stephens wing of the Fenian Brotherhood in mass meeting at their headquarters in this city last night, adopted resolutions reaffirming their confidence in STEPHENS, and condemning another movement against Canada as a waste of blood and war material. They also warn their brethren against appeals in behalf of their condemned friends in Canadian prisons, on the ground that nothing can be done to save them. They express the belief that England dare not execute the sentence of the Canadian Courts; but if she does their only hope of successful retribution and for the establishment of an Irish Republic is prompt, energetic coöperation with their Irish brethren on Irish soil; and to this end they urge immediate organization and bountiful contributions of money and arms.

Return of the Pacific Railroad Excursion Party.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Nov. 23.

Over one hundred of the excursion party just returned from an inspection of the Central Branch of the Pacific Railroad, mainly New-Yorkers and Bostonians, arrived here yesterday, and left for the East this morning.

A New Political Movement.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Nov. 23.

The *Evening News* to-day says: Gov. FLETCHER, Hon. B. GRATZ BROWN, Hon. HENRY P. BLOW and other prominent Radicals, have inaugurated a movement in this city having for its object the rejection, by the Legislature, of the Congressional Constitutional Amendments and the amendments to the State Constitution, so as to abrogate disfranchisement of rebels and substitute impartial negro suffrage.

TENNESSEE.

A Brilliant Meteor Seen in Georgia.

NASHVILLE, Friday, Nov. 23.

At Nashville, about 4 o'clock last Tuesday morning, a meteor, lighting the whole heavens, was seen in the vicinity of Rome, Ga., moving rapidly southwest. It appeared like a ball of fire as large as the sun. It exploded, apparently ten miles off, with a tremendous report, like a forty-pound cannon, that shook the earth, and made the windows rattle.

The General Assembly continues to excite a deep interest in the question of educating the freedmen, especially those desiring to prepare for the University. Up to to-day the most enlightened and liberal views were expressed on the subject.

Frauds on the Revenue at Troy, New-York.

TROY, Friday, Nov. 23.

Some stupendous frauds upon the Internal Revenue by certain liquor dealers have just been discovered in this city. A secret agent of the Revenue Department has been investigating this and kindred matters here some time, and I am informed that several business parties have been making partial returns for some time, and have been discovered by this agent.

FORTRESS MONROE.

Visit to Jefferson Davis—His Health Improved—Arrival of Troops.

FORT MONROE, Thursday, Nov. 22.

ROBERT OULD, formerly the Rebel Commissioner of Exchange, accompanied by a niece of JEFF. DAVIS, arrived here this morning from Richmond *via* Norfolk. They entered the fort shortly after arriving here and were received by Mr. and Mrs. DAVIS in their handsomely fitted up apartments in Carroll Hall. Judge OULD had a lengthy interview with DAVIS, and left here this afternoon on the steamer *Eolus* for Norfolk. Three Methodist ministers, Rev. Drs. BURROUGHS, EDWARDS and DUNCAN, the first named formerly of Philadelphia, but now located in Richmond, arrived from there this morning on a visit to DAVIS, with whom they breakfasted, and had an interview in the Fortress. From conversation with these gentlemen after they left the fort, it was learned that since the recent changes and additions made to DAVIS' quarters in Carroll Hall, and the removal of Mrs. DAVIS and her sister to the rooms prepared for them, he has become remarkably cheerful. His health has very much improved of late and he is said to speak very confidently of being released. Relations and friends from all parts of the South are constantly arriving, entering the fort at pleasure, and departing almost unobserved. As his present quarters have been arranged with a view to enable him to receive his friends, it is presumed the number of his visitors will greatly increase. The Adams Express Company are in constant receipt of packages and presents for DAVIS, forwarded by his sympathizers.

The steamer *Merrimac*, Capt. VAN SISE, which left New-Orleans on the 17th inst. for New-York, arrived here late last night with the Thirty-Sixth Regiment United States Colored Troops on board, who are to be mustered out at this point.

FORTRESS MONROE, Friday, Nov. 23.

Sailed, steamer *Merrimac*, from New-Orleans for New-York.

The Thirty-sixth United States colored troops, which came up on her, were landed here and marched out to camp, preparatory to being paid off and disbanded.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Railroad Conductors Accused of Fraud—The Detectives After the Swindlers.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Nov. 23.

JOSEPH S. M. GIBSON, a Pennsylvania railroad conductor, has just been committed to prison, in default of $10,000 bail, on a charge of embezzling fares collected by him.

Extended investigation, made under the supervision of Mr. ALLAN PINKERTON, a detective officer of Chicago, shows that many conductors on this road are defaulters, and the Company intend prosecuting them. Numerous discharges of conductors have recently taken place.

CONNECTICUT.

Murder at Stonington.

STONINGTON, Conn., Friday, Nov. 23.

RALPH RODMAN, of Peacedale, R. I., mate of the schooner *Elizabeth B.*, of Newport, was killed last evening by NELSON DEWEY, of that city.

The Jury returned a verdict accordingly.

During the altercation, previous to the murder, DEWEY received a severe blow over the eyes, when he took a gun and shot RODMAN dead, and then delivered himself up to the authorities.

Rum was the cause of the murder.

ARKANSAS.

A Memorial to Congress on Reconstruction—Action on the Constitutional Amendment.

NASHVILLE, Friday, Nov. 23.

The Memphis special *Avalanche* says the Little Rock resolutions passed the House unanimously, directing the Committee of Federal Relations to present a memorial to Congress setting forth the spirit of despotism in Arkansas, their desire for restoration, union and speedy renewal of peace, confidence, and their willingness to concur in all measures to secure these results, which are consistent with the honor of the State. A resolution to reject the Constitutional Amendment was again referred to the Committee on Federal Relations by a vote of 67 to 7.

ARKANSAS.

The Movement for the Reorganization of the State Government.

A dispatch, published in Friday's TIMES, stated that a resolution was introduced into the Arkansas Legislature on the 22d, calling on the Governor for information in regard to the attempt to overthrow the present State Government, the resolution having been called forth by the call signed by a few obscure individuals at Fort Smith, for the purpose of organizing a new State Government.

The Washington *Great Republic* of Thursday contains the following, which more clearly explains the movement:

"We are in receipt of a letter from a reliable correspondent in Arkansas, which states that there are several thousand Union men in the State who entertain radical opinions, and cordially support the measures and views of Congress, as indicated in the Constitutional Amendment and other public measures. That these Union men contemplate holding a convention for the purpose of formally petitioning Congress to pass an enabling act for the reorganization of the State Government, granting all rights to all who ought to have them.

The writer says that the Union men of Arkansas are fully aware that by adopting the contemplated course they will meet with the most violent opposition and denunciation of the late rebels in arms, but that it is their only chance of securing a loyal Government, one that is at all bearable by Union men. The occasion of the Convention will be improved to organize the Union element for its own protection, and for the dissemination of such accurate information among the people as will tend to correction of the false impression which has, by returned and pardoned rebels, been created in relation to the actual sentiment and proposes of the people of the North."

The Alabama Claims.

From the Boston Post.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.

The recent individual expressions of the English Cabinet, pointing to an amicable and early settlement of the controversy over the *Alabama* claims, as, for example, the late speech of Earl DERBY at the Lord Mayor's state dinner in London, have in them nothing new, for SEWARD, the Premier, has been advised, semi-diplomatically, these sixty days, that Her Majesty's Government would pay the items rendered by the United States in its bill of damages against the Anglo-Confederate cruiser, merely wishing the privilege of a temporary quibble over our accounts, in order that the Britons might the less readily understand what their Government breach of maritime neutrality had cost them. This understanding of the matter is the reason why Mr. SEWARD has been content to let his first circumstantial demand, which was forwarded in August last, remain uniterated during the succeeding months in which response has been delayed. The only palpable move in the premises has been to send out to Mr. ADAMS, by nearly every steamer, a revised and enlarge copy of the list of claims originally transmitted. Final action, I am informed, took place only so long ago as Monday last, at which time President JOHNSON spent the evening at the residence of Mr. SEWARD, and with him examined and arranged the terms of a dispatch to Minister ADAMS, desiring that the British Government be informed that more than a reasonable time had elapsed for decisive commutation regarding the issue, and suggesting what overtures on its part would most satisfactorily and speedily result in obtaining from the Government of the United States a receipt in full for the debt in question. This correspondence sailed in yesterday's steamer.

A Delaware Sentence.

The Wilmington (Del.) *Commercial*, in its report of the Court proceedings there, has this paragraph:

"JOSHUA LUTTEN, who had plead guilty of three indictments of larceny, was called up for sentence. The Chief-Justice sentenced him for the first offence to pay to S. H. ARMOUR $62 30 cents as restitution money; to pay the costs of prosecution; on Saturday next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., to be whipped fifteen lashes; to be imprisoned four months, and at the expiration of his sentence to wear a convict's jacket for six months. In the second case the sentence was the same, except that he was to pay restitution money to THOMAS JACKSON amounting to $24. In the next case also the sentence is the same, except that he has to pay $30 restitution money to JOHN A. ARMOUR. The whole sentence amounts to this: that he pays the costs of prosecution, $116 30 restitution money, receives on Saturday next forty-five lashes, is imprisoned one year, and wears a convict's jacket for six months after his discharge."

The President and Congress.

The President and Congress.

From the National Intelligencer of yesterday.

As the editor of the *Chronicle*, in his usual reckless and loose manner, has spoken of the alleged conferences between the President and Chief-Justice CHASE as "sensational fabrications," we append what is undoubtedly a veritable statement in the premises, from the Washington correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* (Radical:)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18, 1866.

All the published stories about consultations between Chief-Justice CHASE and President JOHNSON, in relation to general amnesty and impartial suffrage as a political compromise, misrepresent the facts. Mr. CHASE has, from time to time, as occasion offered, given the President his views upon public questions. At the beginning of Mr. JOHNSON'S term, Chief-Justice CHASE earnestly advised him to recognize no distinction of color between citizens in the rebellious States. Previous to the last session of Congress, he advised Mr. JOHNSON to submit all his measures to Congress for its decision. Mr. CHASE has recently had two interviews with the President. The first of these was concerning judicial matters, and had no connection with a subsequent informal meeting of the Cabinet Ministers. At the second interview, by appointment for that purpose, he was asked and gave his opinions upon the questions before the country, earnestly advising the President to recommend the adoption of the Amendment of the Constitution as a just basis of settlement; or, if he was not prepared for that, to take ground in favor of substituting for the second and third sections of the Amendment universal amnesty and impartial suffrage. The counsels of the Chief Justice have not heretofore been followed, and there are no indications that they will be now. In fact, Mr. JOHNSON yesterday expressed emphatically his determination to abide by his position. Some of his chief advisers, however, are trying to move him, aided by leading Democratic politicians from both sections, CLEMENT C. CLAY being one of the most active among the Southerners. They say that, totally defeated on the political issue before the people, they have nothing to do but accept the situation, and, if possible, get some compromise for the more obnoxious portion of the Amendment. But Mr. JOHNSON declares to all who advise him that he does not regard the results of the elections as indicating the real sentiments of the people; that they were carried away by excitement and will yet reverse their decision.

From the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin, Nov. 23.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Nov. 23.

The Cabinet were in session until late in the evening, and resumed their session again this morning. The cause of these protracted sessions is not known. The President has, however, after mature deliberation, decided to abandon his opposition to Congress. He will set forth very fully in his message the reasons which induced him to take this step.

Letters have been addressed to leading Republicans, Senators and members in regard to the matter.

We attach very little importance to this statement. At most the assertion is probably nothing more than the conjectural speculation of an enterprising reporter.—ED. TIMES.

From the Boston Journal.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Nov. 22.

Some of President JOHNSON'S friends express their belief that several leading Republican members of Congress desire to cultivate more harmonious relations with the President, and they certainly give some good reasons for thinking thus. It is also said that the message will consequently not be hostile to Congress, and that no new applications for office are being considered.

Ex-rebel JOE JOHNSTON is here urging the issue of the amnesty proclamation, and declaring that the South will be prompted by gratitude to make any reasonable return. Those may believe this who are so disposed.

Markets by Telegraph.

ALBANY, Friday, Nov. 23.

FLOUR and WHEAT quiet. CORN lower; sales at $1 18@$1 20 for Western Mixed. BARLEY dull; State, two-rowed, $1 10. PASSED FULTONVILLE—6 loads of Oats, 3 loads Flour, 7 loads Wheat, 5 loads Barley, 4 loads Rye, 6 loads Corn. Boats from the break at Palmyra passed Fultonville yesterday, followed by several Western boats. SHIPPED BY TOWS—38,000 bushels of Wheat, 25,000 bushels Oats, 71,000 bushels Barley, 13,000 bushels Malt, 8,000 bushels Corn, and 138 tons Feed.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Friday, Nov. 23.

COTTON 1c. better; sales 260 bales. Strict middling 31c. Sales of the week 1,000 bales. RECEIPTS, 2,500 bales. RECEIPTS since September, 21,470 bales, against 60,000 same time 1860.

BUFFALO, Thursday, Nov. 22.

FLOUR quiet; sales of No. 1 Spring at $11@$11 50; Amber $13 75@$14 50; Double Extra Western $14 50@$16 50. WHEAT—Sales of 7,000 bushels Green Bay Club at $2 10. CORN unsettled and irregular; sales 38,000 bushels Toledo at $1; Illinois $1 02@$1 05, closing quiet. OATS held at 50c. for Ohio and Illinois. BARLEY—Canada about $1 08. RYE $1. PEAS $1 30. PORK $23. LARD 14c.@14½c. CANAL FREIGHTS—Boats scarce and but few engagements to-day. To New-York—Wheat 22c., Corn 19c. RECEIPTS—1,692 barrels Flour, 15,700 bushels Wheat, 97,500 bushels Corn, 115,807 bushels Oats, 26,220 bushels Barley, 14,856 bushels Peas. CANAL EXPORTS—28,323 bushels Wheat, 72,385 bushels Corn, 34,696 bushels Oats, 8,018 bushels Barley, 7,800 bushels Rye.

CHICAGO, Friday, Nov. 23.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT dull at $2 08@$2 13½ for No. 1, and $1 79@$1 93½ for No. 2. CORN opened strong at an advance of 3c.@4c., and closed quiet at 88c.@88½c. for No. 1, and 83c.@87c. for No. 2. OATS opened firm and closed quiet at 38c. for No. 2. PROVISIONS dull; Mess Pork at 50c.@$1 lower; sales at $20. Hogs moderately active and advanced 25c.@30c; sales at $6 25@$7 12½ for fair to choice. FREIGHTS neglected and nominal. RECEIPTS TO-DAY—10,000 bbls. Flour, 41,000 bushels Wheat, 26,000 bushels Corn, 15,500 bushels Oats, 1,900 Hogs. SHIPMENTS TO-DAY—8,000 bbls. Flour, 22,000 bushels Wheat, 37,000 bushels Corn, 69,000 bushels Oats.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Nov. 23.

FLOUR dull; sales at $10@$10 75. WHISKY steady at $2 34. HOGS dull and hard to sell at $7 60@$7 75; net receipts 3,500 head. LARD dull. MESS PORK dull at $21. Gold 138.

MILWAUKEE, Friday, Nov. 23.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT—Sales at $2 02 for No. 1 and $1 80 for No. 2. CORN—Sales at 84½c. for No. 2. OATS 42½c. RECEIPTS TO-DAY—2,300 bbls. Flour, 63,000 bushels Wheat. SHIPMENTS TO-DAY—1,000 bbls. Flour, 85,000 bushels Wheat.

MOBILE, Ala., Friday, Nov. 23.

Sales of COTTON to-day 1,250 bales Middlings at 31c.@32c. Sales for the week 5,500 bales. Receipts of the week, 10,193 bales, against 9,866 last week. Exports, 9,168 bales. Stock on hand, 47,174 bales; unsold, 37,000 bales.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Nov. 23.

COTTON unchanged; sales 2,500 bales; receipts for the week, 27,700 bales, against 25,000 bales last week; exports for the week, 10,700 bales; stock on hand, 166,000 bales. SUGAR dull; fair lower, at 10c. MOLASSES dull; inferior lower, at 40c.; prime higher, at 65c. New-York Exchange at par, ½ discount. Bank Sterling, 51. FREIGHTS unchanged.

OSWEGO, Friday, Nov. 23.

FLOUR unchanged; sales 1,500 bbls. at $11 50@$11 75 for No. 1 Spring; $13 50 for Red Winter; $14 50 for White; $15 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet; sales of 13,000 bushels Chicago No. 1 Spring on private terms. CORN quiet. BARLEY in moderate demand; sales of 32,000 bushels Canada at 90c., in bond, for choice up lake, and $1 15, free, for Bay Quinta. RYE and PEAS quiet. CANAL FREIGHTS steady; to New-York—Wheat and Peas, 20c.; Corn, 18c.; Barley, 16c.; Rye, 19c.; Oats, 12c. To Troy and Albany—Wheat and Peas, 18c.; Corn, 16c.; Barley, 14c.; Rye, 17c.; Oats, 10c. LAKE IMPORTS—31,000 bushels Wheat, 11,000 bushels Corn, 36,000 bushels Barley, 24,000 bushels Rye, 15,000 bushels Peas. CANAL EXPORTS—4,473 bbls. Flour, 55,000 bushels Wheat, 64,000 bushels Barley, 14,000 bushels Peas.

TOLEDO, Friday, Nov. 23.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT—Winter 1c. and Spring 3½c. lower; sales of Amber Michigan at $2 76; No. 1 Spring at $2 16½. CORN 2c. better, sales at 83c.@85c. for No. 1 Mixed. OATS unchanged. LAKE FREIGHTS dull; Propellers are asking 9c. on corn to Buffalo.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Friday, Nov. 23.

CRUDE TURPENTINE steady at unchanged rates. SPIRITS TURPENTINE lower; sales at 66c. RESIN $4@$7. TAR $1 75. COTTON dull.

Albany Cattle Market.

ALBANY, Friday, Nov. 23.

Another decline has occurred in the price of cattle. The market opened with a very light demand, and a decline of ¼c.@½c. ⅌ lb. Indeed, several droves of good fat Illinois steers, which last week would have brought 8c., were sold for 7c.@7¼c. Yesterday the inquiry was somewhat better on New-York account, and altogether two or three thousand head changed hands, but without any improvement in rates. The top price was a shade inside of 8½c., for a drove of choice fat Kentucky steers, averaging upward of 1,500 lbs. From this figure sales ranged down as low as 4c. for inferior. The receipts for the week aggregate 4,500 head, and on these the total loss cannot well be less than $50,000. Lighter receipts are expected next week, but it is questionable whether the falling off in the supply will be sufficient to affect prices much. Sheep are dull of sale at 5c.@6c.; receipts, 2,500 head. Hogs are in somewhat better inquiry, and a lighter supply; prices range from 7¼c. to 8c.; receipts, 5,600 head.

Cotton Markets.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Friday, Nov. 23.

COTTON declined ½c.@1c.; sales 260 bales. Receipts, 660 bales. Strict Middling, 31c. Market drooping.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Friday, Nov. 23.

COTTON dull and declining. Buyers refuse to operate at 31c. for Middlings. Sales for the week, 1,260 bales. Receipts, 7,380 bales. Exports, 4,450 bales. Stock on hand, 18,630 bales. BACON steady. GRAIN firm.

CHARLESTON, Friday, Nov. 23.

COTTON declined ½c.@1c.; sales 240 bales. Strict Middlings at 31c.

THE NATIONAL QUESTION.

The Constitutional Amendment—The Question of Suffrage.

NO. IV.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The original plan of the Convention of 1787 contemplated the election of the President by Congress. It was well understood that the choice of one branch of the Government should be vested in the people of the several States; but who were to be these people? There was a tide of emigration flowing to the country, to be constantly increased—people differing in language, principles and intelligence. There existed a strong American feeling, engendered by the war, and a just jealousy of foreign influence. But the men of foreign birth had proved themselves true to the cause of liberty. Neither franchise nor office could, under the circumstances, be confined to native Americans, nor indeed to any class. Nor could there be uniformity of qualifications for suffrage, because there was none under the State Constitutions. The differences were greater then than now. The result of all the deliberations ended in three conclusions. 1. That to Congress was left the exclusive right of naturalization, or the defining national citizenship. 2. The Constitution defined the qualifications of a Federal office. 3. To the States was left the right of determining who of their inhabitants should vote, whether citizens or not; and "the House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the *people* of the several States; and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for the most numerous branch of the Legislature."

In the recent discussions in the South, and particularly in the reports to the Texas Legislature, great stress is laid upon the dangerous argument that there is and should be no national citizenship; that the States should be free not only to control the right of suffrage, but even to make citizens for the National Union. The selfishness of this assumption may be gathered from the fact that these same men, when framing a National or Confederate Constitution, adopted the following clause, which surrendered all this boasted State sovereignty:

> "The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors in each State *shall be citizens of the Confederate States*, and have the qualifications requisite for the most numerous branch of the State Legislature; *but no person of foreign birth, not a citizen of the Confederate States, shall be allowed to vote for any office, civil or political, State or Federal.*"

The words in *italics* were interpolated upon the same clause in the Constitution of the United States. This one clause showed the utter hollowness of the assumption that there was no national citizenship. These practical centralists recognized no other. It forbade the States to define who should vote for the lowest State officer. They had only to repeal the Naturalization Laws, and no person of foreign birth could ever become a citizen or exercise the elective franchise. And yet no Southern State had ever allowed an unnaturalized foreigner to vote. Upon free negroes they had conferred the right, as in Tennessee and North Carolina, under their original Constitutions. So in Texas, the Constitution of 1845, carefully excluded the word *white*, and conferred the right upon all "*citizens of the United States.*" And as was the organic law of the secessionists, so was their practice. While they denied the unnaturalized foreigner the right of suffrage, they demanded of him military service and run him down with blood-hounds of conscription. Nearly every northwestern State invites foreign immigration by extending the right of suffrage to the unnaturalized alien. The Southern secessionists took from him every right. And yet the immigrant element is asked to discard their true friends and support that party, whose chief element is this very party of secession destructives which placed the negro far above every class but his native born master.

It being conceded that the Constitution of the United States leaves it with each States to say who of its people shall vote, a very serious question arises as to whether circumstances have not since so changed as to require an amendment, which should prescribe a uniform rule of suffrage? Many changes have taken place which render imperative the reasoning of the members of the Convention of 1787. The rule of suffrage was then settled before the mode of electing the President was finally determined. At last it was left to each State to determine for itself the mode and manner of choosing Presidential electors. While popular ideas advanced with a rapidity which destroyed the original theory of the Government as to the indirection of electing the President; and while all other States transferred the power to the people, and, in effect, made their votes for electors direct voters for candidates selected by political national conventions, South Carolina, ever representing the original ideas of an oligarchy, continued to elect its Governors, Judges and Presidential electors by the joint ballot of the Legislature, and never was this devotion to non-progresssive ideas abandoned until President JOHNSON demanded it in the reconstruction of South Carolina.

The original theory of the Government was that the United States had no direct interest in the question of suffrage; that Senators were to be chosen by the legislators; and, therefore, it was proper that the same voters who, indirectly, chose the Senators, should, directly, choose the Representatives; that the representative basis was "numbers," not voters; and, therefore, the States might determine for themselves who of these numbers should choose the President, by the indirection of the Constitution as to electors, to which might be added a more primary indirection of choosing these electors by the State Legislatures. It is very apparent now that such an abridgment of the people's rights would not be endured. It is an observable fact that popular liberty has never been suffered to recede upon this continent.

Wherever the people have once made officers (whether executive or judicial) elective, they have adhered to the mode, despite the sore-headed complaints of the aristocrats that the masses had too much liberty, and that power should be removed further from them. So Kentucky was the first State to abolish the odious barbarism of imprisonment for debt. The principle has advanced until the foul blot upon a republic disgraces no statute-book except a few of the "old thirteen," where liberal ideas have been slow to advance. In nothing has there been a receding from the march toward equal rights to rich and poor, except in wresting suffrage from the free colored men of North Carolina, Tennessee and a few other States. But even while the irreconcilable antagonistic ideas upon the subject of the black man's rights existed the wave commenced at Plymouth Rock, swept over all New-England except Connecticut; took Ohio by statute law; and was maintained, as to the *rich* negroes, in New-York. Now *Slavery*, the cause of all the uncivilized legislation which disgraces the age, has ceased to exist forever. At one stride, through carnage and blood, the battle has been ended. "The tomb of ignorance has been stricken by the lightning of truth;" the Goddess of Liberty has been released, and is no longer manacled; the people have asserted the right of manhood to every race; the very organization of the Government has been changed; the old fallacies of real estate qualifications, which grew out of primogeniture and other aristocratic notions, can no longer be heard; in almost every State, every free *white* man, who is not disqualified for crime, is allowed an equal voice in elections; and now that national citizenship is to be dignified and civil rights guaranteed, why should not the same power settle at once and forever the right of suffrage?

But while it is presumptuously and falsely argued in the South that the Constitutional Amendment does enfranchise the black man and disfranchise the rebels, when it does neither the one nor the other, and while it is maintained at the North that the *moral* effect of the Amendment will secure impartial suffrage, as no people will deprive themselves of the full representation in Congress for the sake of an idea, it still leaves open the question, whether a people whose sublime faith challenged the admiration of the whole world during the civil war; who furnished two hundred thousand soldiers to help conquor the rebellion; who have been made free citizens by the act of the nation, which is starting on its new career; whose instincts are all in favor of human liberty; who are the especial wards of the nation, and the objects of the philanthropists everywhere, shall be turned over to the excitements and abuse of transitions of governments; the resentments of former marters and the more cruel persecutions of the half educated sons of masters, in a land so completely political that the poor man's best protection is his equal rights at the polls.

I, too, believe that the overwhelming vote which indicates the nation's determination not to stop short of the Constitutional Amendment, also indicates that if it be blindly rejected by the South, the people are prepared to go much beyond it in the direction of universal liberty. The result has also sobered the Southern mind; it has won the respect for the Southern Loyalist Convention—for the Union men of the South and their principles. Men before defiant are beginning to cry, "Men and brethren, what shall we do to be saved." But if there be a great work which ought to be done; if there be a national good which ought to be attained, the work should not be left to unwilling hands in any section. The Southern Unionists were crushed in 1860 and 1861 because the nation afforded them no protection. They were driven into the armies or from the country. The Slave States furnished 150,000 white soldiers and as many black soldiers to the Union armies. All have been alike turned over to the vengeance and proscription of the devilish, monarchical, destructive spirit of secession and rebellion. There is no necessity of details and facts about this. There stands the one great fact. The men who made the war and governed the rebellion have been restored back to the very offices which they held before and during the fratricidal struggle. The failure of the President's miserable, short-sighted, Executive usurpation policy shows the danger of temporary expedients and mere opiate remedies.

The disease is deep-seated, it is chronic, it threatens the very life of the body politic. It cannot, it will not be cured by the mere knavery, cowardice and treachery of the political quacks of the country. The nation needs one great and powerful Turkish bath; the full measure of the *Sudatorium* and *Tepiarium* process. It has been put to sleep by the power of chloroform and ether, after the terrible wounds of the civil war. The skillful surgeon's knife must be now applied, and the old cankering putrid sores which afflict the body politic must be removed. Slavery in name has been blown out by explosive shells, and cut away by the sword. Its deep-seated roots must now be removed by some skillful hands. The diagnosis plain; the remedy is clear. It is equal rights. But how, when and by whom shall that remedy be applied, is the question.

MADISON.

GEORGIA.

From the Chestatee—Feeling of the People.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ON THE CHESTATEE, NEAR DAHLONEGA, GA.,
Thursday, Nov. 15, 1866.

When you read the date of this screed don't imagine its writer to be a California John Chinaman, using a box of his favorite herb for a table: it is only a stray New-Yorker stranded on the banks of a most beautiful mountain river. The "Chestatee" rises among the last and southernmost hills of the Blue Ridge, and swelled by the Tessentee and various other small streams, runs swiftly and merrily through the narrow valleys to the south and west, draining the richest portions of the Gold Belt of upper Georgia. You have of late published several most interesting letters from this region, and I do not know that I can add much of statistical information concerning the state of the gold industry hereabout. In fact, it is yet but in its infancy; the gold is here, and both speculators and miners are finding it out. Not only around Dahlonega, where the excitement first began, but latterly still more to the north of that place are prospecters busy with pick and pan, surveyors with compass and level, and companies with gangs of laborers opening works, erecting mills, running up houses, shops, stables, and all the paraphernalia of establishments.

The neighborhood where we are located is about at the junction of the Tessentee and Chestatee, and much could be said of the different works and workers here, but that is a task interesting only to the parties named, and thankless even there, for one is sure to find that he has said those things that he ought not to have said, and left unsaid those things that he ought to have said, and got matters into an unhealthy state generally.

There are many Northern men here, and so far from their being ill-treated in word or deed by the people, they are gladly welcomed. The war-animus of the Southern people (the thing has been told me here a score of times) had its rise in the *pocket;* they were afraid of losing their "niggers," and the orators and politicians who canvassed the country just before the war appealed to them to resist those who would take away their property. That was the main point made; and so easily are men's passions fed by their excited imagination, those who had nothing to loose were the most infuriated and the first to rush to arms. Northern Georgia, an old Whig battle-ground, was largely opposed to secession, though, when the war came, the men "stood by their kin," as they say here, and almost every man one meets yet wears his Confederate jacket or coat. But the war freed what slaves they had, drained the country of almost everything, and most especially left them without *money;* they have no circulating medium. Now, Northern men come here attracted by the shining light of gold, and bring with them that without which these people are reduced to a state of barter and trade. They must have money; we've got it, and so the "hair of the dog" after all must be relied upon to cure the bite. It may be a low view of human nature, but it's truth. Men are men all the world over, and, in masses, are moved by pretty much the same motives. The State banks here are mostly helpless—swamped under their Confederate currency; there are a very few National Banks in the State; "greenbacks" are the prime necessity of the day; and though it will take many years to smooth away the scars of our terrible fight, shin-plaster currency is the unromantic but effectual cure. A proof of this mercenary theory lies in the fact that the hard feeling of any district may be accurately gauged by its war-losses.

Then the money question blinds them to politics? Well, pretty nearly even that. Georgia always was more given to trade than trickery, and the wonderful manner in which the desolated town of Atlanta has been rebuilt and generally rehabilitated, shows both the energy of the people and their willingness to work with Northerners, for the capital needed came from the North. They do not care much about the Constitutional Amendment one way or the other, though the balance is probably against it. They think the "slavery" and "war debt" sections have already been pledged by the Southern States; they distrust the "representation" section as unfairly lessening their strength, and they will not disfranchise their own leaders. They say "it's all fair enough to do it; we would have done worse in your place; but if the United States Government wants that done let them do it themselves." Gov. JENKINS' message is not much read and I cannot see that it has much effect. The people are very sure to talk of present politics, but generally dismiss them as matters of little interest. They want prosperity more than anything else. They don't care to "get in" except as it will tend to settle things and bring them capital. The general opinion seems to be that, so far as the people of this section are concerned, if Congress will relieve them of the necessity of being the executioners of their own leaders and then insist on the Amendment (so as to fix the issues of the war beyond the power of any Congress to alter,) the demand would be yielded.

Well, here I am running off into politics, without meaning to. But it is just like the determination I made before coming into this country, not to talk politics with the people, so that I might not at least invite unnecessary rows. But they get into that topic as easily as any other, and I found myself at it before I knew it. Not only that, but they seem to take great pleasure in talking over the war, "fighting their battles o'er again," and telling of their achievements in running with as much gusto as of their victories. In short, throughout this portion of the State, from Atlanta northwards, there is a sensible, practical way of looking facts in the face and making the best of everything that augurs excellently well for the future.

So much, in general. There are many interesting points and individualisms among these people which I will try to show at another time. J. R. H.

KANSAS.

Progress of the State—Activity at Leavenworth—Trade with the Far West—Quartermaster's Depot at Fort Leavenworth.

Correspondence of the New-York Times:

LEAVENWORTH, Sunday, Nov. 18, 1866.

If the growth of Leavenworth has revealed in a peculiar degree the characteristic energies of the West, this season presents a scene of industry which exceeds even the proudest days of our boasted prosperity. During the present year there have been 800 buildings erected throughout the different portions of the city, and there are many now in process of construction. The sidewalks on all of the streets are blockaded in many places with building material, and foundations are completed and being completed for business structures that would do honor not only as regards size, but in architectural skill, to many cities of the East, whose existence numbers two-fold the years. Thus the commercial importance of Leavenworth is indubitably established. In point of manufacturing interests Leavenworth is fairly if not fully represented; certain manufactories are denied us because of our remote position and a want of natural facilities; yet when one examines our mills, our foundries and other establishments for the shaping of wood and iron, and notices the degree of perfection to which they have already been carried, marking the completeness of their operations and the extent of their facilities, approximating the perfection of similar establishments in the East, and remembers that eleven years since Leavenworth was but a Western wild, the magnitude of the operations which have so swiftly transformed a primitive wild into a thriving, populous city will at once be conceded.

The trade of Leavenworth with Kansas, Missouri, New-Mexico, and the settlements in the vast Western territory, is so immense that even commercial men in the East can scarcely credit it. An idea of its magnitude may be gathered from the following transactions of one firm, who, during the year 1865, have transported from the Missouri River to the territories of New-Mexico, Nebraska, Colorado and Utah, about 20,000,000 pounds, or 4,000 wagon-loads, of 5,000 pounds each to the wagon. The motive power of each wagon is six yoke, or twelve head of cattle; making in round numbers, with the surplus ones, 50,000 head. The number of men required to drive, herd and oversee this vast army of cattle, numbered about 5,500. The aggregate cost of transporting the same amounted to over $4,000,000. For five years this firm have been engaged in this gigantic business, employing during that time about 20,000 men, 200,000 head of cattle, and from 3,000 to 4,000 wagons yearly in this business. In the year ending June, 1866, the number of pounds of freight shipped from Leavenworth was 110,000,000; it being necessary to have a man with each wagon, the number of drivers and wagons amounted to 14,780; the number of trainmasters and others employed was more than 5,000; the number of cattle used were about 143,000; the amount of capital employed was $11,360,000. Navigation on the Missouri River ceased from Dec. 12, 1865, until Jan. 15, 1866. During the year ending June 1, 1866, 405 steamboats discharged freight at Leavenworth; allowing 200 tons to the vessel would make an aggregate of 81,000 tons. Add to this the receipts by railroads, which constantly required three first-class boats to meet the demand of their traffic, and some idea may then be formed of the magnitude of the inland commerce of the great West. In connection with this it must be remembered that the greatest military supply depot in the country is located two miles and a half north of and adjacent to the city, which has been and is a great feeder to Leavenworth. The following facts may be *apropo.*

A few days since I visited the Quartermaster's establishment at Fort Leavenworth, which is under the charge of Brevet Brig.-Gen. J. A. POTTER, United States Army. He very courteously took me around his immense establishment, and I need not say that I was astonished at the magnitude of the operations. For instance, during the past year (1865) the disbursements were in the vicinity of ten millions of dollars in freight transported across the Plains by contract to all points on the Plains, to Utah, New-Mexico, not far from 42,000,000 pounds; contracts for corn and other supplies to be delivered at points for use, about 31,000,000 pounds; disbursements for this year nearly the same, though not the amount of freight, only about 7,000,000 pounds having been forwarded by contract, and nearly as much more by the quartermaster's own trains. Business is being rapidly reduced. In place of eleven hundred employés of 1865 there are only about six hundred now to do the work. Some fourteen thousand mules and three thousand horses were kept at this depot during the Winter. The unserviceable have been sold and the rest distributed in trains to do the necessary work and to supply the wants of distant posts on the Plains. About fifteen thousand tons of hay, one hundred thousand bushels of corn, ten thousand cords of wood, &c., was consumed during the year. A large force of blacksmiths, carpenters, wagon-makers, &c., were constantly employed to keep in repair the material required for the operations. Some two thousand wagons are on hand at this time, thousands of pounds of horse and mule shoes, clothing for thirty thousand men, and everything else in proportion to meet any conceivable call at the shortest possible notice, the value of which amounts to many millions of dollars. When it is remembered that every article, from the largest to the smallest, is to be accounted for in proper forms, and according to law and regulations traced to final use and disposal, it will be at once seen that it requires the greatest care, conjoined with immense labor on the part of the officers, to keep things straight, for Uncle Sam is no respecter of persons—the highest in rank as well as the lowest is brought up at once with a round turn it he does not come to time. The duties of a Quartermaster are arduous at all times. He is expected to be provided at all times with every possible or conceivable thing that an army may want. He is called upon at all times, day or night, when anything is wanting, transporting all soldiers, all supplies for his own Department, Commissary Department or Ordnance Department, and all other departments, and by regulations required to perform all other duties not particularly assigned to any other department. It may well be imagined that it requires men of no ordinary ability to arrange and carry on successfully such an establishment as this at Fort Leavenworth. When it is all imposed upon one officer, as is the case here, it will be at once seen that he has not much time for anything but a close attention to his duties, and it is no wonder that he is nearly and sometimes quite discouraged. It is too much the rule in the army to let those work who will do it, and the indolent and lazy ones have the easy places. I know of many offices where there is not as much work in a month as there is here in a day, and they will have from two to four officers to do it. This is not right. Many officers in high places have not had a dollar's responsibility in money or property during the war. Of course their accounts with the Treasury show a clean balance-sheet, while others are weighed down during their lives by millions of unsettled accounts with the Treasury Department. But I did not sit down to find fault. I only wanted to show your readers that we have some huge things out West, and to express my opinion in favor of awarding to every one according to his merit. If this rule is carried out, I expect to see Gen. POTTER placed in a position where his indomitable energy and industry will meet with an adequate reward. His disbursements during the war have been between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000. More than one-third of this has been disbursed at Fort Leavenworth. FRONTIER.

Personal Items.

RAPHAEL SEMMES has suspended the publication of his paper, the Mobile *Gazette*, for want of support. In the last number he assailed Gov. PATTON for setting apart the 29th inst., as a day of thanksgivieg, saying: "Let no one who values the freedom of his conscience and the dignity of his religion, listen to the audacious attempt of a State Governor to dictate to us, when and for whom we shall pray."

Mr. CHOY CUM CHUNG, an intelligent Chinaman, has been engaged to teach in the school in San Francisco, designed exclusively for his countrymen. He is probably the first of his nation ever thus employed by Americans in this country.

Gen. GIDEON J. PILLOW, late of the Confederate service, has cultivated his large cotton plantation, near Helena, Ark., with such success as to justify the estimate of his cotton crop at 3,000 bales.

Prof. BENJAMIN SILLIMAN has presented to the New-Haven Colony Historical Society a bronzed bust of his father.

GEORGE W. KENDALL, Esq. and family, arrived in New-Orleans on the 11th inst., from Europe.

Gen. J. B. HOOD is visiting in Louisville.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE ALLEGED DISTILLERY FRAUDS.

Further Developments—Evidence of Messrs. Eli Grass, Cyrus A. Mead and Assessor Williams—A Sensation in Court.

The office of United States Commissioner NEWTON, in Montague-street, Brooklyn, was crowded yesterday morning on the occasion of hearing further developments in the alleged distillery frauds which have taken place in that city. Commissioner NEWTON opened Court at 9:30 A. M., and proceeded in the examination of the distillers, E. W. ANGUS, LEWIS LOWE, ADAM SCHWABER and ELI BOEHME, charged with defrauding the Government by distilling alcohol under the name of "burning fluid." A. OAKEY HALL and Judge DITTENHOFFER, of New-York, appeared for the defendants.

The first witness called to the stand was Mr. ELI GLASS, for the prosecution, who was cross-examined by Mr. HALL, substantially as follows:

I remember visiting the United States Collector's office with a sample of burning fluid; it was a week or ten days ago; the contents of the bottle came from the Husted distillery; it was a good sample; I had very little conversation with the Collector about it; I told him it was a sample I had drawn from about 22 barrels; I called it burning fluid; I believe it was after the seizure that I brought the sample to Mr. Tappan, the Deputy Collector; my object was to show him that it was burning fluid; sometimes I saw the turpentine put in during the manufacture: supposed it was always put in; I have tested this fluid with Mr. Angus; have taken some right from the room and tested it; it would turn milky when mixed with water; the result of mixing pure spirits with water is very slight; I sometimes saw the fluid barreled up; it was barreled up right after distillation; I never tasted it, but have smelled it; have seen them send barrels away; turpentine I think, is more valatile than alcohol; the principal part of the turpentine runs in the fore part of the charge; in the state in which it is changed it could not be drank without the taste of turpentine; am not familiar with burning fluid, as designated in the Internal Revenue law; the more turpentine that is mixed with spirits, the more inflammable it is; I have saturated cotton with alcohol and burned it; I have found that alcohol burned with a red flame, with blue hue about the base of the flame; my object always was to treat my mash in a manner to produce the best alcohol; I did not see any act in reference to burning fluid, about the Husted distillery, which I thought was in violation of the law; I did not know of any turpentine being put in this fluid after it left the worm.

Redirect by District-Attorney Tracy—I meant spirits of turpentine whenever I mentioned turpentine; what Mr. Smith said to me left me in doubt as to how much to put in; Messrs. Lowe & Rowe told me their object was to make burning fluid; they said I must put in enough to make burning fluid; they left it to me, as I understood; I don't know that they ever talked to me of the percentage of spirits; when we set a mash down, and our work is perfect, we calculated for so much; before distillation it is impossible to tell the percentage of turpentine necessary; the mashes vary to a considerable extent; if it were necessary to be of a certain proportion, we would not know how much to put in; in manufacturing burning fluid, we would be apt, at times, to have too much turpentine, and at other times too little; there is less than one barrel of liquor to a charge; one cistern makes six or seven charges. (Witness here went into an explanation of the process of manufacturing the fluid.) A cistern that would make 400 gallons of pure liquor or rum, would run in six or seven charges; the liquor runs into a tub in the still room, and then it is pumped up in a loft, and at the end of the day's work, is barreled; the principal part of the turpentine runs in the first half of the charge; the last half is, therefore, a great part of it spirits; the first ten gallons of the charge would be strongly impregnated with turpentine; I should think that the principal part of the charge runs in the first half, and in the last half the taint of turpentine is slight; the last half of the charge would not be fluid at all unless the percentage of turpentine was slight; the last ten gallons of the charge would be a fraction of per cent.; when I tried this fluid on cotton, the cotton was not consumed until the flame was nearly gone; it was about the same when we tried the experiment with alcohol; there was but slight difference between the results of both experiments.

Recross-examined by Mr. Hall—The seizure was made on Friday; there were three cisterns prepared to be run on that day; there were four cisterns—two prepared on Thursday and two on that morning—to be run; the mash that was marked on Thursday should have added to it more turpentine on that day, and so of the second mash.

Redirect again—I was on the premises at the time of the seizure; I was in the office, which is in a separate building from the distillery; there were stills running while the officers were there; I don't think I was in the still-room with reference to the quality of the liquor; when we run the still—when the charge first comes round—the proof is low wines, and it is run off into the low wine tub; the strength of low wines is sometimes not below proof; I should judge that we had run low wines there generally up to proof.

Commissioner NEWTON here stated that he would have to adjourn the case; whereupon considerable discussion ensued between District-Attorney TRACY and defendant's counsel, in regard to the time when the examination should be resumed.

Judge DITTENHOEFER was in favor of having the case concluded as speedily as possible; and, he added rather humorously, if his clients were to be indicted, he wanted it done right away.

The Commissioner thought that the District-Attorney would expedite matters in that respect.

An adjournment, however, until Wednesday next, at 12 M., was agreed upon.

ANOTHER CASE.

At 1 o'clock P. M., the case of the United States *vs.* JNO. M. WILSON was taken up upon alleged complicity in the distillery frauds. It appears that Mr. WILSON is the proprietor of a distillery seized on Monday last by Collector WOOD, who made affidavit that on the 24th of July he bribed United United States Revenue Inspector COCHEU, by the payment of $50, not to make any inspection of his distillery.

Hon. HENRY C. MURPHY appeared for the defendant who, he said, had no complaint to make against COCHEU, that he had signed the affidavit against COCHEU without having read it or obtained a knowledge of its contents.

United States District-Attorney TRACY, after reading the affidavits, decided to go on with the case of COCHEU. If Mr. COCHEU had not any evidence to prove that he visited this distillery afterward, that would go far to satisfy him whether Mr. WILSON understood the facts in the affidavit or not.

CURIOUS COURT SCENE.

Mr. MURPHY said he did not think it was right this case should be surrounded with the gravity and importance it had received. He would leave it with the District-Attorney whether it should not be dismissed. At all events, he hoped it would not be proceeded with to-day, and said that he had not heard anything of the matter until within the last hour.

The COMMISSIONER—I can readily see, even if that statement were true, it presents a state of facts which, if it appeared before me, would require me to issue a warrant against other parties. I suggest that the District-Attorney take such course as he sees fit.

Mr. McDONNELL said he wished to explain the circumstances under which the affidavit was drawn.

The District-Attorney declined to hear the explanation. He said: "This is a very serious charge against a public officer, which if true should be investigated thoroughly. It is also a serious crime committed by the person who offered the bribe. It seems to me that this complaint ought not to be dismissed upon the mere statement of Mr. WILSON that he made this affidavit inadvertently and without knowing its contents, although I can very well believe that he did that. Indeed, the affidavit itself is very strongly suggestive of the fact that he could not have known or realized the contents of the affidavit when he made it. Still, if the facts are true, whether he knew the contents contained in it at the time of making it or not, they should be investigated. I think it is due to the officer himself who is charged here that an investigation should proceed; it is due to all parties and to the public. This affidavit contains a charge which is very easily proved or disproved; at least if it is untrue it is very easily disproved. The affidavit charges that from and after that date (the date of the bribe,) the said COCHEU never visited my premises, (WILLIAMS',) or never interfered to my knowledge in any transactions as a distiller." Now, if this is true—if Mr. COCHEU, whose duty it was often to visit this distillery as an inspector, did not visit it after that date it should be known. If it is true that he did visit it repeatedly, in pursuance of his duty after that day as before, that fact would go very far to satisfy me that WILSON did not understand the contents of that affidavit when he made the statement. If this officer did visit that distillery, he by the law has got the proof of it, and can furnish it, because he is bound to report.

Commissioner NEWTON—That will come up, then, upon the complaint of the officer, not in the case of WILSON.

DISTRICT-ATTORNEY—Yes, Sir; but these complaints are so interwoven with each other that we can hardly separate the facts, and I had rather dispose of the whole case at once. Now, if COCHEU has got the evidence, and will produce it here, that he did visit these distilleries, it will go very far to satisfy me and all the public authorities whether Mr. WILSON did understand the facts or not when he made the statement, and I think to that extent this investigation should proceed.

Mr. McDONNEL—It is due to myself that I should explain the facts connected with this affidavit. If the District-Attorney will guarantee to me not to arrest the parties in interest I will produce for him the evidence at any time proving that Mr. COCHEU has at different times received bribes in his capacity as a public officer.

The COMMISSIONER—This is the wrong time and place to make such a statement. I will hear the case before me as to the charge that Mr. COCHEU has received a bribe as stated in the complaint.

The DISTRICT-ATTORNEY—I desire to say to Mr. McDONNEL or any other person, that any information they have to communicate implicating any public officer or anybody else, will be duly considered when properly presented—not through anonymous letters, however, containing threats in case they are not received. But any gentleman having any information to give is at liberty to give it to me in my office; it will be received in evidence, and such action will be taken upon it as after a full statement of the case I think the demands of public justice shall warrant. I make no pledges to screen criminals or others in advance before I know the statements or the character of the disclosures that they shall make.

Mr. P. S. CROOKE, counsel for COCHEU—I now make application to the Commissioner to have this person, McDONNEL, arrested for contempt of Court. I have never seen so gross, impudent, uncalled-for and unwarrantable a breach of the privilege of the Court as that exhibited here by this McDONNEL, and in justice to Mr. COCHEU, I ask to have him arrested for a breach of the ordinary decencies of the Court-room, and for contempt of Court.

Mr. McDONNEL—May I be allowed to explain.

The COMMISSIONER—These proceedings are entirely uncalled for. I trust that in the progress of this case before me we will have no more exhibitions of the kind. We will now proceed with the case.

TESTIMONY OF CYRUS A. MEAD.

Cyrus A. Mead, the first witness called, testified as follows: This last Summer I was a Deputy Revenue Inspector; I know Mr. Cocheu; rented some distilleries with him last Summer and Fall; have visited Mr. Wilson's distillery since last July; I remember to have visited the place once in company with Mr. Cocheu; as near as I can remember it was the 20th or 24th of August; I don't remember distinctly visiting Mr. Wilson's at any other time; Mr. Cocheu sent reports direct to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington, and filed duplicates of each with Mr. WILLIAMS, Assessor of the Second District; I know that memorandum book, (one exhibited to him,) it is the official record of his daily travels, and observations from which he makes his monthly reports; it shows that he visited the distillery six times after the time specified in the affidavit; counterparts of the reports will be found in the Assessor's Office.

Hon. HENRY C. MURPHY wished it to be understood that this JOHN M. WILSON was not JOHN WILSON of Skillman-street and Flushing-avenue, but quite another man.

TESTIMONY OF ASSESSOR WILLIAMS.

John Williams, Assessor of the Second District, who had been sent for with the duplicate reports, next gave the following testimony: I have a diary of matters relating to Cocheu—copies of memoranda for July and August; on the 29th of July Cocheu visited Wilson's and other distilleries, and again on Aug. 11, Aug. 23, and Aug. 25; don't know when Mr. Wilson stopped business; think he sold out about the 1st of September; the originals of these reports were sworn to and sent to Washington; these are copies from my office taken at the time and filed at the time; the reports are made at the end of each month.

Cyrus A. Mead, recalled—I heard Mr. Wilson say he should discontinue business after the end of August, because he was disgusted withit—there was no money in it; that was said in presence of Mr. Cocheu; an affidavit was here presented by the District-Attorney, setting forth the fact that the affidavit of the 21st inst. was not written by him; that he was ignorant of its contents at the time he swore to it, and that he had no charge to make against Mr. Cocheu. This affidavit was signed Nov. 23 by Mr. J. M. Wilson.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY—Do you wish to proceed on the affidavit against Mr. COCHEU?

Hon. H. C. MURPHY—He does not.

It appeared from the remarks of Commissioner NEWTON and others that WILSON was under the influence of liquor when he made the affidavit against COCHEU.

The United States District Attorney refused to dismiss the case.

The Court then adjourned to this morning, 9 A. M.

THE CHAMBER OF LIFE INSURANCE.

Adoption of a Code of By-Laws—The Constitutionality of the Present State Insurance Laws to be Legally Tested—Remarks by Members—Adjournment.

Yesterday was the third day of the proceedings of the Chamber of Life Insurance in this City. The attendance was not as large as that of the preceding days, a number of the members having left for home at the close of the meeting on Thursday.

The first business which came up yesterday was the consideration of a report on by-laws, presented by Mr. MORGAN on behalf of the Executive Committee. The report was considered by sections, and adopted as herewith given:

BY-LAWS.

1. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Chamber and Executive Committee; have the safe keeping of the charter and seal of the Chamber, in case of incorporation, and execute all instruments of conveyance of property ordered by the Chamber or Executive Committee.

2. The Vice-President shall perform all the duties of the President in the absence or inability of the President. The Treasurer shall have the safe keeping of all funds of the Chamber, keep an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Chamber, and give a detailed report thereof to the annual meeting. He shall pay all bills presented against the Chamber which shall have been audited by the Executive Committee. He shall make assessments upon the companies belonging to the Chamber, and collect the same under the direction of the Executive Committee: and shall make a financial report at each meeting of that Committee.

4. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to be present at the meetings of the Chamber and Executive Committee; keep a careful record of their proceedings; attend to the publication of such proceedings or other matter as shall be ordered by the Chamber or the Executive Committee; procure and keep an accurate record of the members of the Chamber, and give notice of regular and special meetings.

5. The power of the Chamber shall be exercised by the Executive Committee when not otherwise provided for. Meetings of the Executive Commiltee may be called at any time by the President, or by a majority of the members. The traveling expenses of the members of the Executive Committee in transacting the business of the Chamber shall be audited by the President and Secretary, and shall be paid by the Treasurer. The Committee shall have power to make assessments upon the members of the Chamber for the expenses thereof. This Committee shall also have power to fill all vacancies in their own body occurring in the intervals between the meetings of the Chamber.

6. Meetings of the Chamber may be called upon one month's notice, by direction of a majority of the Executive Committee expressed in writing.

7. Special or local committees may be appointed by the Executive Committee in or for particular States or cities or for special objects, such committees to consist of officers of companies belonging to the Chamber.

8. These by-laws may be altered at any stated meeting of the Chamber, one month's notice of such proposed alteration having been given to the companies forming the Chamber.

Mr. MORGAN also presented the annexed preamble and resolution, prefacing the same with appropriate remarks:

Whereas, It is desirable that the Chamber of Life Insurance should possess every advantage pertaining to association; and

Whereas, It may be necessary to have a local habitation as well as a name, and therefore to possess property; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Executive Committee take such steps as may by such committee be deemed proper to obtain an incorporation of the Chamber of Life Insurance of the United States.

The resolution was adopted.

By request, the Secretary then read the list of the insurance companies represented at the Chamber during the session. The list numbered twenty-six, and was as follows: Germania, Globe Mutual, Knickerbocker, Manhattan, National, New-York, North American, Security, United States, and Continental, of New-York; Connecticut Mutual, Charter Oak, Ætna, Continental, Connecticut General, Traveler's, Hartford Accident and Life, and Phœnix Mutual, of Hartford, Conn.; Brooklyn, of Brooklyn; Provident Life and Investment, of Chicago; Berkshire of Pittsfield, Mass.; New-England Mutual and Union, of Boston; Northwestern Mutual, of Milwaukee; Economical Mutual of Providence, and Southern Life, of Memphis, Tenn.

The annexed list comprises those companies whose officers concur in the objects of the Chamber:

President Life and Trust, of Philadelphia; Hahnemann, of Cleveland; John Hancock, of Boston; Massachusetts Mutual, of Springfield, and State, of Worcester.

A motion was made by Mr. KELLOGG, and adopted by the Chamber, that the Secretary be instructed to forward a copy of the Constitution and By-laws to the different Life Insurance Companies throughout the United States, requesting them to join the Chamber, and submit a statement of their condition by Jan. 1, 1867.

The question of the amount of capital represented at the Chamber having been propounded by a member the President remarked that he would state the capital at a rough estimate to be $27,000,000.

There being no special business before the Chamber, Mr. WRIGHT took the opportunity to express his gratification at the eminent success which had thus far attended their efforts. He had based his endeavors on the experience of a number of years, and he had labored to save the country from those disadvantages which he had observed followed foreign systems. If the Chamber pursued an honorable and legal course he doubted not all the Companies in the country would eventually attach themselves to it.

A vote of thanks to the Insurance Press and Daily Press for the interest manifested in the proceedings and objects of the Chamber was passed unanimously.

Mr. J. B. ECCLESIN, of the Wall-street *Underwriter*, acknowledged the compliment to the Press in a neat and pertinent speech.

Mr. DYER offered the following resolution:

Whereas, In several of the States laws are enforced contrary, as we belive, to the letter and spirit of the Constitution of the United States, discriminating in favor of the people resident in other States in the transaction of the business of insurance; therefore,

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Chamber that a friendly or other suit should be brought to the Supreme Court of the United States to test the constitutionality of these discriminating laws, and that the expenses of such suit be defrayed from the funds of the Chamber.

With reference to the resolution, Mr. MORGAN related the experience of a company with the State of Pennsylvania, as to the matter of legal rights. The company had sought relief by filing a protest against the practice of submitting an annual report, and making payment of fines demanded. He hoped that such action would be taken in the matter as would lead to the securing of justice from all the States.

The resolution was referred to the Executive Committee.

The following was reported by the Committee on Resolutions, consisting of Messrs. CHICKERING, KELLOGG, BUCKLIN and WRIGHT, appointed to serve in that capacity by the Chamber, Thursday evening.

Resolved, That the interest of the people of the United States requires that they should be free to select the companies in which they take insurance, and that they should be protected as effectually as possible from all ill-devised and fraudulent schemes of insurance, and to this end the Chamber instructs the Executive Committee to seek by all legitimate means the enactment by Congress of a law establishing and applying annally a proper test of the sufficiency of the assets of each company, and that every company coming up to the requisitions of this law shall be allowed to do business throughout the United States, and that in connection with the application of such test of solvency, provision be made for the annual collection of the vital statistics of all the companies.

Resolved, That we are in favor of free trade between sound and solvent insurance companies and all sections of the United States, offering to all the citizens thereof the benefits afforded by the different systems, and securing to the companies themselves the broadest field for operations, and by thus extending the business over the whole country, securing exemption from the injurious effects of local influences.

There being no further business to transact by the Chamber, it was voted to adjourn to meet again at some future time, according to the provisions of the Constitution.

Sale of the Old Bowery Theatre.

Yesterday the Old Bowery Theatre was sold at public auction by Mr. ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, in the presence of a rather limited number of spectators. Mr. BLEECKER stated that the building would be sold subject to a mortgage of $40,000, held by Mr. ASTOR, and another of $7,000, held by Mr. GILES. These mortgages covered eight-ninths of the property, and the purchaser would be at liberty to purchase the remaining one-ninth at the rate of purchase money realized by the sale.

The bidding then commenced, the first bid being $90,000. The bidder, however, on being requested to give his name, did not come forward, and Mr. BLEECKER was obliged to receive other bids less than that which was not honored with an acknowledgment by its maker. A number of bids followed, and the property was knocked down for $60,000 to a gentleman who supposed he was buying it clear of all incumbrance. When informed that the purchase was subject to the mortgages, he declined to stand by his bid.

After a conference between the referee, Mr. PHILO T. RUGGLES, the auctioneer and the owner of one-ninth of the property, it was agreed to sell the property clear of all incumbrance. This announcement having been made, the property was again presented to the bidders. The first bid was made by Mr. J. W. DIMMOCK for $75,000. This was followed by bids running up to $90,000. After this the bids were as follows: $91,000, $92,000, $92,500, $93,500, $94,000, $94,500, $96,000, $96,500, $97,500, $98,000, $98,500, $99,000, $100,000, $100,100, $100,200, $100,300, $100,400, $100,500, $100,600 and $100,700.

The final bid was made by Mr. DIMMOCK, to whom the property was knocked down, and who, it was understood, was interested in one of the mortgages. Persons present acquainted with the value of real estate stated that the property had gone "dirt-cheap." The mortgages upon it are $40,000, held by W. B. ASTOR; $7,000 held by JOHN S. GILES, as trustee; another of $50,000, and another for $10,000.

The original Bowery Theatre was erected in 1826, the first theatrical representation being given therein on the 16th of October of that year, under the management of Mr. CHAS. GILFERT. Two years after—26th May, 1828—the theatre was burned and two men were crushed in its fall. The loss on the building was $115,000; on the furniture and properties, $29,000. The house was rebuilt, and reopened on the 20th of August the same year. During the eight succeeding years great success attended its career, which, however, was checked on the 22d of September, 1836, by its arch enemy, fire, at a loss of about $100,000. In the month of January, 1837, the house was rebuilt, but was again burned to the ground.

At this time Mr. THOS. S. HAMBLIN took hold of the enterprise, and by a singular plan, issuing tickets of admission in return for a loan, built the theatre. But in 1845 it was again the scene of a terrible conflagration, and was again rebuilt, this time by Mr. JACKSON. Mr. HAMBLIN rebought it in 1848, and held it until his death in 1853, since which time it has been run by JACKSON, BROUGHAM, ALLEN, BONIFACE, FOX, and LINGARD.

The cause of the sale yesterday dates back to the year 1848, when the managerial chair of the "Old Bowery" was filled by the late THOMAS S. HAMBLIN. It appears that on Nov. 14 of that year that gentleman executed to JOHN S. GILES, as trustee of certain stockholders of the Bowery Theatre, a mortgage of the value of $8,596 04. This mortgage was given to secure payment on thirty-one and a half shares of the stock of the theatre, which were at that time of the par value of $500 each. After the mortgage had been given, and before HAMBLIN's death, fourteen and a half of the shares were paid for by him, and they merely became, in legal parlance, extinguished—the mortgage being only a lien for the balance of the then outstanding shares. After the death of HAMBLIN, ISAAC P. WALDRON and others purchased, in pursuance of a covenant made between him and the late manager, six other shares of then outstanding stock, and took a transfer of the same to himself, whereby they also became extinguished. The mortgage agreement between HAMBLIN and WALDRON was made, it is believed, to secure to the wife and children of the former about $10,000 each—the children to come into their portion of the allotment when they would have attained their majority. In a litigation concerning the amount thus destined to come to the wife and children—$57,631 95—the whole sum was by Court order taken in charge for them by R. B. CONNELLY, Clerk of the Supreme Court. In 1856, when the mortgages had become due, ELIZA MARY ANN SHAW (wife of Mr. HAMBLIN) made application for her portion, $10,826 38, and Mr. PHILO T. RUGGLES was appointed by the Court to decide whether or not, in order that she and all others having any claim on parts of the whole amount, (which averaged, on the 15th of January, 1857, with principal and interest that had accumulated, to $80,000,) the property mortgaged could be sold in parcels without doing injury to the interest of any of the parties concerned. The referee, after having decided that the premises, being one building covering seven lots, could not be sold in parcels, was ordered by the Court to appoint a day when the property would be sold at public auction, subject to a prior incumbrance of $40,000 on the same, held by WILLIAM B. ASTOR, by way of mortgage. In pursuance of these instructions Mr. RUGGLES appointed the 23d of this month as the day of sale.

It was rumored that an extensive carpet dealer of that section of the City would probably secure the position and build thereon a mammoth warehouse; if he did secure it, it was through the medium of Mr. DIMMOCK.

Thanksgiving Day—Remember the Poor.

The day will be celebrated at nearly all our charitable institutions by a dinner and exercises appropriate to the day.

At the Patriot Orphan Home, Flushing, L. I., the day will be celebrated on Friday, the 30th inst. There are about 126 soldier's children now in this institution. Contributions of either money or provisions are earnestly solicited, and may be sent to the Home, or to Mrs. HADDOCK, No. 70 Hammond-st.

At St. Barnabas House, No. 304 Mulberry-street, 200 women and children, and as many more as can be accommodated, will be provided with a good dinner. Donations of provisions, money, &c., are solicited. The House was opened in June, 1865, as a temporary home for women and children, and during the time it has been in operation, 13,362 persons have been lodged, and 41,793 fed. The St. Barnabas House is under the direction of the New-York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society, the officers of which Society are Right Rev. H. Potter, D. D., President; Rev. Thos. H. Taylor, D. D., Rev. Morgan Dix, Thos. W. Ogden, F. S. Winston, Vice Presidents; Wm. K. Kitchen, President National Park Bank, Treasurer; Albert McKnight, Jr., Secretary.

Mr. HALLIDAY, of the Five Points House of Industry, puts forth his annual appeal for aid. The exercises of the children will commence at 11 A. M. on Thanksgiving day, and will be of a very interesting character. Donations of money, food or clothing sent to the institution will be thankfully received.

Gen. Dix at the Naval Office.

Yesterday Gen. DIX took leave of the officers and clerks of the Naval office. An address was made by Mr. FRANKLIN, special Deputy Naval Officer, who said that they had assembled but a few weeks ago to bid the General welcome to the Naval office, and that now, he having been wisely selected to watch over the interests of our country in a foreign land, they had met to wish him farewell.

Gen. DIX responded as follows:

"Mr. FRANKLIN: I receive with great sensibility the kind expressions with which you, on your own behalf, and in behalf of your associates in the Naval Office, have spoken of our approaching separation after our brief but agreeable association.

The preparations pressing on me for my embarkation to-morrow will not allow me to say what I otherwise would. But I cannot part with you without bearing testimony to the fidelity, the efficiency and alacrity with which all connected with the office have, under your excellent supervision, discharged their duties during my short connection with it.

For your kind wishes I sincerely thank you. They are fully reciprocated on my part. I shall carry with me a grateful remembrance of the period, brief as it is, during which we have been colaborers in the public service; and I bid you all a cordial farewell."

To-day Gen. DIX leaves for Europe by the Bremen line of steamers.

The Paris Universal Exhibition.

Under a joint resolution of Congress ten professional and scientific Commissioners, and twenty other Commissioners, have been appointed by the President to attend the Universal Exhibition to be held in Paris during next year.

The following are the Commissioners appointed:

SCIENTIFIC COMMISSION.

1. SAMUEL B. RUGGLES, Chairman, No. 24 Union-place, New-York City.
2. Prof. J. P. LESLEY, National Academy of Science, Pennsylvania.
3. F. W. T. BARNARD, President Columbia College, New-York City, N. Y.
4. WM. SLADE, Cleveland, Ohio.
5. JOHN P. KENNEDY, Ex-Secretary of the Navy, Baltimore, Md.
6. HENRY F. Q. D'ALIGNY, Houghton, Lake Superior, Mich.
7. JAMES H. BOWEN, Chicago, Ill.
8. J. LAWRENCE SMITH, Louisville, Ky.
8. LOUIS AGASSIZ, Cambridge, Mass.
10. HENRY FAILING, Portland, Oregon.

UNPAID COMMISSIONERS.—Alexander T. Stewart, Chairman, New-York City; J. H. Alexander, Baltimore, Md.; J. R. Freese, (now in Paris,) Trenton, N. J.; Robert E. Peterson, Philadelphia, Penn.; John McGinnis, (care Ward H. Lamon, Esq., Washington, D. C.,) Illinois; W. J. Valentine, (care Chas. B. Norton, Paris,) Massachusetts; J. Hervey Jones, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Wm. A. Adams, Cincinnati, Ohio; Frank Leslie, New-York City; Thomas W. Evans, resident of Paris; Wm. A. Budd, New-York City; E. R. Mudge, Boston; C. B. Seymour, New-York City; James Archer, (care J. Hogan,) St. Louis; Prof. H. Doussouce, (now in Paris,) New-Lebanon, N. Y.; Francis McIlvaine, Philadelphia; Chas. R. Goodwin, Paris; O. F. Winchester, New-Haven; D. A. Leatherman, Tennessee; Charles B. Norton, New-York.

STATE COMMISSIONERS.

Maine, C. A. Shaw; Connecticut, P. T. Barnum; Massachusetts, J. M. Usher; New-York, C. B. Norton, A. Barbey; Pennsylvania, T. O'Connor; Michigan, Henry D'Aligny; Illinoie, T. P. Reynolds; Indiana, T. A. Wilstach; Iowa, T. M. Shaffer; Wisconsin, T. L. Butler; Minnesota, T. L. Mann; Louisiana, Edward Gotthiel; Oregon, Charles M. Carter; West Virginia, T. H Diss Debar; Alabama, Col. Joseph Hodgson.

J. C. DERBY, Esq., No. 40 Park-row, New-York, is the general agent for the United States.

Articles intended for the exhibition are now being received on board the Havre packet ship *Harpswell*, lying at Pier No. 6, North River. She will sail early next month. Goods must be delivered on board free of expense, after which the Government undertakes to defray all further charges. Packages should be marked "Paris Exposition, per ship *Harpswell*, Pier No. 6, North River, New-York City. From — Group No. —, Class No. —."

POLICE COURTS.

The Tombs—Before Justice Dowling.

THE LORD BOND ROBBERY.

Owing to prior engagements of the counsel for the defence, the proposed examination in the case of FRANK HELLEN and WM. R. BABCOCK, who stand charged of being in possession of stolen bonds with guilty knowledge, was further postponed until Tuesday morning next at 10 o'clock. Considerable additional evidence of an interesting character will then be introduced. Justice DOWLING expressed himself satisfied that the time had now arrived for a full and decisive examination into the merits of this celebrated robbery, with a view to the indictment and ultimate punishment of all convicted of guilty participation in the crime, either cotemporary or subsequent thereto. It is said the New-York officers having the case in hand—Capt. JOURDAN and Detectives ELDER and McCORD—have been frequently thwarted by the interference of New-England officers, and the inside workings of the affair would, if published, no doubt cause a sensation. Such a chapter may one day be furnished, although it would now be premature. The magistrate refuses to fix any bail in the case, so the accused remain in their cells.

ROBBED IN A DRAM-SHOP.

JOHN McLANE, of No. 106 East Eleventh-street, has labored for some days under an attack of fever and ague, but on the 12th inst. he came down to the First Ward to visit some friends. As he passed through West-street DANIEL MURPHY, aged 19 years, accosted him, and invited McLANE to accompany him and a confederate to a dram-shop near by. McLANE did so, and was drugged and rendered insensible to his danger. In this state the thieves had no difficulty in robbing him of a gold watch and chain, valued at $200. Officers HORBELT and MULLEN, of the Fourth Precinct, heard of the affair, and yesterday found young MURPHY endeavoring to dispose of the missing time-piece, when they arrested him. Both the watch and the prisoner were identified by Mr. McLEAN, and the accused was fully committed for trial in default of bail. His confederate has not yet been arrested.

THE GIFT SWINDLE.

Yesterday morning, BERNHARD POLKING, residing in One Hundred and Twentieth-street, near Ninth-avenue, was induced to enter the gift jewelry store kept by WILLIAM R. ROBERTS, at No. 97 Chatham-street, where he met the usual fate of visitors, and was swindled out of $30. In his affidavit before the magistrate, the complainant alleges that ROBERTS asked him to draw for a prise, which he did, obtaining a ticket marked "75," for which he paid $30, under the belief that the ticket would entitle him to $100. On receiving the money ROBERTS declined paying the proposed prize, alleging that POLKING had drawn "31," or in other words a blank. As restitution of the money paid out was refused, ROBERTS arrest followed. The prisoner was held for examination. The magistrate expressed his surprise that any sane man could be so easily fooled.

A QUEER CASE.

BRIDGET KANE, a respectable-appearing woman, came into court yesterday afternoon, and demanded a warrant for the arrest of one JOHN KING and his son, presenting the following extraordinary document in support of her claim:

TO THE PUBLIC: The undersigned informs the public that JOHN KING and his son, from Arado, County of Galway, Ireland, are slandering me, and have been for the past six years. They are talking to me all over the streets, and are tormenting me both day and night. I now give them notice that I will take the full benefit of the law upon them, unless they let me alone.

BRIDGET KANE,
from Galway County, Ireland.

JOHN BUTLER, of Peen, is trying to murder me.

As the applicant was evidently in earnest, and believed she was entitled to redress, Justice DOWLING referred her to the Clerk of the Superior Court.

GRAND LARCENY.

CHARLES GREGG, of Nos. 62 and 64 Gold-street, lost two coats and some other articles, valued at $50, from his rooms on Thursday night. Detectives SCHNEIDER and STILLMAN, of the Second Precinct, succeeded yesterday in arresting JOHN MURPHY, a native of this City, 20 years of age, who confessed to the larceny, and said that he had gained access to the premises through the second story window. The prisoner was on this admission fully committed for trial in default of bail.

Jefferson Market—Before Justice Ledwith.

A SOUTHERNER AT FARO.

Scarcely a week passes by that we are not called upon to chronicle the details of a robbery in one of the gambling saloons of this City. A case came before Justice LEDWITH yesterday afternoon at the Jefferson Market Police Court. A wealthy Southerner, named JOHN A. KARST was the victim. He alleges that on the 16th of October last he visited the alleged gambling establishment of WM. McGANN, at No. 11 Ann-street, where, after a few ventures with professionals, he lost $500 at the game of faro. Not discouraged in the least by his losses, he shortly afterward went to the more fashionable house, No. 676 Broadway, kept by THOMAS SHEDD, where he says he was fleeced out of $1700 in cash. For reasons best known to himself, perhaps, he chose to wait a month before entering any complaint in the matter. Yesterday, however, the necessary warrants having been issued, McGANN and SHEDD were both arrested and taken before the magistrate. After a preliminary examination, the former was discharged, and the latter held for a further hearing, which will take place to-morrow.

Essex Market—Before Justice Mansfield.

A CARTMAN AND ALLEGED RECEIVERS IN TROUBLE.

FRANK HALPIN, a City cartman, was yesterday arrested by a police officer and conveyed before Justice MANSFIELD, charged with theft alleged to have been committed under the following circumstances. According to the testimony elicited before the Magistrate, the accused was sent by Messrs. NAYLOR & Co., of No. 99 John-street, with orders to take 134 pounds of spelter from Pier No. 46 East River to Pier No. 1 North River for transportation. He went and got the spelter and placed it upon his cart, but instead of taking it to where he had been directed to deliver it, he conveyed it to a junk-shop at No. 478 Water-street. These facts Messrs. NAYLOR & Co. received from the Captain of the ship *Francis B. Cutting*, who witnessed the whole transaction. The firm immediately dispatched one of its clerks to the nearest Police Station, where he obtained the assistance of an officer, who accompanied him to the junk-shop. They found the proprietor, WM. HART, standing in the doorway. Upon questioning, he denied any knowledge of the matter, but said that as he had been out during the afternoon, perhaps his clerk, PATRICK CALLAHAN, who would be in soon, knew something about it. The officer and the firm awaited the return of CALLAHAN, when he also denied having seen or heard of any spelter. A search was then made, when the spelter was found in a little back room. The alleged receiver and the cartman were there ore arrested. The trio were committed for examination in default of bail.

LAW REPORTS.

The Eastman Defalcations—Continuation of the Trial—Interesting Developments—Some of Statutes of this State Relating to Evidence Pronounced Defective—A Change Demanded.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—NOV. 24.

Before Justice Potter.

Cornelius S. Bushnell vs. Smith J. Eastman and Levi Eastman.—The trial of this important case is going on in the Supreme Court. It was commenced on Friday, the 16th inst., and has been continued every Court day since that time. In the TIMES of Saturday the 17th, we gave a synopsis of the facts and circumstances involved, and since then have several times alluded to it. The action is brought by Mr. Bushnell, one of the creditors of Smith J. Eastman, for the purpose of setting aside a mortgage made by the latter just prior to his flight for Europe in June, 1865. The mortgage was given to secure over $20,000 on some leasehold property situated in Broad-street, in this City. On its face the instrument showed that it was given to secure the father, Levi Eastman, who is also made defendant here, the sum of $22,000. This sum the Eastmans claim was justly due to the father; that it was his money saved by him and his wife during a long life of toil, and by the practice of the strictest economy. The plaintiff in this suit claims that the son, Smith J., has been guilty of frauds; that the large sum of money with which he fled to Europe in the Summer of 1865 was obtained by fraudulent means, such as getting advances on warehouse receipts from several different capitalists in this city when there were no goods in store, &c. There are a number of suits pending, and among them one to set aside a conveyance on the ground that it was fraudulently made against creditors.

Testimony was given to the effect some time before his failure and flight he and his wife executed a deed of a valuable house and several lots adjoining in Clinton-avenue, Brooklyn, to one Cushman, the consideration expressed in the deed being $1; and that the same day the said Cushman, in consideration of the sum of $1, executed a deed of the same premises to the wife of the defendant, Smith J. Eastman, the deeds being both received on the same day.

These facts were introduced to show a portion of the measures and gigantic frauds alleged to have been perpetrated by him. This action is brought on what is known as the equity side of the Court, and in order to sustain the complaint the plaintiff has been constrained to bring up before the Judge who is trying the action, the whole history of the Eastman family as far back as 1835, when the now aged father and mother came from Utica to this City. Much testimony was given to the effect that the father was for many years a book-keeper here on a very moderate salary, and hence he could not have accumulated the sum of over $20,000, which it is claimed the mortgage was given to secure by the son to the father.

Counsel for plaintiff, Mr. Parsons, in his opening, occupied several hours in giving the history of the son's frauds in the Summer of 1865; how he pretended he had large quantities of lard and other provisions stored in Water, New and other streets; that large numbers of cases were stored in these different warehouses. The cases were represented to be full, and he and his firm being in good standing, money was advanced by several brokers to the amount of between $150,000 and $200,000 on these warehouse receipts. As soon as it was known that Eastman had fled the country the parties who had advanced the money made an investigation of the goods alleged to be on store. In some instances they found that the cases or boxes said to contain lard were empty; in others they found that a few of those on the top were partially filled with an inferior quality of lard, and all under them were empty. A history of his sudden flight to Europe, under the name of his brother-in-law Roberts, was also gone into; the pursuit by the creditors; how the counsel, Mr. Parsons, found him in a lunatic asylum at Lyons, France, and the negotiations which were there undertaken with the aid of the American Consul; the manner in which Eastman came to be in the Asylum; his inordinate use of opium and brandy; the failure of the negotiations, and the return to this City and the commencement of litigations, were all set forth at great length.

On the part of the defence Mr. Roberts, the father, Mr. Levi Eastman, and the son, Smith J., have been put upon the stand and examined and cross-examined at great length. The father, an aged, infirm man, laboring under the infirmities of fourscore years, was rigidly examined for nearly a day.

conclusion the Court and Ex-Judge Pierrepont, counsel for the plaintiff, who had catechised him so severely, paid the old gentleman the tribute of having undergone the ordeal with credit to himself. Although evidently greatly depressed in spirits and deeply mortified and even humiliated in having the whole private history of himself and family exposed in a Court of Justice, he bore himself with meekness, patience, and even with dignity. He seemed unwilling to state anything but what he knew to be the truth, although some of his answers told most fearfully against the character and the truthfulness of his only living son. The Presiding Justice said he had seldom, if ever, seen a gentleman of his age, under such circumstances, bear up so well, and give his testimony with so much apparent candor and truthfulness. The mother and the wife of the delinquent have been in constant attendance during the trial up to yesterday. An effort was made by Mr. D. D. Lord, counsel for defendants, to get in their testimony. The mother was first called to the stand and sworn. She is a woman considerably advanced in years, and is evidently much subdued by the great grief which has befallen herself and family.

Ex-Judge Pierrepont said that if it were admitted that this lady is the wife of one of the defendants, they should object to her testimony being given.

Mr. Lord—Yes, your Honor, we admit she is the wife of Levi Eastman, and the mother of Smith J.

Ex-Judge Pierrepont—Then we say her testimony is not admissible. The rule is well settled, and has been decided over and over again by the Court of Appeals that the wife of a party cannot be a witness for or against her husband.

Mr. Justice Potter—I must rule that she cannot be examined. I would be glad if the rule were otherwise, and if this were a new point and I was not foreclosed by the decisions of my superiors, I would allow the testimony. In cases of this nature all the light which can be thrown upon the mind of the Court ought to be admitted. This witness may know of facts unknown to every other human being, and it seems absurd to say that parties to the action may come in and tell each his own story, but if one of them is married his wife cannot testify in the suit. I have used all the influence I possess, with several of our recent Legislatures, to induce them to change the rule by a positive enactment. The change ought to be made.

Ex-Judge Pierrepont—Well, if your Honor please, I have probably written more speeches upon that very subject than any man in any of our Legislatures. That the change ought to be made is known and felt by all the best practitioners at the New-York Bar.

Justice Potter—Since I have been upon the Bench I have tried many hundreds of cases in which the plaintiff and the defendant only were examined, and I have invariably found that in such instances it was comparatively easy to arrive at the truth. Truth as well as untruth will inevitably show itself where the persons who know most about a controversy are allowed to tell each for himself his own story.

Mrs. Eastman, wife of Smith J., was then put upon the stand for examination. The same objection was made to her testimony as in the case of the mother, and the Judge said that however much he regretted the necessity, he must exclude her evidence for the reasons already given.

Mr. Smith J. Eastman was then called by his counsel to testify, and was on the stand about five hours, two-thirds of that time at least, was occupied with the cross-examination. It was probably one of the most thorough, searching, and we may add, scorching examinations which ever took place in a court of justice. His whole career, from the time he came to this City when he was 15 years old, up to the present, was gone into by counsel with a shrewdness and a pertinacity rarely equaled. When this was concluded about thirteen witnesses were called to impeach his testimony. Some of these are among the first men of Brooklyn. Ex-Mayors Lambert and Cyrus P. Smith, John W. Hunter, Congressman, John H. Pool, Mr. McCullough, of the Corn Exchange, Mr. Noble, Mr. Slash, were of the number examined on this point. They unanimously swore to the bad reputation of Smith J. Eastman for truth and integrity. Evidence will be given on Monday tending to contradict the impeaching witnesses.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Nov. 23.

Before Hon. J. W. Gilbert.

THE BUSHNELL AND EASTMAN CONTROVERSY—MOTION FOR A REFERENCE DENIED.

Cornelius L. Bushnell vs. *Smith J. Eastman*.—This was a bill filed to set aside certain conveyances made by the principal defendant, Mr. Eastman, to a member of his family, upon the ground that they were made with the intent to cheat and defraud creditors, and the present application was to refer the case, on the ground that the principal evidence to establish the fraud in Eastman would be his actual insolvency at the time these conveyances were made, and that in order to establish the fact of his insolvency an extended examination of Mr. Eastman's accounts was necessary. Upon that ground the application is made for a reference, and counsel for the defendants oppose the same on the ground that it is not a question properly referrable under the code. In this case Judge Gilbert delivered the following decision:

Conceding the existence of the power to order a compulsory reference in this case, I consider it is not a proper case for its exercise. The question to be determined relates to the legal effect of certain transactions between the principal defendant and members of his family. An examination of an account is not directly involved, but can become necessary only as a mode of proving a fact in controversy. (19 Wend. 106, 3 J. E.; 18 Abb. 333.) A defendant sued for a libel charging a merchant with being insolvent, might demand a reference on the same ground. Courts of Justice are the appropriate places for determining the rights of parties litigant. References are proper only as aids to facilitate the transaction of business. The growing multiplication of them within the last fifteen years has been an evil prolific of individual injustice and public alarm. I am not disposed to encourage, but rather to restrain the practice on this subject. It may be added that one of the reforms intended to be accomplished by the new judicial system under our present Constitution was the abolition of the old practice in equity cases of taking testimony out of the Court before examiners in Chancery, and afterwards determining the case on pleadings and proof. To refer such cases without consent would in some instances be not only to restore, but to add to the evil. The motion is denied with $10 costs to abide event.

For plaintiff, Messrs. Barney, Butler & Parsons; for defendant, Mr. Greenville T. Jenks.

ACTION TO ENFORCE A CONTRACT.

John McElroy vs. *Thomas Foster et al.*—This was an action brought to enforce a contract alleged to have been entered into between plaintiff and defendant, in which the former agreed to construct a coal cart for the latter for the sum of $110, and afterward to alter it on condition of receiving $10 in addition. Defendant refused to take the cart for the reason that it was not made in conformity to the contract. The whole case turned on the point whether defendant actually accepted the cart, and the proof was that he hitched his horse to it and drove it off, and then returned with it and rejected it. Verdict for plaintiff for $120 and interest.

For plaintiff, Crooke and Bergen; for defendant, Hendrickson and Whipple.

Supreme Court—Kings County Oyer and Terminer—Nov. 23.

Before Hon. John A. Lott, Presiding, and Justices Hoyt and Voorhies.

THE TRIAL OF EUGENE J. FERGUS FOR THE KILLING OF JOHN M'GUANN.

The taking of testimony for the defence was continued this morning, the only material point in it being the evidence of a witness who swore that before Fergus fired the fatal shot he was assaulted and struck several blows by McGuann and others of his party. The case was summed up by counsel, and the Judge charged the Jury, who thereupon retired, and soon afterward returned with a verdict of "Manslaughter in the third degree." Sentence will be passed on Fergus at 9 o'clock this morning.

The Suit Against Capt. Speight.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—NOV. 23.

Before Judge Jones.

The trial of the suit of James Thomson against Capt. SPEIGHT, of the Metropolitan Police, for damages for false imprisonment, noticed yesterday, was continued in this Court to-day.

Patrick Kearney called for the prosecution, testified that he took a large party to the Republican Headquarters on the night of the primary election, most of whom voted; that they were not members of the association, or residents of the Ward, but were mostly Democrats, and resided in the Eighteenth and Eleventh Wards; that he took them there at the request of Mr. Atkinson.

This closed the evidence for plaintiff.

Mr. Hall, in opening the case to the Jury for the defence, said that it was a case of seeming importance in one point of view—affording, as it did, an opportunity to the plaintiff to ventilate certain proceedings of the party to which he belonged. But neither the Jury, nor the Court, nor Capt. Speight had anything to do with that. This case, like others, must be governed by legal not political principles, and there were two or three provisions of law on which the whole controversy rested. The statute requires the Police at all times of the day and night to preserve order, and there was a special provision which made it their duty to attend all primary as well as general elections to maintain the public peace. In pursuance of this law Capt. Speight was there to perform his duty, and the simple question was whether he did any more than perform his duty on the occasion; whether he did or did not have probable cause for the arrest of the plaintiff. As to his being kept in the Station-house over night, Capt. Speight had nothing to do with that, and could not be held responsible for it. By the regulations of the Department, he had no power to discharge a prisoner from arrest, and had he done so, he would have been amenable to a charge before the Commissioners.

Superintendent Kennedy was the first witness called, and testified that on the day of the primary election he issued the customary order for the Police in the several precincts to attend the polling places in each Assembly District, and preserve order; that in pursuance of this order, Capt. Speight attended with with a squad of men at the Republican Headquarters, that being in his precinct.

On cross-examination by Mr. Stewart, counsel for plaintiff, he said he recollected that he (Stewart) called on him (witness) on the day of the primary election, and requested that some one else besides Capt. Speight be sent to the Republican headquarters, and that he declined to accede to the request; didn't recollect of Stewart saying to him on that occasion that the opposite faction had made arrangements to have Thomson arrested.

Alderman Ottiwell testified that he called on Capt. Speight that morning, and requested him to attend with a police force at headquarters, and to be there early in the evening. Witness was President of the Republican Association that held their meetings at headquarters.

Arthur Rourke, roundsman, testified that he was there when Thomson came into the hall, and that he appeared much excited, and commenced abusing the Police, saying that it was an outrage to pack the house with outsiders and have the Police there to defend them, that he would bring the matter before the Commissioners, and if they did not afford redress he would bring it before their boss, Gov. Fenton. After Thomson went out of the hall, he heard a row in the street, and heard Thomson's voice; did not go outside.

Officers Gambling, Perkins and others testified that Thomson, after leaving the room, walked up and down the sidewalk in a very excited manner, talking to the crowd about the outrage of packing the room, &c. They did not hear anybody call on Capt. Speight to arrest Mr. Atkinson.

Judge Lothrop testified that he had an interview about midnight with Superintendent Kennedy and Capt. Speight for the purpose of getting Thomson released from confinement, and that they then told him if Thomson would admit that he was rightfully arrested a way would be provided for his release.

Mr. Hall summed up the case for the defence, occupying ten minutes, and was followed by Stewart L. Woodford for the plaintiff, who occupied about the same time.

Judge JONES gave a very impartial charge to the Jury, who, not having agreed upon a verdict at 4:30 o'clock, were directed to bring in a sealed verdict this morning.

Liability of Ocean Steamship Companies for Merchandise Damaged at Sea by Salt Water.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—NOV. 23.

Before Judge Barbour.

Josephine Larche vs. *The Compagnie Generale Transatlantique*—The defendants in this case are a steamship company running between Havre and New-York. The plaintiff took passage on board of their vessels and shipped a case of Paris millinery on board at the same time. On the arrival of the vessel at this port, it was found that the goods had been completely damaged by sea water. The plaintiff now claims $1,500 damages for her loss. The defence denied carelessness on the part of their agent. Verdict for plaintiff, $1,500. John B. Fogerty and C. L. Spilhorn for plaintiff; W. L. Livingston for defendants.

Report of the Committee on the Qualifications of Law Students.

NAMES OF THOSE APPROVED.

The Committee on Qualifications, appointed by the Supreme Court at the present General Term, have presented to the Court the following report:

To the Honorable the Justices of the Supreme Court:

The undersigned, the Committee appointed by this Court to examine applicants for admission to practice at the bar, beg leave to report:

That they have been attended by, and have examined, in accordance with the requirements of the rules of this Court, eighty-six applicants for admission to practice, and that after such examination had in open Court, they have found sixty of said applicants fully qualified to discharge the duties of the profession. That the names of the persons so found qualified appear on the list hereto annexed; and the Committee would respectfully recommend that said persons be admitted by the Court to membership in the profession.

And the Committee respectfully request of the Court permission to continue the examination with respect to those applicants whose names do not appear on the accompanying list; and to report concerning said last-mentioned applicants on the day to which the Court may adjourn.

All which is respectfully submitted.

John B. Haskin, Edward Patterson, John H. Harnett, Committee.

Dated New-York, Nov. 23, 1866.

The following names are reported:

Addoms, Mortimer C.	Aitken, James B.
Anderson, James C.	Beaman, Chas. C., Jr.
Bouck, Birdsall W.	Brower, John L.
Butler, Francis R.	Birdseye, Geo. W.
Brennan, Alexander.	Clark, Thos. H.
Church, William E.	Callahan, John.
Carpenter, Geo. S.	De La Mare, C.
Dymond, John J.	Dixon, Jos. M.
Dow, John E., Jr.	Dennett, Jno. R.
Dowley, Morris F.	Doolittle, Jas. J.
David, Benjamin.	Dos Passos, Jno. R.
Anstein, Benj. P.	Graham, David C.
Gray, John C.	Gover, William C.
Hubbard, D. L.	Hart, Jas. Morgan.
Hazeltine, Mayo W.	Hogan, David J.
Hartnagel, Edward.	Hart, Wm. H.
Hart, Jedediah W.	Jenney, Wm. A.
Johnson, Henry P.	Kent, Jas. A.
Jones, George, (otherwise the Count Joannes.)	Lodewick, Jno. M., Jr.
	Lindsey, John L.
McCahill, Bernard F.	Martine, R. B.
Michael, Jacob L.	Morrison, Geo. S.
Marean, Josiah T.	Meguire, A. S.
Olney, Peter B.	Oaksmith, Sidney.
Parsons, John H.	Purdy, Edgar A.
Putney, Wm. B.	Stevens, Samuel.
Shearman, H. F.	Smith, David P.
Stanford, Henry.	Salomon, Samuel N.
St. George, George W.	Thomas, Abner C.
Freander, J. R.	Tyler, Mason W.
Washburn, Wm. T.	Wernberg, Jerry A.

The Court will swear in the successful candidates on the 5th December at 10:30 o'clock.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—NOV. 23.

Before Judge Nelson.

On motion of Amos G. Hull, John Van Sanvoord, Esq., recently Examiner of Patents in Washington, was admitted to practice as a proctor, attorney, advocate and counsellor of this Court.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—NOV. 23.

By Justice Sutherland.

George Little vs. Emiline Little; report of referee confirmed and judgment of divorce granted. Esther A. Ogden vs. Wm. R. Ogden; reference ordered as to testimony. In the matter of the petition of M. W. Tallmadge, report of referee confirmed and order granted. Joseph H. More vs. the Board of Commissioners of Pilots; upon reconsideration I think motion must be heard on its merits.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—NOV. 23.

By Judge Daly.

The People, &c., vs. *Barrett*; motion granted.

By Judge Cardozo.

Myer vs. *Faulkner*; stay of proceedings reduced to five days from date, Nov. 23, 1866. No costs.

O'Brien Sentenced to Death.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Russel.

Although an effort was made to keep the fact that O'Brien was to be brought up for sentence yesterday from the public so as to prevent the court-room being overcrowded by persons having no business except as spectators, some intimation had reached the particular friends of the culprit, and they assembled in full strength as on the day of the trial. The faces of persons recently exhibited to the Ward Detectives by the late Inspector Carpenter, were numerously represented, and the audience portion of the room looked very much as if a grand convention of the thieves and pickpockets of the Metropolis had met to deliberate or decide upon the next great stroke to be played in some game of crime. About 1:30 o'clock, the arrival of O'Brien in charge of several officers of the court, increased the manifestations of anxiety, but as the Court was engaged in the trial of other cases, the audience had to wait their turn. At length Mr. Vandervoort, the Clerk of the Court, called Jeremiah O'Brien to the bar.

While the prisoner was being conducted thither, the guards at the door turned the keys so as to prevent ingress or egress until the solemn business had been transacted.

Mr. Bedford then rose and said that it was his painful duty to move for the judgment of the Court in the case of Jeremiah O'Brien, convicted of the murder of Kate Smith, in that Court last Friday.

The clerk, Mr. Vandervoort, asked the prisoner if he had anything to say why the sentence of the Court should not be passed upon him.

The prisoner, in a clear and distinct voice, said: "I am sorry for the crime which I committed, but at the time I did it I was out of my mind."

Judge RUSSEL then addressed himself to the prisoner, saying that he had been ably defended by counsel who had done everything in his behalf that ingenuity could devise, but the evidence of his guilt was so overwhelming that escape was utterly impossible. The Judge then recited the narrative of the murder and the circumstances surrounding it, then said that it was one of the most atrocious crimes which had been brought to his notice during his experience as Judge. He said it was a crime which the laws of God and of man visited with the extreme penalty of death. The law of God set forth that "Whoso sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed;" and the human law said that the crime of murder was punishable with death. It, therefore, became his disagreeable and painful duty to order that he (the prisoner) be taken hence to the place whence he came, and there kept until the 18th day of January next, when he would be hanged by the neck until dead, and he prayed the Lord to have mercy on his soul.

Throughout the utterances of the Court, O'Brien stood unmoved looking the Judge steadfastly in the face, and when the last awful syllables of the sentence had fallen from the Judge's lips, the prisoner never faltered.

The Clerk then read the death-warrant, which was handed to Sheriff Kelly, and the prisoner was removed in the immediate charge of Capt. Isaiah Rynders and others of the Sheriff's official guard.

A rush was made for the door of the Court-room as the unhappy prisoner left it, but the main entrance was found securely locked and barred, and was kept so until O'Brien was regarded as safely out of the reach of the desperadoes, whom it was determined not to trust. This course had been adopted owing to the threatening statements which had been made, to the effect that "Jerry O'Brien would never be hanged."

Mr. Sidney Stuart, counsel for O'Brien, stood beside him during the rendition of the sentence; and it is understood that Mr. Stuart will take the case before the Court of Appeals as soon as it begins its next session.

STEALING FROM A MARINER.

John McCormack, indicted for grand larceny, pleaded guilty of petit larceny. On the 23d of September last he went on board the schooner *Robert Noble*, then lying at Pier No. 22 East River, and stole therefrom a coat and pair of pants of the value of $32, the property of Eugene Seymour. Almond Merrill, one of the hands on board the schooner, saw the prisoner take the clothing and run away with it. He was sentenced to the Penitentiary for six months.

A BROKEN LINK.

Matthew Link, indicted for grand larceny, pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny. On the 14th of October George Fenrich, of No. 119 West Twenty-eighth-street, had a watch worth $60; that watch was broken and would not go. The prisoner was a watch-maker, and he suggested that he could make it go, and volunteered to have it repaired. Mr. Fenrich thereupon handed it to him to have it repaired; but it was not duly returned, the prisoner having pawned it, and used the proceeds for himself. According to this showing of things, of course, Link could do no better than get out of it as mildly as possible, hence he pleaded an attempt, and was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

SITTING ON THE "STOOP" TOGETHER.

Michael Kelly was indicted for petit larceny from the person. It appeared from the evidence adduced on the trial that the accused was, on the night of the 13th of October, sitting on the stoop of No. 233 West Twenty-third-street, with George H. Swords, Jr., and that, as he did not find it convenient to keep Mr. Swords company all night, he got up and went away, and after he had thus gone away Mr. Swords discovered that his gold locket worth $15 had gone also, and imagining that he had seen the accused looking at some bright metal under the light of a street lamp, or at a shop window, he had him arrested. It was not proved that Kelly had taken the locket, and he was acquitted.

AN UNFAITHFUL SERVANT.

Catharine Stewart, a young lady of only nineteen summers, a native of Ireland, and withal as handsome as some girls of nineteen are, somewhat depreciated the esteem in which she was held by pleading guilty of an attempt at grand larceny. It was no attempt, however, for the crime was consummated. Kate, as she signed her name, was a servant in the house of Margaret McCarthy, No. 10 Oak-street, on the 22d of October last, at which date she was left all alone in the house. Immediately thereafter, Mrs. McCarthy missed a box containing money and jewelry amounting to $89. Kate denied all about it at the time, but Mrs. McCarthy, who, from long years of familiarity with the box, knew it as soon as she saw it in the hands of a woman who called to see Kate at the door one day. Owing to Kate's youth, she was sent to the House of Refuge.

LYING BY THE COFFEE TILL MORNING.

Thomas O'Donnell, indicted for burglary in the third degree, was put on trial. It was proved that on the morning of the 2d of October last, the prisoner blundered into the coffee mill of George A. Merwin, No. 60 Robinson-street, and happened to be in there when a young and ambitious Policeman, trying the doors on his post, found the one leading to the coffee mill open. The policeman searched further, and found the prisoner bending down behind some barrels. On this it was suspected that the prisoner had gone into the place for the purpose of carrying away $300 worth of coffee. The Jury rendered a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to the State Prison for one year.

A CHURCH CLERK IN THE SPECIE BUSINESS.

William Douglass, a native of London, England, 18 years of age, and latterly clerk to the church of St. Vincent de Paul in this City, was indicted for grand larceny. It appeared that he had broken into the trunk of Father Gouesse, one of the priests at the church, referred to on the 31st of October last, and stolen therefrom the sum of $331 in Treasury notes and gold and silver coins. He subsequently acknowledged to Capt. Hedden, then of the Sixteenth Precinct, that he had taken the money very foolishly to purchase clothes instead of those he had been robbed of a short time previous, and that the $300 in greenbacks found in his possession was a portion of the proceeds of the specie he had exchanged. He also said to one of the priests that if they would let him go he would do some penance for his deed. It also appeared from a statement made to the Court by Capt. Hedden that the prisoner, in order to cover up the crime, had set fire to a bed in the house No. 90 West Twenty-fourth-street, that in which the robbery took place, and that fortunately the flames were discovered in time to prevent a large and disastrous fire. He was sentenced to the State Prison for the term of five years.

A JENKINS MAN DISCHARGED.

Mr. Sidney H. Stuart moved for the discharge of Charles Brown, a prisoner who had been committed with Jenkins, the defaulter, on very trifling evidence, and whose bail was only $500.

The District-Attorney having no objections to offer to the motion, it was granted, and the accused ordered to be discharged.

SENTENCES.

The prisoners remanded during the week were yesterday brought up for sentence, as follows:

Epenetus Devoe, for grand larceny, State Prison two years.

Wm. J. Bailey, for grand larceny, Penitentiary six months and fined $200.

Wm. H. McGrory and James Tighe, robbery in the first degree, State Prison five years each.

Thomas Wilson, burglary in the third degree, State Prison one year.

Charles LeReoux, for assault and battery, Penitentiary one year.

Mr. Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., Assistant District-Attorney, appearing for the people.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Nov. 23, 1866.

$2,000 U. S. 6s '81...R..	112	100 Erie R. Pr.	80½
5,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,R.'62	106	400 Hudson R. R.	118
50,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'62	108⅛	100 do s30	118
12,000 do	108	1500 Reading R.	110⅜
1,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'64	105⅜	1000 do s60	110
40,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'65	105½	500 do	110⅛
35,000 do	105⅞	8000 do s3	110⅜
115,000 do	105⅜	500 do	111
3,000 U.S.5s.10-40s, C..	99¼	2200 do	111¼
10,000 do	99⅝	2000 do s60	111
2,000 Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s, First Ser.	105	300 Mich. Cen. R	110⅜
		100 do	110½
65,000 do ....2d Ser.	104⅝	400 M. S. & N. I.	78⅝
10,000 do ....3d Ser	104⅝	100 do b30	79
5,000 N. Y. St.7s, Bounty Loan....R.	107	500 do c	79
		1000 do	79¼
5,000 Tenn. St. 6s, new	68	1000 do c	80
10,000 Tenn. 6s. ....x-c	69⅛	500 do	79⅝
10,000 O. & M. C.	27¼	1000 do	79⅞
50,000 do	27⅜	1100 Ill. Central R.	117⅜
50,000 do	27⅜	300 do	118
30,000 do	27½	800 Cleve. & Pitts.	82
20 Ocean Bank	104	900 do	82⅛
50 Amer. Ex. Bk.	114	200 do c	82
100 Canton Co.	41½	600 Chi. & N. W.	40⅜
24 Del. & Hud. Canal.	156	300 do	40
50 do	155	200 do	39⅞
400 Cum. Coal P.	65	1100 do b10	40
20 West. U. Tel.	44⅜	700 do	39⅞
300 do	45	200 do	40
200 do s10	46	400 Chi. & N. W. P.	69⅞
40 do	45¼	100 do b30	70
50 Mar. Min. Pr.	24½	500 do	69⅞
100 Quick. Min.	44	1000 do s30	69⅞
100 do	43⅝	1200 Cleve. & Tol.	111⅛
100 do	43	300 do	111
330 do	42½	100 Chic. & R. Is.	101
100 do	42⅜	100 do	101½
50 Pac. Mail S. S. Co.	171	200 do	101⅝
200 do	170	1000 do	101⅝
200 N. Y. Central	108	100 do	101⅝
300 do	107⅝	500 do	102
200 do	107½	200 Tol., W. & W.	41
100 do b30	108⅛	300 do	40⅜
200 do s30	107¾	100 P., Ft. W. & C.	103
500 do	108⅛	100 do	103⅛
100 do	108¼	100 do	103⅜
400 Erie Railroad	69⅞	1000 do	103⅜
200 do	69⅝	300 do	103⅝
500 do	70	100 Chicago & Alt.	107
400 do	70⅛	300 Mil. & St. P.	52
1500 do	70⅜	1000 Mil. & St. P. Pr.	86
800 do	70⅝	100 do	86⅛
1400 do	70⅞		
1000 do b10	71		
100 do b30	71¼		

Balance of sales in the Afternoon List.

FIRST BOARD—CONTINUED.

1,000 Mich. So.S.F.Bs.	96	50 Cen. Nat. Bank	112
2,000 Alt. & T.H.2d P..	84	20 Adams Ex. Co.	80
5,000 Tol. & Wab.2d M.	78	3 Amer. Ex. Co.	81
2,000 do	77	9 do	80
1,000 N. J. Cen. 2d	106½	50 U. S. Ex. Co.	80
5,000 Chi. & Al. In. B.	93⅛	45 So. Amer. Nav. & Marine R	110
10,000 Mo. State 6s	87¼		
3,000 Tenn. 6s, '90	90	100 Alt. & T. H.	38

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

1,000 U.S 6s,5-20s,C.'62	108⅜	800 Mich. S. & N. I.	80
10,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'64	106	200 do c	79⅞
65,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'65	106⅛	100 do b10	80⅛
7,000 do	106⅛	100 Chic. & N. W.	41
78,000 T. Notes, 7 3-10s, First Ser.	105⅛	400 do	41⅛
		400 do	41½
10,000 Missouri 6s	87	400 do c	41¼
20,000 Ohio & M. Cer.	28⅛	500 Chi. & N. W. P.	70
30,000 do	28⅛	100 do b30	70⅛
30,000 do	28⅞	400 Cleve. & Tol.	111⅜
10,000 do b10	29	100 Chic. & R. I.	102
50,000 do	29	300 do	102⅛
100 Cum. Coal. P. b3	66	400 do	102⅜
100 Quicksilver	44	100 do	102⅞
400 West. U. Tel.	46	100 Mil. & St. P. Pr.	69
400 N. Y. Cen.	109⅛	200 do	69⅛
100 Erie Railroad	71⅛	500 do	70
500 do c	71⅜	100 Chi. & Alt. R.	108
100 do	71⅞	100 P., F. W. & C.	103⅝
100 Hud. R. R. s30	119	300 do	104
400 Reading R.	111⅝	100 do	104⅛
200 do	111⅞	100 do	104¼

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$7,000 U. S. 6s, '81...C.	112⅛	1000 Reading R.	112⅛
2,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'62	108⅛	2000 do b30	113
50,000 US.6s,5-20s,C.'65.	108⅛	200 do	112⅝
7,000 do	106⅜	500 do s10	112¾
10,000 U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'65 New Issue	107⅞	500 Mich. Cen. R.	111
200,000 do	107⅝	500 Mich. S. & N. I.	80½
4,000 U.S.5s,10-40s..C.	99¾	2500 do	80⅝
15,000 Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s, Sec. Ser.	104⅞	300 do	80⅜
		200 Ill. Cen.	119
4,500 do ....3d Ser.	104⅞	1500 Clev. & P. R.	83⅛
50,000 O. & M. Cer.	28	100 Ohic. & N. W.	42
50,000 do	28⅛	1000 do	41⅞
10,000 do b10	28¼	1000 do b10	41⅞
30,000 do	28⅛	550 do	41⅞
100 Canton Co.	46	1000 do	41⅞
200 do	45⅞	1000 Chic. & N. W. P.	70⅜
15 Adams Ex. Co.	79⅛	100 do b5	70⅛
10 West. U. Tel. Rus. Extension	97	100 do	70⅜
		200 do b30	71
500 West. U. Tel.	47	600 Cleve. & Tol	11[illegible]
100 Quicksilver	46	600 Ohic. & R. I.	102⅝
200 Pac. Mail S. Co.	175	100 do	102⅜
200 At. Mail St. Co.	100	300 do	102⅛
490 N. Y. Cen.	110	100 Tol., W. & W.	41⅞
200 do s30	109⅛	100 do	41⅝
100 do	109⅞	500 P. F. W. & C.	102⅞
500 Erie R.	72⅝	200 do	102⅜
200 do	72⅞	300 do	102⅜
50 Erie R. Pr.	82	300 Mil. & St. P.	54
200 Hud. Riv. R. s60	122	900 Mil. & St. P. Pr.	68

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

$10,000 Ohio & M. C.	26⅞	900 M. So. & N. I.	77⅞
10,000 do b10	27	1800 do	77⅛
30,000 do	26⅞	500 do	77⅛
200 Cum. Coal c	65⅛	100 do s3	77⅛
100 do	65⅛	100 do s3	77⅛
100 do b5	65⅛	100 do s3	77⅛
100 West. U. Tel. b3	45	1000 do	77½
300 do	45	300 do c	77⅛
100 do	45½	200 do b3	77⅝
100 do s3	45	400 Clev. & Tol. R.	110⅛
100 New-York Cen.	108	1200 do	110
200 do	108⅛	500 do c	110
100 do	108⅛	2200 do	110
100 do	107⅞	200 do b10	110⅛
100 do	107⅞	100 do c	110
1700 Erie R. c	70⅛	100 do b3	110⅛
1200 do c	70⅜	300 Chi. R. I. & P. c	100⅞
800 do	70⅛	400 do	100⅞
1400 do c	70⅛	100 do b10	100⅜
600 do s3	70⅛	200 do	100⅞
400 do b8	70⅛	300 do	100⅞
300 do	70	100 do	100⅜
800 do	70	300 do	100⅝
500 do c	70	300 do	100⅝
200 do	69⅞	100 do	100⅜
200 do	69⅞	500 Chi. & N. W. s8	38⅛
400 do	69⅝	100 do	38⅜
7400 Reading R.	110⅛	300 do	37⅞
500 do s3	110⅜	500 do	38⅛
2200 do	110⅛	100 do	38
400 do b10	110⅜	200 do	38⅛
2500 do s3	110⅛	500 do	38⅛
800 do	110	100 do	38⅜
400 do b8	110⅛	200 do	38⅜
400 do	110⅛	300 Chi. & N. W. P.	68
800 do	110⅛	100 do	67¼
100 Tol., W. & W.	40	400 do	67⅝
800 Clev. & Pitts R.	80⅜	800 do s3	67⅛
200 do c	80⅞	500 do s3	67⅛
200 do	80⅛	500 P., F. W. & C. ....x-d	101⅞
400 do b3	80⅛	800 do	101⅞
800 do	80⅛	200 do c	101⅞
200 do	80⅛	100 do	101⅞
400 do	80⅛	100 Mich. Cen.	109

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$20,000 O. & M. Cer.	28	300 Tol., Wab. & W.	41
10,000 do	27⅞	200 do	40⅞
20,000 do	27⅞	200 Cleve. & Pitts. c	82⅛
100 Quick. Min. Co.	45½	300 do	83⅛
100 Mar. Pref.	26	500 Cleve. & Tol. R.	112
300 West. U. Tel.	46	200 do	111⅝
400 Erie R.	71⅜	200 do c	111⅜
1800 do	71⅛	200 Chi. R. I. & P.	102⅛
400 do c	71⅛	200 do	102⅜
500 do c	71⅛	200 do b3	103
1200 do	71⅛	200 Chi. & N. W.	42
1200 do	71⅛	100 do	42⅛
900 do	71⅛	1800 do s3	42⅛
1500 do b3	71⅛	800 do	42⅛
500 do b3	71⅛	500 do	42⅛
400 do	72	600 do	42⅛
400 do c	71⅞	500 do	43
400 Reading R.	111⅞	600 do c	42⅛
200 do	112	300 do c	42⅛
200 do	112⅛	400 do	42⅛
600 do	112⅛	500 do	42⅝
500 do b3	112⅛	600 Chic. & N. W. Pr.	70⅛
1200 do	112⅛	200 do	70⅛
600 M. S. & N. I.	80	800 do	70⅛
800 do s3	80	400 do	70⅛
200 do	80⅛	400 do b3	70⅛
800 do	80⅛	500 do b10	70⅛
200 do c	80⅛	400 do	70⅛
400 do s3	80⅛	100 P., F. W. & C. ....x-d	103⅞
500 do	80⅛	600 do	104
1200 do	80⅛	300 do b3	104⅛
400 do c	80⅛	300 do	104⅛
400 do b8	80⅛	200 do	104⅛

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000 Ohio & M. C.	28	1800 Mich. S. & N. I.	80
100 Quick. Min. Co.	46⅛	400 do b10	80⅛
600 West. U. Tel.	46	400 do s3	80
400 Erie Railroad	71⅛	300 do s10	80
200 do b3	71⅛	100 Ill. Cen. R.	117⅛
100 do b10	71⅛	600 Clev. & Pitts.	83⅛
500 do b3	71⅛	200 do	83⅛
200 do s5	71⅛	200 do b3	83⅛
600 do s3	71⅛	200 do b5	83⅛
400 do	71⅛	400 Clev. & Tol.	111⅛
400 Reading R.	112	100 Chi. & R. I. R. s3	102⅛
300 do	112⅛	100 Chic. & N. W.	41⅛
200 do	112⅛	200 Chic. & N. W. P.	70
100 P., Ft. W. & C. ....x-d	103⅞		

FRIDAY, Nov. 23—P. M.

The severe panic-squall on the Stock Exchange of yesterday passed over at an early hour to-day, after the first Open Board of Brokers at 10 A. M., where the forced sales of the Railways were renewed and prices for the moment carried below the closing quotations of last night. This additional depression was chiefly on Northwest Common and Erie. At the first regular Board—10:30 A. M. to 12 noon—the orders to buy were found to predominate, and, while the liquidation of some of the weaker *Bull* accounts continued, the stocks were taken freely, and by 1 or 2 o'clock the market, on the average, was 3 ℘ cent. higher than the lowest depression. The Public Funds were also firmer and a good business done by the great dealers on Wall-street.

The demand for Money was more readily met by the Banks and outside lenders on Miscellaneous collateral than yesterday at 7 ℘ cent., while on Government collateral, in many instances, 6 ℘ cent. was accepted. The Treasury Office accommodated the Banks by accepting in payment, or exchanging for Greenbacks, any part of their Compound Legal Tender Notes which they were disposed to part with at par and the full accrued interest. Some of the large establishments were reported to the Assistant Treasurer yesterday as holding more of these Notes than convenient for the easy working of their exchanges through the Clearing-house. Owing to the recent reduction of their Greenback Certificates by transfers of Country Bank balances to the Treasury, as heretofore explained, Mr. VAN DYCK promptly communicated this suggested difficulty in the Money market, and was instantly answered by telegraph by the Secretary of the Treasury that he could, in his discretion, receive or exchange for the Compounds, at full value to date, in place of ordinary Currency. The knowledge that this *could* be done, had the same effect as though it *had* been done—that is, to reassure confidence of a steadier movement between the Banks and the Treasury Office than the operations of last week and this, which had seriously reduced the ordinary Greenback Notes and Certificates held in Bank.

The absence of failures among the Brokers after the severe storm of yesterday was also calculated to restore confidence, and would have done so on the opening of business but for the renewal of rumors of probable trouble to-day, not one of which had more real foundation than the miscellaneous gossip and surmises of yesterday. As the matter turned out, the additional mischief was of short duration, and at the close of Bank hours it was found, as on Thursday, that no one was in trouble, and the engagements of the Street had been promptly met, and Money left over at the Bank for renewed purchases of Stocks to-morrow.

The Foreign Exchanges advanced to 109¼@109½ ℘ cent. on London for Saturday's steamers this forenoon, on a fair trade inquiry, resulting from the decline in Gold of yesterday below 140 ℘ cent. The Gold Room was ½@1 ℘ cent. firmer than the average sales of yesterday and the cash gold for delivery less abundant. Holders were thus able to carry over their balances free of interest. The sales were 138½@139½@139 ℘ cent.

The return of Greenback and National Bank Currency from the country this week will probably average $300,000 to $350,000 per day, and the movement is likely to be much larger next week owing to the change in the Money Market here. The probability is that interest will soon be back to 6 ℘ cent. again, with a surplus accumulation of Currency in Bank before the 10th or 15th December.

At the Treasury Office to-day the transfers of United States Revenues from the National Deposit Banks amounted to only $20,000. The City Banks made no applications for the exchange of Compound Legal Tenders for Greenbacks. The mere announcement that such exchanges could be made seems to have produced the sudden conclusion that they need not be made at all—in other words, that the Banks are not so poor in Greenbacks as some of their managers imagined them to be.

At the Afternoon Boards the demand for the Railways continued firm, and the successful settlements of the day between the brokers and Money-lenders, without failure in responding to loans called for in the morning, and without difficulty in making new loans, had undoubtedly a strong influence in the direction of restoring confidence to the market. There was the customary wide differences of opinion, after a panic, as to the recovery of prices, whether rapid or feverish, and whether to be succeeded by a season of dullness or new combinations for another advance; but the main fact, that the sensation of yesterday is over, appeared to be generally conceded. At 5 o'clock, the following quotations were made, as compared with Thursday night:

	Thurs.	Fri.		Thurs.	Fri.
U. S. 10-40s	99⅛	99⅞	Northwest	43⅛	40⅞
U. S. 5-20s	107⅞	108⅛	N. West Pref.	69⅞	70⅛
U. S. 7.30s	105⅛	105⅛	Rock Island	101⅛	102⅜
N. Y. Central	108⅛	109⅛	Fort Wayne	102⅛	104⅛
Erie	71⅛	71⅛	Cumb'land Coal	65	65⅛
Hudson	120	120	Quicksilver	44⅛	46⅛
Reading	111⅛	112⅛	W. U. Telegraph	45	46⅛
Mich. Southern	78⅛	80⅛	Mariposa Pref.	24	26
Illinois Central	117	118⅛	Ohio Certificates	27⅛	28⅛
Pittsburgh	82⅛	83⅛	American Gold	138⅛	138⅞
Tennessee 6s	69⅛	69	Bills on London	108⅞	109⅛

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants'	120	Pacific	160
America	136	Chatham	140
Phenix	108	Bank of the Republic	115
Tradesmen's	141	People's	125
Butchers' & Drovers'	130	Shoe and Leather	113
National	108	Impt'rs. & Traders	110
Merchants' Exch'ge	114	Central National	112
American Exchange	113	Oriental	130

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen 6s. 1883	94½	Pac.R.7's guart'd by Mo	86
N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1887	95	Ill. Cen. 7 ℘ c. 1875	105
N. Y. Cen. 7s. '76	105½	Alton & T. H. 2d M. pt.	84
N. Y. Cen. 7s. con. '76	106	Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	75
N. Y. Cen. 7s. 65-76	108	Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	86
Erie 1st mort. 1876	100⅛	Cons. 7 ℘ c. conv.	80
Erie 7s, 2d mort., 1879	102	Lack. & West'n Bds.	98
Erie 7s. 3d mort., 1883	98	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.	78
Erie 7s. 4th mort. 1880	92½	Ill. & So. Iowa 1st M.	76
Erie 7s. 5th mort. 1888	98	Ill. & So. Iowa 2d M.	70
Buff. N. Y & E. 1st M. '77	96	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	102
Hud. R. 7s. 1st M. 1869	106	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	104
Hud. R. 7s. 2d M...s.f.'85	106	Cleve. & P. 3d Con.	90½
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	99½	Chi. & Al. 1st M.	101
Mich. C. nw. 1st M. 8s. '82	106	Atlan'c & G. W. 1st M.	70
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ℘ ct. 1st M.	110	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	90
Ind. Goshen L. 1868	95	Chic. & N. W. 1st M.	90
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ℘ c.	96½	N. Y. & N. H. 6s.	94

At the annual election for Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, held 21st inst., the following gentlemen were *unanimously* elected, having received 136,088 votes, all that were cast, viz.: 1. Allen McLane. 2. Howard Potter. 3. Francis Skiddy. 4. Charles Augustus Davis. 5. William Dennistoun. 6. Leonard W. Jerome. 7. Elisha Riggs. 8. Moses H. Grinnell. 9. Cornelius K. Garrison. And at a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the following officers were unanimously elected, viz.: Allen McLane, President; Francis W. G. Bellows, Vice-President; Theodore T. Johnson, Secretary; Charles S. Abercrombie, Treasurer.

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,694,768. The following is the summary of the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool..	632	$277,618	639	$276,901	429	$188,161
Man. of Cotton.	373	102,802	473	189,394	83	28,587
Man. of Silk..	124	124,337	82	103,535	89	96,224
Man. of Flax..	676	167,217	1,019	274,309	307	84,047
Miscellaneous.	291	98,495	5,532	80,160	26	11,284
Total	2,046	$770,469	7,745	$924,299	934	$408,313
		924,299				770,469
Total entered		$1,694,768	Total marketed			$1,178,782

The Cincinnati *Price Current* of the 21st instant says:

"The money market has been close, because bankers think they can do better with their money than lend it to the general class of applicants for loans, there being but a small amount of what is called legitimate paper offering. As a rule, borrowers are those who, owing to poor collections, or disappointed calculations, are compelled to borrow to meet their accruing obligations. But the pressure for loans, even from them has not been marked, and the market is quiet. A good deal has been published lately about the coming crash, &c., but, as intimated in our last, those crashes do not happen when looked for, but always come unexpectedly. An impression is pretty general that speculation has been inflating the market for all articles, and that prices are mere fictions. If fancy stocks and the Chicago grain market are left out, there has not been a time in the history of the commerce of the country which has been freer from speculation than the last two years. The fact is, ever since the close of the war, a general decline in prices has been looked for, and, there ore, merchants have bought sparingly and cautiously, so much so that the stocks of goods at many times have been inadequate to meet the demand. In short, business has been done on high conservative principles, and, with little exception, there is no material to get up any general panic, excepting, as remarked last week, Mr. MCCULLOCH should be unwise enough to attempt it by forcing specie payment, which can hardly be deemed possible."

The Cincinnati *Times* of the 21st says:

"It has been supposed that in spite of the destruction of corn by the rains and floods, there would be a large surplus of this year's crop over any previous year. There are several circumstances which now serve to modify this opinion. The continued rains of nearly two months while the crop should have been ripening delayed its maturing to so late a period in the Fall that it did not, especially on uplands, fully mature. Indeed, on the bottom lands, where the stalk completely dried early in the season, it is found, on being husked, that the kernels are loose on the cob, as if they had dried without having been fully developed. Besides this, the unfavorable weather since the frosts appeared has prevented that complete drying out of the corn, whether in the shock or in the hill, which is necessary to keep it in sound condition. In consequence of these misfortunes there will be an immense amount of immature and mouldy corn this season. It will be found that, on cribbing, the greatest care in sorting will not prevent mould, and one mouldy ear will spoil all in contact with it. The whole crib will be found, in many localities, very susceptible to this injury. Then, when it is remembered how little disposed many will be to sort their corn because it is unusual, the prospect for an immense amount of spoiled corn next Spring is unfortunately great. Accordingly, farmers will find it for their interest to feed as much of their sound corn as possible to their hogs this Fall, and as much as possible of their imperfect product to beef cattle, for the purpose of making sure of it."

Internal Revenue Decisions.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 21, 1866.

SIR: By virtue of the authority conferred upon the Commissioners of Internal Revenue by the third section of the act approved July 13, 1866, I hereby designate Richmond, Walker's Station, Brenham, Chappell Hill, Alleyton, Eagle Lake, East Bernard, Matagorda, Lavaca, Hempstead, Indianola, San Felipe and Victoria as places where an Assessor or an Assistant Assessor and a Collector or Deputy Collector will be located for the purpose of weighing and appropriately marking, under the internal revenue laws, any cotton which may be brought to those several localities where the same was produced in the same district, viz., the Second.

You will give public notice of this selection, and if the quantity of cotton received at either place is not likely to require the continuous presence of the revenue officers, you will, on consultation with the collector, designate in the notice the days of the week on which they will be present.

But the cotton will be weighed and marked in other places in the district than those designated whenever the interests and convenience of the public require it.

Very respectfully,

E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

To WM. J. PHILLIPS, Esq., Assessor Second District, Wharton, Texas.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE,
SECOND DISTRICT TEXAS, WHARTON, Oct. 19, 1866.

GENTLEMEN: I am in receipt of your communication of the 12th inst., together with memorial addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The port of Indianola has already been designated as a point for weighing and marking cotton in this District, and I have given public notice of the same.

I have also instructed my assistants to let cotton be shipped or transported to the ports of Lavaca and Indianola without being weighed and marked, and the tax paid on it before its removal from the places where the same was produced.

You will perceive from this letter that cotton can be transported to your port or any other point in the district without the tax being prepaid or being weighed or marked, under the late regulation.

I therefore deem it unnecessary for the memorial to be sent to the Commissioner.

Very respectfully, WM. J. PHILLIPS,
Assessor Second District.

To the merchants of Indianola.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 16, 1866.

DEAR SIR: I reply to yours of the 13th inst. that you will not hold liable, either as physicians or surgeons, persons who merely practice midwifery.

THOMAS HARLAND, Deputy Commissioner.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)
30 Wall Street, N. Y.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

BROOKLYN CITY LOANS.
These include Park, Water and other Improvemetn Six and Seven per Cent. Bonds. For sale by
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Wall and Nassau sts.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD OF MINNESOTA, which are only $10,000 per mile on finished road. The balance unsold is $300,000, for which we are now ready to receive bids.
TURNER BROTHERS,
Bankers, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Nov. 23, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been 48 bbls. Ashes, 6,627 bbls. Flour, 150 bags Corn Meal, 8,184 bushels Wheat, 22,100 bushels Corn, 43,489 bushels Rye, 45,691 bushels Barley, 132,369 bushels Oats, 577 bushels Malt, 5 bbls. Pork, 516 pkgs. Cut Meats, 216 pkgs. Lard, 292 pkgs. Beef and 1,012 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are quiet but steady at $9 75@$10 for Pots, and $14 25@$14 50 for Pearls, ℘ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Is inactive at unsettled prices.

CANDLES—Have been quiet at previous figures.

COFFEE—Has been dull and heavy. We quote: Java at 25½c.@26c.; Native Ceylon, 19c.@21c.; Maracaibo, 17½c.@20c.; Laguayra, 17½c.@19c.; Rio, 17c.@19½c., in gold, ℘ lb.

COTTON—Has been in moderate demand at rather firmer prices. Middlings closed at 33c.@35c. ℘ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 2,100 bales, against receipts of 2,877 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	23,684
Receipts last week	18,832
Receipts since Nov. 1, 1866	61,894
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1866	166,868
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1866	520,767
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Nov. 1	16,058
Exports since Sept. 1	57,104
Exports since Jan. 1, 1866	337,911
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,309
Estimated stock on hand here	130,000
Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,043
Receipts at all the ports from Sept. 1, 1866, to latest mail dates	285,000
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports at latest mail dates	310,000

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report today has been as follows: *Jobbers' Prices*—Brown Sheetings—Appleton A, 20½c.; Pepperell E, 23½c.; Pepperell R, 21½c. Bleached Shirtings—Wamsutta, 37½c.; Androscoggin, 29c.; Ballou, 25c. Prints—Cocheco, 20c.; Pacific, 19c.; Allen, 17c.; Empire 12c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic and Empress Trail, in good demand; Meyers' IXL, prices unchanged. Shirts—Elm City Company No. A 5, $16 50; No. 20, $26; No. 50, $36. Paper Collars—Metropolitan Collar Company, Byron and Garrote, No. 1, No. 10, extra, Silver Corrugated, $10 to $35; Goldsmith's Patent Byron, $30; Shakespeare, $40; Cuffs, $30, less 30 per cent. Ticks—Hamilton, 37½c.; Hamilton D, 32½c.; Blackstone, 25c. Stripes—Haymaker, 28c.; Harvester, 27c.; Pittsfield, 14½c.

FISH—All kinds have been quiet and depressed in price.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been moderately inquired for, at a further partial reduction of 10c.@25c. ℘ bbl. Sales since our last 7,200 bbls., including very poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 80@$9 85; common to fair Extra State, fresh inspection, at $9 90@$10 65; fair to choice do. do., at $10 70@$11 60; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $10 40@$11 50 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$7 80	@$9 85
Extra State	9 90	@11 60
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 75	@12 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	10 40	@11 50
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 55	@13 00
Extra Genesee	11 65	@13 00
Common to choice extra Missouri	13 50	@17 50

Southern Flour continues dull and heavy. Sales since our last 320 bbls., in lots, at $11 50@$13 50 for poor to good, and $13 55@$16 50 for good to very choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian continues dull and nominal. Rye Flour is in moderate demand, including Superfine at $6 20@$7 90 ℘ bbl. Sales 250 bbls. Corn Meal is inactive, at $5 80@$5 90 for Western, $5 85 @$6 for Jersey, $6 for City, $6 25 for Marsh's Caloric, and $6 20@$6 25 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Sales 400 bbls.

GRAIN.—Wheat has attracted more attention, partly from export buyers; prices close in favor of holders. Sales, since our last, 52,500 bushels, including White Canada at $3 40; poor No. 3 to prime No. 2 Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club at $2@$2 32½; and Amber State (a small lot) at $3 08 ℘ bushel. Corn has been in more request and prices have been quoted decidedly firmer. Sales, since our last, 95,000 bushels at $1 23½@$1 25½ for Mixed Western, in store and afloat, closing at $1 24½@$1 25½ in store and afloat; $1 26 for Yellow, $1 26 for White Western, and $1 21@$1 23 for new White Southern, ℘ bushel. Rye is heavy and lower. 5,000 bushels Western and State sold at $1 28@$1 30 ℘ bushel. Barley has been plenty and much depressed. Sales since our last 61,000 bushels, partly for export at 98c.@$1 for Canada West, in bond, $1 26 for do. free, and $1 05@$1 10 for two rowed State ℘ bushel. Oats are in rather more demand at about former rates. We quote Chicago at 60c.@62c., Milwaukee at 61c.@63c., and State at 66c.@68c., ℘ bushel; sales 58,500 bushels. Barley Malt is very quiet at $1 35@$1 45 ℘ bushel. The movements in Breadstuffs in Milwaukee, during the week ending with Nov. 20, Messrs. GEORGE I. JONES & Co. notice thus: "The Flour Market has again declined about 50c. ℘ barrel, the supply continuing in excess of the demand. Receipts of Flour for the week 16,173 bbls. Shipments for the week, 26,002 bbls. Freight to New-York, all rail, $2 10 ℘ bbl.; to Boston, all rail, $2 20; to Portland, all rail, $2 20; to Philadelphia and Baltimore, all rail, $2 10; to Buffalo, all rail, $1 10. The Wheat market during the past week has ruled comparatively quiet, the near approach of the close of navigation having caused less demand for shipments, and the high prices deterring speculators from investing freely. The stock in store here proving light, holders and receivers have been enabled to realize on the better grades full figures. The weather has been mild and of the most favorable character for loading vessels, and the prospect now is that shipments will be made to Lake Ontario for several days yet, and to Lake Erie ports until nearly Dec. 1. The principal business has been in No. 2 Spring, that being the leading and speculative grade. No. 1 has, however, been in good demand, and there is but little left in store. No. 3 has received less attention from buyers, and has declined materially. It is thought that we will commence the Winter with small stocks of all qualities. The inspection reports for the week show that 124 car loads of the arrivals have been graded as No. 1, 717 car loads as No. 2, 277 car loads as No. 3, and 96 as rejected. Lake freights have ruled quite steady at 12c.@13c. by sail to Buffalo, and 14c.@17c. by propeler; 11c.@11½c. by sail to Toledo and Cleveland, and 19c.@20c. to Oswego. The stock of Wheat in store is 357,249 bushels. The receipts of Wheat for the past week sum up 494,295 bushels against 606,114 bushels for the same time last year. Shipments for week 11,026 bushels by rail and 617,022 bushels by lake, as follows: 192,860 bushels to Buffalo, 220,358 bushels to Oswego, 27,950 bushels to Ogdensburgh, 161,537 bushels to Cleveland. 13,200 bushels to Dunkirk, 1,117 bushels to other ports. We quote No. 1 Spring Wheat in store, subject to 2c. ℘ bushel storage, at $2 02@$2 03; No. 2, $1 85; No. 3, $1 61; rejected, $1 36. Oats have varied but little in value. We quote No. 1 at 48c. and No. 2 at 42c.@44c. Receipts for the week, 12,808 bushels. Shipments for the week, 8,557 bushels. Rye has continued quiet but rather firm. We quote No. 1 at 88c. Receipts for the week, 7,665 bushels. Shipments for the week, 10,000 bushels. Corn has again fallen materially. We quote at 84c. for No. 1. Receipts for the week, 9,940 bushels. Shipments for the week, 2,002 bushels.

HAY—North River bale has been in moderate request and steady at $1 05@$1 10 for shipment, and $1 20@$1 50 for local use, ℘ 100 lbs. Straw, 70c.@$1 10 ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are quiet but firm, including new at 30c.@63c.; old at 20c.@45c.; also foreign at 40c.@55c. ℘ lb. Mr. EMMET WELLS notices the week's business thus: "The general features of the Hop trade as compared with last week present no important change, inactivity yet prevailing. There still exists a diversity and irregularity of feeling and opinion among dealers in regard to the future course of the trade, some predicting higher prices as the season advances and the stock becomes reduced, while others, more sanguine, anticipate no improvement unless we are favored with an export demand. Whether we have any Hops to spare for this purpose or not, it is generally conceded that if foreign dealers find it necessary to make up a part of their deficiency from this side, and are willing to purchase at our prices, orders to a limited extent will be executed. The latest English advices report an advance in prices, with a growing scarcity of desirable grades, which rather favors the opinion that necessity will soon compel them to seek this and other foreign markets for a supply. One feature of the trade this week, perhaps, worthy of notice is, that Albany and Troy brewers have been purchasing in this market. This is quite unusual; and viewing the fact of their immediate connection with the growing districts of Schoharie and Otsego, we are led to believe Hops are getting to be a scarce commodity in that section. Receipts of the week 981 bales."

HIDES—Have been in more liberal supply and less request at drooping prices.

LEATHER—Sole has been moderately inquired for at unchanged prices.

LUMBER—Has been less active, yet it has been held with much firmness. The Albany *Argus* says: "The receipts of Lumber still continue large, being 10,098,600 feet for the week, against 10,795,000 for the week previous; but the many gaps that now appear in the stocks at the various yards show the large shipments that have been made during the week; and considerable lots already sold are yet unshipped. The Eastern demand during the week has been less active; but from Philadelphia and the South, and from New-York for foreign shipment, there has been a good trade. The description of Lumber most suitable for the foreign trade has been pretty well cleared off. In prices we have no change of importance to note, except in green pine, clear, of which sales have been made at $67. We do not change our figures. Vessels are in good supply, and we have not any change in freights. To New-York, $2 ℘ M.; Bridgeport and New-Haven, $3; New-London, $3; Middletown and Norwich, $3@$3 25; Providence and Hartford, $4; Boston, $6 for soft wood, and $7 50@$8 for hard wood; Philadelphia, $3 50@$4 50; Baltimore, $6@$7; Washington, $6@$8; Richmond, Va., and Petersburg, $7@$8."

LIME—Rockland has been in demand and steady at $1 70 for common and $2 10 for lump, ℘ bbl.

MOLASSES—Is inactive and heavy, including Porto Rico at 60c.@75c.; English Island at 62c.@63c.; Cuba at 48c.@63c.; New-Orleans, $1@$1 15 ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in demand and held rather more firmly, including Spirits Turpentine at 72c.@74c. ℘ gallon; Crude do. at $6 50@$7; Resin at $5@$12 ℘ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3 50@$4 50 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Have been inactive and much depressed, including Crude Whale at $1 25@$1 35; Bleached Whale at $1 40@$1 45; Crude Sperm at $2 60@$2 65; Unbleached do. at $2 90@$3; Lard Oil at $1 35@$1 85; Red Oil at 75c.@$1; Linseed Oil at $1 42@$1 46 for English and American, ℘ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been in modeaate request at about previous prices, closing at 22c.@23c. for Crude; 33½c.@37c. for ordinary to strictly prime White Refined, in bond, and 51c.@53c. for do., free, ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been decidedly heavy and lower to-day. Sales since our last, 4,250 bbls., in lots, at $21 50@$21 75, cash and regular way, for one year old Mess, closing at $21 50, cash; and $20@$20 50 for Prime ℘ bbl. Sales were also reported of 3,250 bbls. Mess, for forward delivery, including last half of December, buyer's option, at $22 50, and January, same option, to $22 50@$23, closing at $22 50 ℘ bbl. Cut Meats have been quiet and depressed 9½c.@11c. for Shoulders, and 11c.@13c. for Hams; sales 150 packages. Bacon continues inactive and depressed at 12½c.@12¾c. for Cumberland Cut; 13½c.@13¾c. for short clear, and 13¾c.@14c. for long clear. Sales, 215 boxes. Lard is dull and lower. Sales since our last, 675 tcs. and bbls., at 12c.@13¾c., and small lots at 13½c.@13¾c. ℘ lb. The Cincinnati *Price Current* of the 21st instant, says: "Those engaged in slaughtering, or slaughtering and packing combined, have entered into an agreement regarding the classification of their Lard; they making all steam Lard "leaf Lard;" that made from leaf and trimmings, "prime Lard;" that made from leaf, trimmings and head and gut, all steamed together; No. 1 Lard, that made from head and gut; that made from hog's "head," and that made from gut "gut." This classification is agreed to by J. L. KECK & BRO., RICHARD BERESFORD & CO., JOS. WHITAKER, EVANS, LIPPINCOTT & CUNNINGHAM, JAMES MORRISON & CO., and W. & R. KIRBY. All the other packers and slaughterers will, doubtless, adhere to the old classification. Beef is in fair supply and less demand at $12@$18 for Plain Mess and $17@$20 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 765 bbls. Tierce Beef is nominal. Beef Hams are depressed and lower at $28@$34 ℘ bbl. Sales 70 bbls. Dressed Hogs have been in more demand at from 9½c.@10c. for heavy to light, ℘ lb. Butter ruled quiet at 34c.@41c. for State, and 42c. for Fancy do., and 15c.@35c. for poor to very good Western, ℘ lb. Cheese is in limited demand at 8c.@17½c. ℘ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ℘ lb	.40	@41
New-York State Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ℘ lb	.37	@39
New-York State Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ℘ lb	.36	@38
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ℘ lb	.39	@40
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, fair to good, ℘ lb	.35	@37
New-York State Dairies—fresh firkins, extra, ℘ lb	.39	@40
New-York State Dairies—ordinary qualities, ℘ lb	.24	@35
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, good to extra, ℘ lb	.36	@38
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, fair to good, ℘ lb	.34	@35
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ℘ lb	.34	@35
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, ordinary, ℘ lb	.30	@32
Orange and Sussex Co.—fresh pails, ℘ lb	[illegible]	@50
Pennsylvania and River—fresh pails, ℘ lb	.37	@50
Western Reserve—firkins, fair to good, ℘ lb	.28	@30
Western Reserve—firkins, ordinary, ℘ lb	.25	@26
Western States—firkins, fair to good, ℘ lb	.25	@26
Western States—firkins, ordinary, ℘ lb	.21	@23
Western States—firkins, common	.15	@17
Rolls, State, good to prime in cloths	.33	@35
Rolls, Western, good to prime, in cloths	.28	@30
Rolls, poor to good	.25	@36

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, 1st quality State, ℘ lb	.17	@17½
Factory Dairies, 2d quality State, ℘ lb	.15	@17
Factory Dairies, Western, ℘ lb	.16	@17
Farm Dairies, 1st quality State, ℘ lb	.16	@17½
Farm Dairies, 2d quality State, ℘ lb	.15	@16
Farm Dairies, Western, ℘ lb	.14	@16
Skimmed Cheese, Western and State, ℘ lb	8	@13
Farm Dairies, Common, ℘ lb	10	@15

RICE—Has been rather more freely offered and purchased, including Carolina at $12 50@$13, and Rangoon at $9 50@$10 ℘ 100 lbs.

SEEDS—Have been held pretty firmly, but have been in less request.

SPICES—Have been dull and unsettled in price.

SUGARS—Have been very quiet at drooping prices. Sales since our last 290 hhds., including Cuba, &c., from 9¾c.@11½c., ℘ lb. Refined Sugars continue in limited demand, at 13¾c.@15½c. ℘ lb. Messrs. STUART now quote their refined Sugars thus: best Crushed and Granulated Sugar, 15½c.; Ground, 15¾c.; White A, 14½c. and Yellow C, 13⅞c., cash, ℘ lb.

STEARINE—Sales 26,000 lbs. at 12½c.@14¼c. ℘ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 75,000 lbs. at 11⅞c.@12c., and 41,000 lbs. Grease at 8¾c.@10¾c. ℘ lb.

TEAS—Are dull and drooping. The auction sale resulted in the disposal of only about 1,300 pkgs. out of an offering of about 4,000 pkgs., at low and unsatisfactory prices.

TOBACCO—Is in moderate demand, chiefly for home use. Sales 410 hhds. Kentucky at 4c.@17c. ℘ lb.

WHISKY—Has been very sparingly dealt in at 40c.@43c., in bond, ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 300 bales Cotton on private terms; and 28,000 bushels Corn, part at 3d. ℘ bushel. For London, 7,000 bushels Barley at 5½d. ℘ bushel.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, Nov. 23, 1866.

MEATS.

Most kinds are offered at lower prices this week, at the principal markets, including Washington and Clinton, yet trade is reported as unsatisfactory, buyers purchasing only for pressing wants, in the confident expectation of a further reduction in rates, in view of the extreme depression in the wholesale markets. Housekeepers, residing up town, west side especially, will find a convenient and advantageous place to purchase supplies, at the Clinton Market, foot of Spring street.

Beef, roasting pieces, ℘ lb	$ 20	@	28
Beef, chuck-roast, ℘ lb	16	@	20
Beef, round, ℘ lb	18	@	24
Beef, rumps, ℘ lb	16	@	22
Beef, porter-house steak, ℘ lb	25	@	35
Beef, sirloin steak, ℘ lb	25	@	30
Beef, coarse cuts, ℘ lb	10	@	14
Beef, corned, ℘ lb	12	@	20
Beef, smoked, ℘ lb	25	@	31
Beef tongues, each	1 00	@1	50
Mutton, by the carcass, ℘ lb	6	@	12
Mutton, hind-quarters, ℘ lb	12	@	20
Mutton, fore-quarters, ℘ lb	8	@	14
Mutton, chops, ℘ lb	15	@	25
Mutton, legs, ℘ lb	15	@	20
Lamb, ℘ lb	10	@	20
Pigs, roasting, each	2 00	@3	50
Pork, joints, ℘ lb	12	@	18
Pork steaks, ℘ lb	14	@	18
Pork, corned, ℘ lb	16	@	20
Bacon, ℘ lb	18	@	23
Hams, ℘ lb	15	@	23
Shoulders, ℘ lb	12	@	18
Veal, hind-quarters, ℘ lb	12	@	25
Veal, fore-quarters, ℘ lb	8	@	15
Veal cutlets, ℘ lb	25	@	35
Veal, fillets, ℘ lb	28	@	35
Sausages, country made, ℘ lb	16	@	20
Lard, ℘ lb	15	@	20
Suet, ℘ lb	10	@	15
Tripe, ℘ lb	8	@	10

POULTRY AND GAME.

The market is well supplied and the demand is moderate for most articles; prices are generally lower. There is a very good show of Turkeys to-day.

Chickens, ℘ lb	$ 20	@	26
Chickens, broiling, ℘ pair	62	@1	35
Ducks, ℘ lb	24	@	30
Ducks, ℘ pair	1 50	@3	00
Ducks, black, ℘ pair	1 12½	@1	50
Ducks, Canvas Back, ℘ pair	2 75	@4	00
Ducks, Mallard, ℘ pair	1 00	@1	50
Ducks, Red-head, ℘ pair	1 25	@2	00
Ducks, teal, ℘ pair	75	@1	00
Ducks, Widgeon, ℘ pair	1 12½	@1	50
Ducks, Wood, ℘ pair	75	@1	25
Fowls, ℘ lb	18	@	25
Fowls, Bucks Co., ℘ lb	25	@	30
Geese, ℘ lb	16	@	22
Geese, Wild, each	1 25	@2	40
Partridges, ℘ pair	1 25	@2	00
Pigeons, squab, ℘ dozen	4 00	@5	00
Prairie Chickens, ℘ pair	1 25	@1	75
Quail, ℘ doz	3 00	@4	50
Rabbits, ℘ pair	50	@	65
Robins, ℘ dozen	87	@1	25
Squirrels, each	9	@	12
Turkeys, ℘ lb	20	@	25
Woodcock, ℘ pair	87	@1	25

FISH.

Dealers report a slow trade, with a comparatively steady market, supplies being moderate.

Bass, ℘ lb	$ 15	@	20
Black-fish, ℘ lb	10	@	12
Blue-fish, ℘ lb	12	@	15
Cat-fish, ℘ lb	10	@	12
Clams, ℘ doz	25	@ 1	00
Cod, ℘ lb	10	@	12
Cod, dried, ℘ lb	10	@	—
Crabs, ℘ dozen	25	@	35
Eels, ℘ lb	15	@	20
Flounders, ℘ lb	10	@	12
Haddock, ℘ lb	8	@	10
Halibut, ℘ lb	20	@	25
Halibut, smoked, ℘ lb	20	@	24
Herrings, ℘ lb	8	@	10
Herrings, smoked, ℘ bunch	12	@	15
Lobsters, ℘ lb	8	@	10
Mackerel, each	15	@	20
Mackerel, salt, each	8	@	15
Mackerel, smoked, ℘ lb	15	@	20
Oysters, ℘ 100	75	@ 3	50
Oysters, pickled, ℘ 100	2 00	@ 3	00
Perch, ℘ lb	12	@	15
Pickerel, ℘ lb	15	@	18
Salmon, smoked, ℘ lb	30	@	35
Salmon, pickled, ℘ lb	24	@	26
Scollops, ℘ quart	15	@	25
Smelts, ℘ lb	20	@	25
Sounds and Tongues, ℘ lb	18	@	22
Sturgeon, ℘ lb	12	@	15
Trout, salmon, ℘ lb	20	@	25
Turtle, Green, ℘ lb	25	@	30
White Fish, ℘ lb	15	@	18

VEGETABLES.

On a comparatively well-stocked market, and a moderate inquiry from consumers, dealers endeavor to exact old prices for the leading articles, but are not generally successful, as the tendency is decidedly in favor of purchasers.

Beans, Lima, ℘ quart	$ 35	@	45
Beets, new, ℘ bunch	5	@	7
Cabbages, new, each	8	@	15
Cabbages, red, each	12	@	20
Carrots, new, ℘ bunch	5	@	7
Cauliflowers, each	15	@	50
Celery, ℘ bunch	12	@	20
Egg Plants, each	6	@	15
Garlic, ℘ bunch	20	@	25
Lettuce, ℘ head	3	@	6
Leeks, ℘ bunch	6	@	8
Mint, ℘ bunch	2	@	4
Onions, ℘ peck	30	@	60
Onions, ℘ quart	5	@	10
Oyster Plant, ℘ bunch	12	@	15
Parsnips, ℘ bunch	6	@	10
Parsley, ℘ bunch	3	@	5
Peppers, ℘ doz	20	@	50
Peppers, red, ℘ bunch	9	@	12
Potatoes, ℘ bbl	2 50	@ 4	00
Potatoes, ℘ peck	37	@	50
Potatoes, Sweet, ℘ peck	50	@	75
Pumpkins, each	20	@	40
Radishes, ℘ bunch	1	@	3
Sage and Thyme, ℘ bunch	2	@	4
Squash, each	18	@	25
Tomatoes, ℘ quart	6	@	12
Tomatoes, pickling, ℘ half peck	30	@	50
Turnips, new, ℘ bunch	4	@	8
Turnips, new, ℘ half peck	12	@	20
Water Cresses, ℘ quart	10	@	12

FRUIT.

Business is very tame in this line, yet prices are generally quoted steady.

Almonds, ℘ lb	$ 30	@	40
Apples, ℘ half peck	31	@	60
Chestnuts, ℘ quart	15	@	20
Citron, ℘ lb	45	@	50
Cranberries, ℘ quart	15	@	25
Currants, Zant., ℘ lb	15	@	20
Dates, ℘ lb	20	@	25
Figs, ℘ lb	25	@	30
Grapes, ℘ lb	12	@	30
Hickory Nuts, ℘ quart	10	@	15
Lemons, ℘ doz	25	@	75
Oranges, ℘ doz	50	@ 1	00
Pears, ℘ quart	15	@	50
Prunes, ℘ quart	35	@	50
Quinces, ℘ 100	3 00	@ 7	00
Raisins, ℘ lb	18	@	28
Walnuts, ℘ quart	10	@	12

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS AND HONEY.

Butter and Cheese are a trifle cheaper, with a fair demand for the best qualities. Eggs are in good request and very firm.

Butter, new, fancy table, ℘ lb	$ 48	@	58
Butter, new, fair to good table, ℘ lb	40	@	46
Butter, cooking, ℘ lb	25	@	35
Cheese, ℘ lb	15	@	22
Eggs, six to seven for	25	@	—
Honey, White Clover, ℘ can	75	@ 1	00
Honey, White Clover, ℘ bottle	30	@	—
Honey, Comb, ℘ lb	45	@	50

SUNDRIES.

Coal, nut and stove, ℘ ton of 2,000 lbs	$8 00	@$8	50
Coffee, Green, ℘ lb	30	@	45
Coffee, Roast, in bean, ℘ lb	30	@	50
Coffee, Roast and Ground, ℘ lb	30	@	52
Coffee, rye, chicory, &c., ℘ lb	10	@	25
Flour, Extra Family, ℘ bbl	13 00	@18	00
Flour, Family, ℘ 24 lb. bags	1 62	@ 2	75
Meal, Corn, ℘ 25 lb. bags	1 12½	@ 1	37½
Meal, Oat, ℘ 25 lb. bags	1 25	@ 1	75
Molasses, ℘ gallon	70	@ 1	25
Rice, ℘ lb	10	@	16
Soap, by the box, ℘ lb	10	@	13
Sugar, Brown, ℘ lb	13	@	15
Sugar, Soft White, ℘ lb	16½	@	18
Sugar, Hard, ℘ lb	16½	@	17
Syrup, ℘ gallon	87	@ 1	50
Teas, English Breakfast, ℘ lb	80	@ 1	25
Teas, Green, ℘ lb	90	@ 1	75
Teas, Mixed, ℘ lb	65	@ [illegible]	

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, NOV. 24, 1866.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, DREAMS OF DELUSION. Characters by Messrs. Frederic Robinson, John Gilbert, Ringgold, Norton, Williamson, Miss Madeline Henriques and Mrs. Sedley Brown. To conclude with RURAL FELICITY.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, 500 FRANCS DE RECOMPENSE, L'AMOUR QUE QU'C'EST QU'CA? and LES DEUX AVENGLES.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, RICHARD III. Mr. Bogumil Dawson as Richard, supported by a fine company.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, Mr. Stuart Robson as HAMLET; or, WEARING OF THE BLACK. Also, THE LONG STRIKE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRIFFITH GUANT; OR, JEALOUSY. Characters by the company.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, JACK AND GILL WENT UP THE HILL. Characters by Miss Fanny Herring, G. L. Fox, and full company.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, THE CATARACT OF THE GANGES, JACK SHEPPARD and A KISS IN THE DARK.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
AFTERNOON at 2, EVENING at 7¾, THE HONEYMOON. A LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS. GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION. Dwarf, Fat Boy, 200,000 Curiosities.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
THIS DAY AND EVENING, ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the Artist Fund Society.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Robert Stickney, Mlle. DeBerg and El Nino Eddie. The NEW-YORK CIRCUS TROUPE.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
No. 720 Broadway.
THIS EVENING—SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, &c. TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.

DODWORTH'S HALL,
Broadway, opposite 11th-street.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, M. HARTZ, THE ILLUSIONIST. THE WONDROUS LIVING HEAD—A MIRACLE.

FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.
Nos. 2 and 4 West 24th-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, BUDWORTH'S MINSTRELS. A TRIP TO THE MOON.

NEW-YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY,
No. 618 Broadway.
THIS DAY. Curiosities in Anatomy and Natural History. LECTURES UPON THE MICROSCOPE.

STEINWAY'S HALL,
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THEODORE THOMAS' SYMPHONY CONCERT.

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To Advertisers.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

Cable news is to yesterday afternoon. The Paris papers say that MAXIMILIAN will forthwith leave Mexico, if he has not already done so. A letter writer at the French capital is exercised about the relations between France and the United States. A lot of Fenian arms had been seized on a steamer at Cork, and a schooner had been attached on suspicion. It is rumored that an Austrian loan will soon be put in market. The *Great Eastern* is to run between Brest and New-York.

GENERAL NEWS.

On Friday night of last week a band of seven or eight men raided upon McLeod's Station, about twenty miles beyond Bowling Green, on the Memphis branch road, and plundered the store of Mr. WATSON. In retracing their way a young lady was grasped by one of them, and threatened with instant death if she did not tell them where they could find the balance of WATSON's money. Though fast in the grip of the ruffian and a pistol at her head, she steadily refused to disclose the secret. The robber was so abashed by her firm deportment, that he relinquished his hold and passed on. The girl at the time held in her dress-sleeve $200 or $300 of the coveted money. The rogues were white men disguised as negroes.

Since the recent additions made to JEFF. DAVIS' quarters in Carrol Hall, and the removal of Mrs. DAVIS and her sister to the rooms prepared for them, he has become remarkably cheerful. His health has much improved of late, and he is said to speak very confidently of being released. Relatives and friends from all parts of the South are constantly arriving, entering the fort at pleasure, and departing almost unobserved. The Adams Express Company are in constant receipt of packages and presents for DAVIS, furnished by his sympathisers.

Gov. BULLOCK, of Massachusetts, lectured before the Young Men's Association of Albany, on Thursday evening, and was afterward complimented with a serenade at the Delevan House. He made a speech in response, alluding to the struggle of New-York and Massachusetts on the common field, during the revolutionary era and in the late rebellion, and their determination to preserve the Government from those who would again destroy it.

The Ni-Wot Company's quartz-crushing mill, at Columbia City, Colorado, was burned on the 10th. It took fire from the blacksmith shop, and was completely ruined. This will prove a great loss to the Territory, as it was one of the largest there, having 50 stamps and containing an engine of 125 horse-power. For some time past the Company has been taking out $2,000 per day. The loss is estimated at about $100,000.

A dispatch to the Philadelphia *Evening Telegraph* says that the Grand Jury in session at Baltimore has indicted several Judges of the recent election for violation of the election law, refusing voters whom they considered rebel, and also for destroying ballots received from supposed Conservative voters and putting Radical votes in the ballot-box in their places.

The Conservative Army and Navy Union of Washington, at a late meeting, passed by a two-thirds vote a resolution declaring that, in the judgment of that organization, it is clearly the duty of the Conservative Press throughout the country to appeal to the Northern and Southern States to extend suffrage to the negro on such qualified basis as may be deemed proper and just.

The gas-hearing case before the Common Council, of Boston, is closed. It was shown that twenty-one candle-gas can be afforded for $1 50 per 1,000 cubic feet. The price now charged is $3 25 for that amount. It is believed that instead of the city manufacturing its own gas, the present corporation will reduce its price to conform to the demands of its consumers.

JOSEPH S. M. GIBSON, a Pennsylvania Railroad conductor, was yesterday committed to prison, in default of $10,000 bail, on a charge of embezzling fares collected by him. Extended investigation, made under the supervision of Mr. ALLAN PINKERTON, a detective officer of Chicago, shows that many conductors on that road are defaulters.

The upper part of the City Hall building at Dover, N. H., including the armories of the Stafford Guard and the Light Battery, was burned yesterday morning. The Court-room, county and city offices, in the lower part of the building, were injured by water.

Mr. PETER A. MCDONALD, President of the Providence Typographical Union, died on Thursday. Mr. MCDONALD had been in bad health for two years, but the energy of his character kept him steadily at his work until a few weeks ago. He was a man whose loss will be sincerely mourned by a wide circle of friends.

The San Francisco *Bee* says that a new road has been projected, to be called the San Francisco Central Pacific Railroad Company, with a capital stock of $1,500,000. The initial point of the road is at Washington, on the opposite side of the river from Sacramento; and the terminus is to be at Benicia. The distance is fifty-four and a half miles.

Dispatches received by the Governor-General of Canada, state that the possibility of trouble with the United States renders increased vigilance indispensable on the part of the Canadian authorities.

Seventeen thousand stand of arms—Peabody breech-loaders—have been purchased by the Canadian Government for the volunteers, and are now being distributed among the different artillery and cavalry corps.

SCHERINGER's melodeon factory, at New-Haven, was burned on Wednesday night, with about two hundred melodeons and a large quantity of lumber. Only three or four of the instruments were saved.

Letters have been received at Boston announcing the death at Milan of Mrs. CELIA HOUSTON FORD, who left that city about a year ago for Italy, to perfect herself in music. Her death occurred on the 27th of October, from quick consumption.

Some of the Presbyterian churches in Baltimore, in sympathy with the Louisville Presbytery, have initiated a movement to effect the organization of a new Presbytery independent of the General Assembly.

The United States Consul-General at Montreal is procuring affidavits from the Fenian prisoners now in jail in that city, to be forwarded to Washington for the information of the Government.

Admiral FRENCH FORREST, formerly of the United States Navy, and late of the Confederate Navy, died at Washington on Thursday, in the 71st year of his age.

Three thousand mineral specimens have been collected in California for the Paris Exposition. The project for sending a section of the big tree of Calaveras has been nearly abandoned.

RAPHAEL SEMMES, late of the rebel navy, has accepted the Chair of Professor of Moral Philosophy and English Literature in the Louisiana State Seminary of learning at Alexandria.

SHEIRK, MCFADDEN & Co.'s refinery at Oil City was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Loss $10,000; partially insured.

LOCAL NEWS.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, Judge RUSSEL pronounced the following sentences: EPENETUS DEVOE, State Prison for two years; WM. J. BAILEY, Penitentiary six months and fined $200; WM. H. MCGRORY and JAMES TIGHE, State Prison for five years; THOMAS WILSON, State Prison for one year; CHARLES LE ROUX, Penitentiary for one year; JOHN MCCORMACK, Penitentiary six months; THOMAS O'DONNELL, State Prison for one year; MATTHEW LINK, State Prison two years; WM. DOUGLASS, State Prison for five years; CATHARINE STEWART, sent to House of Refuge.

The General Term of the Supreme Court has adjourned to Wednesday, Dec. 5, at 10:30 A. M., at which time it is understood the Committee of examination of applicants for admission to the Bar will make their report. The Committee on Character are busily engaged in investigating the moral status of the seventy or eighty young gentlemen who seek to be made attorneys and counsellors.

The action of BUSHNELL *vs.* SMITH J. EASTMAN and LEVI EASTMAN, the particulars of which have been published in our columns, has been on trial during the entire week in the Special Term of the Supreme Court, before Mr. Justice POTTER. The testimony will probably be concluded on Monday next.

The cases of JOHN M. WILSON, a distiller, and FREDERICK COCHEU, an Inspector under the Internal Revenue Law, both charged with violations of the law, were up before United States Commissioner NEWTON yesterday. After the evidence of CYRUS A. MEAD and JOHN WILLIAMS had been taken, the cases were adjourned until 1 o'clock P. M. to-day.

The Chamber of Life Insurance of the United States met again yesterday and adopted a code of by-laws, considered a resolution to test the constitutionality of the State Insurance laws, and adjourned to meet according to the provisions of the Constitution.

JEREMIAH O'BRIEN, who was convicted of the murder of KATE SMITH, was brought up in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, and sentenced to be executed at the City Prison on the 18th of January next.

In the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday, EUGENE J. FERGUS was convicted of killing PATRICK MCGUANN, the Jury rendering a verdict of manslaughter in the third degree.

A verdict of $350 was rendered yesterday in the Marine Court, in the case of MORRIS *vs.* MANDZON. The action was for defamation of character and false imprisonment.

A decree of divorce was granted yesterday by the Supreme Court in the suit of GEORGE LITTLE *vs.* EMILINE LITTLE.

The Stock Exchange yesterday recovered from the panic of Thursday. Money worked more steadily at 6@7 ℔ cent., 7 ℔ cent. being the general rule to the Brokers. Gold was a fraction firmer, and Exchange on London advanced to 109¼ ℔ cent.

Produce and Merchandise were moderately dealt in yesterday. Flour declined 10c.@25c. ℔ bbl. Wheat was a shade firmer. Corn advanced 2c. ℔ bushel. Barley, Pork and Lard were cheaper. Cotton closed buoyantly. Freights were less active.

GENERAL AMNESTY.—Mr. SLIDELL is reported to be one of the richest men in Paris to-day. He could hardly have transported a great deal of the property he owned in New-Orleans, previous to the rebellion, to France when he undertook his mission as Confederate Ambassador. What he has accumulated in wealth since then, has been the product of his agency as a representative of the insurgent States. If he resumes his place as a citizen of the United States, under the provisions of a general amnesty act, he comes back here, at pleasure, laden with the spoils of a traitor who did his utmost to sell his country to a foreign Power, and who, while failing in that purpose, has still been a large pecuniary gainer by the enterprise. It is much easier to forget the offence of those who *fought* to destroy the nation than to throw the mantle of charity over those who profited by the national disasters while shielded by a foreign flag from the consequence of their acts. Mr. SLIDELL is reported to be an applicant for pardon. He is also reported to be assiduous in his efforts to gain influence with some of his loyal countrymen in Paris. He belongs to a class of men who have no shame, or who glory in what ought to be their shame. To-day he is as eager to regain his forfeited right of citizenship, by assuming the *rôle* of a universal emancipator and an exponent of the doctrine of equality between blacks and whites, as if he had never gone forth on a mission declaring slavery to be the corner-stone of American Republicanism. His application for pardon is what might have been expected from one of his kind. It is a pity if that application shall not be used to show to foreign Government what contemptible creatures individuals of the SLIDELL class become under the pressure of political adversity. Three years ago, or less, the *salons* of the Confederate Ambassador in Paris were the fashionable thing to *do*. See the attitude of the late emissary to-day. Even MASON is more respectable hiding himself in a British colonial town, and waiting like a foolish old man for the turning up of a Democratic victory! Why cannot these fellows show some of the counterfeit of courage and self-respect, now that the fighting is over? There is no danger of their being claimed under any existing or any conceivable extradition treaty. One would think they did not care how much they embarrassed their Copperhead friends here and abroad by whining for pardon.

The Atlantic Telegraph—Its Monopoly by England.

Lord DERBY, at the Lord Mayor's banquet on the 9th, said that he regarded the completion of the Atlantic Telegraph as "another proof that England was mistress of the sea." Precisely in what sense he desired this phrase to be understood, remains to be seen. It may have been simply a graceful pleasantry, implying that England by completing the cable had proved herself able to cope with all the dangers and hostilities of the deep. But it may also imply—what is much more important—that *by controlling the use of the cable* England will make herself "mistress of the sea," and defy rivalry or successful resistance.

Both ends of the cable are on English soil and under English jurisdiction. In the event of war with this country, no one can doubt that England would monopolize the use of it,—indeed, any use that could be made of it would be wholly for her advantage. Our Government would not be allowed to concert with Continental Powers, or with our agents at Continental Courts, measures of war against England, over the line, nor could we use it to expedite or direct the movements of our war vessels in foreign ports. The British Government, on the other hand, could communicate freely and hourly with her fleets on this side and with her agents and representatives in British America. Whatever facilities the Atlantic Telegraph can give in time of war, would inure exclusively to the benefit of England. In that sense and in that way the British Prime Minister may well regard the cable as making England more than ever "mistress of the sea."

We have not failed to point out this result from the time the cable enterprise was first projected. We urged the importance of having one end of it on American soil and under American control, and of having so much of American capital embarked in it as would give us a voice in its control. Neither has been done:—perhaps both suggestions were impracticable. The cable is to all intents and purposes,—though largely indebted to American energy and enterprise for its completion,—an English work. Both ends of it rest on British soil and are subject to British authority. It is owned substantially by English capitalists, who fix the tariff, and control its working in all respects. And, what is also important, the English Company which owns the cable, owns also the only steamer ever built capable of laying down a cable across the Atlantic.

It can scarcely be expected that we should regard such a state of things with permanent satisfaction. The absolute monopoly of telegraphic communication with this Continent, involves a power more vast and terrible than has ever been enjoyed by any nation in the world. What should we say if every letter or written message which passed between this Continent and Europe, must pass through the hands and under the inspection of the Government or subjects of Great Britain? Yet this monopoly, to all practical intents, is fully equivalent to that.

This state of things demands a remedy,—which it is not quite easy at once to find. Treaties, guaranteeing the neutrality of the cable in time of war, would be worthless because the execution of them would be wholly in the hands of one party, and all treaties, moreover, are abrogated by war. We might as well expect the English navy to remain neutral, in case of war with us, as the English Atlantic Cable. The construction of *new lines* seems to offer the only solution of the difficulty. The Russian line when completed will afford a partial remedy, but the route is too circuitous and the operation of the line will be open to too many contingencies. The French Government is interested, as we are, in preventing an absolute monopoly of the Atlantic for telegraphic purposes, by England, or any other single Power. Spain has indicated a purpose to construct a line by way of Cuba, and the aid of Congress has been invoked by the company engaged in the work.

The whole subject demands the attention of our Government. It ought to have had it long ago. We should not have been content with encouraging and aiding the completion of the cable:—we should have also taken care to prevent its falling wholly, as a weapon of hostility, into the hands of the Power which will always struggle to be "mistress of the sea." That opportunity has been lost. But we owe it to ourselves to remedy the evil as speedily and effectually as possible. Congress might very well appoint a Commission or a Committee for a careful investigation of the subject.

THE BUSINESS OF THE WEEK.—The week now drawing to a close has been one of unusual depression in financial and commercial circles. In the produce and merchandise markets, transactions have been extremely meagre, and values have been rapidly shrinking, presenting a marked contrast to the speculative activity and inflation recently so rampant. The sharp turn in money, and the rise of two per cent. in its price, have operated most decidedly against the interests of speculators in the necessaries of life. Only the very best short-date mercantile paper is now discounted, and even this passes to a very moderate extent, on a shave of seven to eight per cent. Scarcely any countenance is given to applications for pecuniary aid from other than the most unexceptionable borrowers. This salutary discrimination is severely felt by houses in the dry-goods, grocery and produce lines, who, with limited cash resources of their own, have been doing an extensive business on an improvident and perilous credit basis.

Gold and Stock speculations have likewise experienced a severe revulsion, amounting, for a while, to a real panic. The sudden pinch in money has brought whole herds of street adventurers to grief. Railway and miscellaneous favorites of the Stock list have been rudely sacrificed by remorseless brokers, either on account of straitened principals, or in furtherance of the schemes and projects of the *bear* element, which has made efficient use of its opportunities, to the serious injury of even legitimate values.

Through all the panic and depression, the public credit has stood encouragingly high. The interest-bearing Treasury obligations have held their own in the open market with remarkable sturdiness, in the face of every adverse influence. The coin-bearing bonds yielded barely sufficient to tempt buyers to purchase, with renewed avidity, either for home investment or for export.

The Six per Cents of 1881 could not be had in any considerable sums at the ruling figures, though the outstanding amount of this form of the funded debt is over two hundred and eighty-three million dollars. The several Five-twenties issues fluctuated just enough to develop a fresh demand for them, as the most secure, reasonable and remunerative form of investment available. The original issue of 1862 fell twice to 107⅛@107¼, rallying speedily in each instance one to one and a quarter per cent., under the execution of important foreign orders for them, most of which orders came by telegraph from London, where these bonds have become quite scarce again, and whence orders are constantly being received, either from bankers needing the bonds in the legitimate course of trade, or from parties who have made *short* sales, and who resort to this market to cover their contracts advantageously. This special issue of the Five-Twenties closed quite firm yesterday, on a very limited supply and a good investment inquiry. Of the later series of the Five-Twenties, the most popular has been the consolidated issue of 1865, (interest payable January and July,) which home buyers have been purchasing freely, induced to do so in part by their relative cheapness, taking into consideration the currency value of the accrued coin interest (near five months) upon them. This issue is becoming a favorite with insurance and trust companies, and may yet supersede in foreign estimation the issue of 1862, which is now so closely held out of the market for permanent investment. The events of the week have given a decided impetus to the home demand for all classes of the national funds, as being by far the most stable investments within reach of the public.

The Republican Party—A Moderate Course Desirable.

The talked-of letter of Ex-Postmaster-General DENNISON is reported to suggest the adoption by Congress of a moderate and dignified course in relation to the grave questions which await its action. Mr. DENNISON, it is said, deprecates the exhibition of a spirit needlessly hostile to the President, discountenances the proposal for his impeachment, and, while discarding his policy, recommends the avoidance of causes of quarrel.

This view of the duty of Congress, emanating as it does from one who has earned a right to speak frankly to the more extreme section of the Republican Party, will doubtless commend itself to the judgment of the party and the country. The circumstances in which Congress will reassemble are in the main favorable to greater calmness and deliberation than characterized the proceedings of the last session. The issue with the Executive was then an ever-present temptation to excite controversy. The restoration question was in a crude condition, with a wide diversity of opinion, both as to the ends to be sought and the means to be employed. Hence frequently arose a warmth of temper that comported neither with moderation nor dignity. Considerations that should have been weighed dispassionately were tainted with personalities and prejudice. The policy on which the ruling party finally agreed to stand was ushered into being amidst declarations and threats which have tended seriously to lessen the moral weight that should attach to terms of national compromise.

Now, Congress will meet to a great extent free from these sources of embarrassment. It can be no longer alleged that there is any issue with the President to be debated and decided. The country has heard both sides, balanced the arguments *pro* and *con* intelligently, reviewed the relative bearings of both, and has decided in favor of Congress, its position and policy, by majorities that do not admit of mistake. As against the President, therefore, Congress is not required to renew its struggle. The people have settled the dispute in a manner which the President cannot misunderstand, and which should fully satisfy the ambition of Congress. It is now master of the situation, and can afford to be dignified and magnanimous. So also in regard to the restoration question. For a brief time, at any rate, it may be considered out of the arena. Congress has presented its conditions, the people controlling the Government have affirmed the reasonableness, the justice and the necessity of these conditions, and Congress is meanwhile bound to adhere to them as the basis of reconciliation with the South. The refusal of the South to accept them may by-and-bye necessitate a reconsideration of the whole subject; but that stage, come when it may, should be approached temperately and prudently. Meanwhile the duty is to wait. The moral power of Congress will be strengthened by waiting quietly, indulging in no vindictive denunciation, and gathering patiently the material that will be essential to the construction of another policy. The time to consider what shall be done in relation to the Amendment will not come until the entire South has been heard from. Then, and not till then, Congress may usefully say how and by whom the problem shall be solved.

The moderation and dignity which Mr. DENNISON entreats Congress to cultivate, require an abstinence from discussions which ought not to be other than informal until the end of the proposed Amendment be ascertained. A newspaper ventilation of the negro suffrage question, or of the merits of negro suffrage and amnesty united, as a condition of restoration, appears timely and not wholly destitute of utility. But we apprehend that after the verdict of the North in favor of the Amendment, it would ill become Congress to propound aught else, until events render something else indispensable. The battle at the polls has been fought on the Amendment, and Congress should neither recede from its own handiwork nor confuse its constituents by taking up other methods of adjustment, so long as a chance remains for giving effect to this.

The same good sense which suggests the expediency of avoiding the promulgation of other plans of restoration pending the disposal of the Amendment, would seem to indicate the desirableness of restraining the temper which has delighted in personal attacks upon the President. His own course may occasionally have served to invite these attacks, but, as Mr. DENNISON truly observes, there has really been nothing so flagrant in his acts as to excuse the project of impeachment. Gen. LOGAN, we are glad to notice, takes the same view, and we believe that it will be shared by the great majority even of the Radicals. Dr. BUTLER may endeavor to hide his failures as a General by the display of extreme violence as a politician, but we have yet to learn that the respect felt for his career or his opinions is anywhere so profound as to warrant an indorsement of his advertised bill of indictment. The real soldiers, like Gen. LOGAN, are too brave to be malignant. And the respectable Radicals, like Mr. DENNISON, are too rational and too just to countenance a course of procedure having its origin in partisan violence, and calculated to obstruct the operation of the moderate policy of the Republican Party.

SENSATIONAL.—The Paris correspondent of the London *Post* feels sufficiently the influence of the prevailing political dullness to be compelled to fall back on what is apparently only a stock-jobbing rumor. He reports that the relations between England and the United States will soon be critical. There have been times when this announcement would have been held of very grave account. And he would be a very confident believer in the doctrine of universal and permanent peace who would, to-day, affirm that the relations of great States are not, at certain intervals, exceedingly critical, even aside from anything that appears to the vulgar eye. But those accustomed to the balancing of political events find that critical periods may very often be got over without any terrible commotion, especially where the parties concerned are cool and dispassionate. The Governments of the United States and Great Britain passed through a lengthened crisis in their relations as friendly Powers while the rebellion was in progress. They *may* have reached a new crisis since the war has closed. But we think it likely that the evidences of that fact—if such evidences had existed—would have become apparent in some more direct and authentic way than through the Paris bureau of a London journal, which has long ceased to sustain the character of a semi-official organ. The effect of the report, at all events, has not been felt in any degree whatever on the London market. At noon yesterday, United States Five-twenties were quoted at 70¾—a slight advance over the quotations of the previous day. And the same slight improvement may likewise be noted in Consols. No such statement as that of the *Post's* correspondent could have been credited in London for an hour without a most serious disturbance of both American and British securities. And yet it is difficult to attribute the report to any other than a stock-jobbing enterprise—and one not very creditable at that.

AMUSEMENTS.

RISTORI.—Mme. RISTORI took her first benefit last night. The house was crowded to its greatest capacity, and the occasion, as will be seen, was an ovation. The pieces were "Medea" and "Macbeth"—the last act of the latter work being given only. The great *tragedienne* could not possibly have been seen to better advantage. That the audience appreciated this fact was amply demonstrated in applause and recalls, and in floral honors too numerous almost to be carried off, and far too numerous to be mentioned.

After "Medea" had been performed, a poem was presented to Mme. RISTORI, written by Mr. HENRY T. TUCKERMAN, and translated into Italian by Sig. BOTTA:

Thy country's genius to the world revealed
Our Western land, and hers the name it bears;
Another bond thy Art's enchantments yield,
Another fame each nation fondly shares:
For while along the chambers of the sea
Electric voices call from shore to shore,
That Italy is harmonized and free;
In thy deep tones we greet her soul once more
That soul that triumphs o'er relentless Time,
Melodious breaths in PETRARCH's tender lay,
Eternal lives in DANTE's sculptured line,
And Venice thrills with Freedom's joy to-day!
How blest, RISTORI, is thy welcome here!
Each spell the artist weaves, the woman doth endear!

The following is a hasty translation of RISTORI's reply:

"The ties which bind Italy to America are strengthened by the immortal spirit of liberty which unites the mother of ancient civilization to the great republic, the youngest and yet so grand a nation! It COLUMBUS discovered America; if VESPUCIUS gave her an Italian name, WASHINGTON founded the edifice of freedom. FULTON gave steam navigation to the sea, and MORSE the electric medium of intercourse. O, may the Atlantic cable—magnificent result of American enterprise—carry with the velocity of thought to my country, now regenerated, the voice of sympathy, greeting and good counsel, and Italy hail in America a wise guide and faithful ally. The reception which I have received from Americans binds me to you with an indissoluble chain of affection and gratitude. A stranger in a land of strangers, you received me with an enthusiasm which has profoundly impressed my heart. If, on the stage, I have been able to excite in your breasts any noble and pure sentiment, and speaking a language not your own, if I have touched a chord in your hearts, the merit is more yours than mine. Your indulgence and your affection have displaced my imperfections. Of your intelligence as a people I shall preserve the most precious memory, and of your kindness and sympathy an endeared recollection that will never die from my breast."

After the scene from "Macbeth," Mme. RISTORI was again recalled, and bade farewell to her friends in the vernacular. These are her graceful remarks:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: It makes me sad to say adieu to New-York, and can you wonder? I leave friends to go to strangers. I give up sympathy to meet, perhaps, indifference. But I have one consolation, that I will see you soon again.

At the *matinée* to-day she repeats her splendid performance of "Maria Stuart."

THEATRE FRANCAIS.—The French company makes an addition to its forces to-night in the person of Miss OLIVE LOGAN, who appears in the French comedy of "500 Francs de Recompense." The lady will be remembered as an actress of promise, and more particularly as a *feuilletoniste* of brilliancy. May she succeed in this new effort to win a position—an effort at all events which displays a cultured mind and a resolute purpose. Two other amusing pieces will be given: "L'Amour que qu'c'est qu'ca" and "Les Deux Avengles." The bill is excellent in every respect and should attract a large audience.

THE CECILIAN CHOIR.—This is the anniversary of St. Cecilia, and the St. Cecilian Choir to which we have had recent occasion to refer in terms of high commendation, meet this afternoon at Irving Hall to celebrate the event. On Tuesday next the youngsters give a representation of "Samson." Let us hope that from the festivities of to-day they will derive new devotion to the art of which St. Cecilia was the fair representative. Let us add, too, that this choir is a thing to be nursed and cherished. It is not commercial. There is no profit in teaching boys how to sing, but there is an absolute result in an art point of view. Dr. CUTLER makes not only musicians, but men of taste—for the boys of his choir are nurtured on the best of musical aliment, and are not likely to relapse to a weaker sort of food.

SYMPHONY SOIREE.—Mr. THEODORE THOMAS' second Symphony Soirée takes place to-night at Steinway Hall. The programme is the finest, without exception, that has ever been offered to the public. The great pieces are the overture to the "Marriage of Figaro," by MOZART; the Concerto in A minor by SCHUMANN, played by Mr. S. B. MILLS; and the ninth Symphony by BEETHOVEN. With an orchestra of eighty performers and a chorus of two hundred voices, (members of the Mendelssohn Union,) we may safely predict that the rendering of this grand work will be perfect. It occurs only once or twice in a generation that the ninth symphony can be given respectably. The labor of production is only equaled by the expense of the attempt. For this concert alone Mr. THOMAS has ventured $3,000. Better than this he has given his time, his talent and his enthusiasm to the task of giving BEETHOVEN's colossal work adequately. The solos will be sustained by Mrs. CRUGER, Miss ELLA MEYER, Mr. W. F. HILL and Mr. DUSCHITZ. The chorus of the Mendelssohn Union will be under the direction of Mr. WILLIAM BERGE.

MR. BOGUMIL DAWISON'S PERFORMANCE.—The great German actor, Mr. BOGUMIL DAWISON, makes his first appearance to-night at the Winter Garden in SHAKESPEARE's tragedy of "Richard the Third." He will be supported by the members of Mr. HAERTING's company, and the whole proceeds of the entertainment will be given to the German hospital. The proverbial kindliness of the German community will no doubt be displayed on this occasion. We anticipate a fine performance, and a large and desirable pecuniary result for the charity.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

General Sheridan's Action in the Arrest of Ortega.

The President Approves and Supports the Act.

Ortega Without Power and Without a Party.

Failure in the Withdrawal of the French Troops.

Napoleon Proposes to Leave Mexico in the Spring.

An Important Cabinet Meeting Upon the Subject.

The President's Annual Message Partially Written.

The Forthcoming Financial Statements.

Prospects of the Resumption of Specie Payments.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Nov. 23.

THE ARREST OF ORTEGA.

In order to clear up the doubts as to the cause of the arrest of ORTEGA, and the authority upon which it was made, I am enabled to say that Gen. SHERIDAN acted upon his own motion in ordering the arrest of ORTEGA and his party. Gen. SHERIDAN has communicated the particulars of the arrest and the reasons that induced his action, and the Government approves his course. It appears that ORTEGA, in the opinion of Gen. SHERIDAN, was violating our neutrality laws, and that he is supported in Mexico by a very small party of British and French merchants—these being really the only adherents or supporters of ORTEGA in Northern Mexico—the Mexican or native population almost unanimously support JUAREZ. ORTEGA contemplated a *coup d'état*, and had no supporters except the former adherents of MAXIMILIAN. It is further stated that the object of the French and English merchants was to control the valuable trade in Northern Mexico, and prevent American merchants from monopolizing the same. Prior to the arrest of ORTEGA affairs were in a disturbed condition, but now there is confidence and tranquillity upon the Rio Grande.

WITHDRAWAL OF FRENCH TROOPS POSTPONED.

Since the special meeting of the Cabinet yesterday afternoon, there has been the greatest interest manifested as to the purpose of this extraordinary convening of that body, and various speculations have been sent off the Northern Press on the subject. We are enabled to state positively that the Cabinet was called together to consider our foreign relations. In this connection it may be stated that it is known that the French Government has declared its purpose to disregard the arrangement for the withdrawal of the first detachment of French troops from Mexico, during this month as agreed upon between Mr. SEWARD and DROUYN D'LHUYS. The French Emperor has notified our Government that he cannot effect the withdrawal of the troops until next Spring, when he proposes to embark the entire force at once. In view of the failure of NAPOLEON to comply with his agreement to withdraw a portion of these troops, and inasmuch as the notification of this forfeiture of the agreement comes at this late day, our Government is not disposed to put full confidence in the further promises of the French Emperor. There is reason for believing that this matter was the immediate cause of the Cabinet meeting yesterday, and that to-day the subject was again considered in the regular session. Gen. GRANT being present by request of the President. It is understood in official circles that instructions have been sent to our Minister in France to demand the immediate withdrawal of the French troops from Mexico.

THE MESSAGE.

The President is yet engaged upon his Message, though so far as completed it was read to the members of the Cabinet to-day and met with approval. Copies of the Message are to be sent in advance to the leading journals, to be put in type immediately on its presentation to Congress.

REDUCED ESTIMATES.

The estimates for the next year will be much less than heretofore, especially in the War Department. The Quartermaster-General, who formerly required enormous appropriations, will not ask a dollar for the coming year.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

It is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury will devote considerable attention in his forthcoming report to the question of resumption of specie payments. He will undoubtedly ask for further power to fund the floating and non-interest bearing obligations of the Government, and will likewise urge a more concentrated system of redemption of national bank notes as a necessary preliminary to a resumption of specie payments. Mr. MCCULLOCH thinks, with proper legislation, he may return to a specie standard within eighteen months. On the other hand, it is known to be the opinion of many leading bankers in the country that with one hundred millions of gold in the Treasury specie payments may be resumed within ninety days. And they argue that the entire security and great diversity of the circulation of the National Bank notes is one of the most potent elements to aid a resumption, and that the system of redemption should not, therefore, be more stringent than it now is, but, on the contrary, if any change is made, that it should be relaxed. This question will force itself upon the early attention of Congress, and will be one of the most important of the session.

DEATH OF AN EX-REBEL OFFICER.

FRENCH FORREST, Ex-Commander United States Navy, and late Admiral in the rebel navy, died at the residence of his brother in Georgetown yesterday, at the age of 71 years. He will be remembered as having commanded the rebel naval forces in the North Carolina sounds during the early part of the war. His fleet was dispersed by Gen. BURNSIDE's Expedition, and FORREST never afterward did anything of note.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

The election of a President *pro tempore* of the Senate, which must take place at the coming session, is attracting attention among Congressmen and others, especially in view of the fact that the President *pro tempore* of the Senate becomes the acting Vice-President. The name of BEN. WADE was suggested at the last session for the position, but it is not at all likely that he will be elected. Senator ANTHONY, of Rhode Island, and Senator JOHN SHERMAN, of Ohio, are prominently mentioned.

THE SURRATT STORY.

The reported discovery of JOHN SURRATT, the accomplice in the assassination of President LINCOLN, serving in the Pope's body-guard at Rome, has created a lively sensation here; but it is regarded in official quarters as of the same character as the brilliant meteor story from Greenwich a few days ago. SURRATT's romantic escape is of the regular Italian bandit order, and reads very like a yarn.

PERSONAL.

Senator RAMSAY and Representative WINDOM, of Minnesota, are the only Congressional arrivals to-day. Gen. BUTTERFIELD, U. S. A., Superintendent of the recruiting service of the regular army, arrived this morning, and visited the War Department on official business. Hon. THOMAS E. STEWART and MAUNSEL B. FIELD, of New-York, are also here.

THE CONSERVATIVE ARMY AND NAVY UNION.

The Conservative Army and Navy Union, at their meeting last night, after a warm discussion, passed by a two-thirds vote a series of resolutions, declaring that the proposed Constitutional Amendment ought to be rejected, and that, in the judgment of that organization, it is clearly the duty of the Conservative Press throughout the country to appeal to the Northern and Southern States to extend suffrage to the negro on such qualified basis as may be deemed proper and just.

THE NATIONAL HORSE FAIR.

The Washington Horse Fair was the scene of another interesting trial of speed to-day.

The race was for a purse of $200, best three in five, in harness. *Flyaway* and *Lady Warwick* were the only horses entered, and the contest was very spirited, the latter winning in three straight heats. Time—2:38, 2:37¾, 2:38¾.

THE DISTURBED CONDITION OF THE MONEY MARKET.

The Secretary of the Treasury in a conversation with a friend to-day, said that the disturbed condition of the New-York money market was not in consequence of anything that had been done in relation to the finances.

FINE REMITTED.

The President has directed the remission of a fine of $2,000, which was imposed upon ROBERT V. CLARKE, in August, 1866, by the United States Court of the Northern District of New-York, upon conviction of being accessory to smuggling. The fine is remitted upon the recommendations of Hon. THURLOW WEED and others.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

The receipts from customs from the 10th to the 17th inst. at the ports of Boston, New-York and Baltimore are as follows: Boston, $391,278; New-York, $1,963,789; Baltimore, $120,290. At New-Orleans the receipts from the 4th to the 10th inst. were $132,018, and at San Francisco from the 20th to the 27th ult. $133,444.

PUBLIC LANDS IN CALIFORNIA.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has prepared a list of selections by the State of California within the limits of the San Francisco Land District, which were made in part satisfaction of the 500,000 acres internal improvement grant of Sept. 4, 1861. The list, covering 3,680 acres, has been duly approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

Treasurer SPINNER received to-day a letter from a party signing himself "Repentance," inclosing $100 as being due to the Government.

INCREASE OF SALARIES.

A meeting of the clerks of the Treasury Department was held to-day to prepare a memorial to Congress for an increase of compensation.

A meeting of clerks representing the different Bureaus of the War Department, was held this evening for a similar purpose. They claim that during the past four years they have worked more hours and had fewer leaves of absence than any other clerks. The increased expense of living is the chief argument of these gentlemen for an increase of salary.

Fires.

DOVER, N. H., Friday, Nov. 23.

The upper part of the City Hall building, including the armories of the Strafford Guard and the Light Battery, was burned at 2 o'clock this morning. The court-room, county and city offices, in the lower part of the building, were injured by water. The loss is probably $10,000. No insurance.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Friday, Nov. 23.

About 2:30 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the basement of a meat-shop on West Seneca-street, occupied by Dr. H. WILCOX. Eight stores were destroyed. The loss is heavy and, cannot yet be estimated.

OIL CITY, Penn., Friday, Nov. 23.

SHIERK, MCFADDEN & Co.'s refinery was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $10,000; partially insured.

Card from Assistant-Engineer Orr.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your issue of the 20th inst., you publish, under the heading of "Trouble in an Engine-house," a paragraph which, if not corrected, is calculated to injure the Metropolitan Fire Department in the eyes of all good citizens.

The substance of the report is that a surprise party took place at the engine-house located at No. 28 Renwick-street, and a Mrs. MCCARTHY was ejected from the premises for alleged disorderly conduct by a member of the company. The "company" referred to, I beg leave to state, is in no way connected with the Metropolitan Fire Department, but is an association composed of young men, who were identified with the volunteer organization, and who, at the disbandment of the same, hired the building for the purpose of establishing a reading-room, &c., for the benefit of the members of the association. By placing these facts before the public you will much oblige the Metropolitan Fire Department and your obedient servant,

GILBERT J. ORR,
Engineer Metropolitan Fire Department.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

FATAL HATCHWAY ACCIDENT.—CHARLES MULLER, assistant book-keeper at Mr. J. D. BIRD's hat factory, No. 34 Cortlandt-street, fell through the hatchway about 9 o'clock yesterday morning, from the third to the first floor, receiving such severe injuries that he died before he could be removed to the New-York Hospital. The remains were removed to the Liberty-street Station-house, where Coroner WILDEY will hold an inquest. Deceased was 20 years of age, and a native of Germany.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Gen. S. M. Zulick, Pennsylvania; Gen. Bowemin and Col. Barrett, U. S. A., are at the Metropolitan Hotel. Hon. J. M. Poland, Vermont, and Gen. Blair, St. Louis, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Hon. M. B. Portman, England, and Dr. Todd, of the British Army, are at the Clarendon Hotel. Rear-Admiral Dahlgren, U. S. N.; Hon. John A. Kasson, M. C., Iowa, and Hon. Robert Turner, Baltimore, are at the Astor House. Lieut. Lowry, of the British Army, is at the New-York Hotel.

THE ROOSEVELT FERRY FATAL ACCIDENT.—A paragraph appeared in yesterday's TIMES, stating that an unknown man had been knocked down and killed by two carts, as he attempted to pass through the Roosevelt Ferry gate. The deceased has since been identified as THOMAS MCGOVERN, and permission was granted to his relatives by the Coroner to remove the body to Williamsburgh. An inquest will be held to-day. The two drivers, JOHN ROCHE and ANDREW MILLER, were arrested and held to bail to await the result of the investigation.

A STILL EXPLOSION.—About 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning EDWARD LUBERT, residing at Greenpoint, and employed at the distillery of Messrs. GORDON, FELLOWS & MCMILLAN, No. 67 New-street, was dangerously burned by the explosion of a still he was cleaning. It appears that LUBERT incautiously used a lighted lamp, and the flame ignited the floating vapor yet remaining in the still. He was removed to the New-York Hospital for treatment.

PROMENADE CONCERT.—This evening the opening promenade concert of the season of GRAFFULA's National Guard Band will be held at the Seventh Regiment Armory. Doubtless, if the evening be at all favorable in the all-important matter of weather, the opening will be a brilliant one, and in every respect with the already established reputation of these truly enjoyable instrumental concerts.

FIRE IN ROOSEVELT-STREET.—At about 7 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the upper story of the frame building No. 2 Roosevelt-street, and before the flames could be extinguished the entire stock of tassels owned by M. SCHMIDT, the occupant, of the floor, was entirely destroyed. The building was slightly damaged. Owners name and insurance could not be ascertained.

POWDER ACCIDENT.—JAMES CARR was severely injured about 9 o'clock yesterday morning by the explosion of a can of blasting powder in JAMES KEHOE's blacksmith shop, in Fifth-avenue, near One Hundred and Twentieth-street. CARR had his right arm broken, and was burned about the head and face. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital by the Twelfth Precinct Police.

THE CHARGES AGAINST COMPTROLLER BRENNAN.—The investigation of the charges against Comptroller BRENNAN, it is understood, will be commenced on Monday next at 10 A. M. at Police Headquarters. The prosecution is to be conducted nominally by Attorney-General MARTINDALE, who will be represented by his deputy, Mr. HAMMOND.

SUPPOSED FATAL ACCIDENT.—Yesterday morning about 10 o'clock, a little girl named MARY BELL, aged 3 years, residing in One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, near Fifth-avenue, while playing with the fire in a stove, was so severely burned that she cannot recover.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—At the regular monthly meeting of this Society, to be held on Monday evening, at No. 161 Fifth-avenue, the essay will be read by JAMES H. FAY. Subject—"Law of Mutual Disclosures."

CHURCH UNION.—The first conference on this subject, presenting the more advanced features of this movement, will be held in Rev. Dr. SPEAR's church, corner of Amity and Clinton streets, Brooklyn, next Sunday evening.

THE SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD.—Mr. JOHN O'BRIEN, Treasurer of the Second-avenue Railroad Company, having resigned, Mr. EDWARD HAIGHT, President of the National Bank of the Commonwealth has been elected to the position.

PERSONAL.—Major-Gen. DIX, our Minister to France, is to leave to-day on board the steamer *New-York*. Gen. VAN ALEN is also one of the passengers by the same vessel.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The Janes Methodist Episcopal Chapel, corner of Reid-avenue and Monroe-street, will be dedicated on Sunday next. Bishop JANES will preach in the morning and Rev. ALBERT S. HUNT in the evening.

LETTER FROM MR. CRAVEN.

A Reply to Comptroller Brennan.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT,
Nov. 23, 1866.

In a recent communication, the City Comptroller, Mr. BRENNAN, published his reasons for declining to be a candidate for reëlection.

The official position of Mr. BRENNAN, together with the character of the persons to whom his communication is addressed, gives what he says an importance which would otherwise be wanting, and makes it incumbent on me and due to those interested to place the truth side by side with his misstatements, so far as they refer to the Croton Aqueduct Board. A portion of his communication is but a reiteration of untruths which have been already exposed and refuted by our Board in a manner clear and conclusive to all reasonable men. But not content with the renewal of these misrepresentations, he adds two others, which I now beg leave to correct.

First—He says, in reference to the adjournments of the opening first advertised for the 26th September, (which adjournments are necessary under the law,) that "each day of adjournment adds to the number of contracts, until they are now piled mountain high," &c. So far from this being the truth, the fact is that the Croton Aqueduct Board have not issued a single advertisement to contractors asking for proposals since the first refusal of the Comptroller to be present on the 26th September. It was very apparent to us that the Comptroller did not intend to be present at any opening of proposals in our Department; and notwithstanding the urgent requests of property owners, to have the preliminaries of the required works forwarded as far as possible, we have refrained from advertising any further work because we foresaw that it would be merely adding further expense to that which, by Mr. BRENNAN's non-fulfillment of his duty, has been made utterly useless to the City. Not even the preliminary steps, therefore, to add a single contract to those which ought to have been awarded on the 26th September have been taken, or even suggested by any one member of our Board.

Second—Mr. BRENNAN says that "the price of pavement under the operations of that Department had steadily gone up from fifteen dollars per yard to fifty dollars per yard."

The following is the truth:

The highest price at which any contract was let in 1859 (before war prices) was two dollars and forty-four cents ($2 44) per yard. The last contracts made by this Board were awarded on the 16th of August of the present year.

The highest price at which any contract was then let was two dollars and ninety-seven cents ($2 97) per yard. This was on a piece of work so small that there was but one bidder, and consequently no competition.

The next highest price contracted for at that letting was two dollars and seventy-five cents ($2 75) per yard. And the average price at which all the contracts (eleven in number) were awarded at that letting was two dollars and sixty-two cents ($2 62) per yard.

Comment seems unnecessary; and yet I cannot help adding an expression of wonder that any sane man should dare to publicly make statements of the utter falsity of which proof stands on record in the very books of his own Department, as well as in those of our Board.

He must count largely upon the want of intelligence or the gross indifference to truth of his readers.

ALFRED W. CRAVEN,
Commissioner and Chief Engineer.

Opening of the New Hall at Harlem.

The National Hall, on the corner of Fourth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, Harlem, which has just been completed, was inaugurated, on Thursday evening, with an operatic concert, given by Mr. W. F. MORGAN, its projector and proprietor.

The concert-room, which is the main feature of the edifice, contains comfortable seats, including the gallery, capable of accommodating 800 persons. A stage, with footlights, is at one end of the hall, in the rear of which are two retiring and dressing rooms, larger and with greater conveniences than are found with many far more pretentious halls. At the other end is the main entrance. The frescoing has been done in an exceedingly neat and chaste style by Sig. GARIBOLDI.

The hall was fairly filled by an appreciative audience, and would, doubtless, have been fully so but that there was a lecture in the immediate neighborhood, and an opposition performance at another establishment on the same evening.

Mme. GAZZANIGA, Messrs. A. H. PEASE, J. R. THOMAS and G. W. COLBY and Signors GARIBOLDI, LIMBERTI and ALBITES, appeared on the occasion. Madame GAZZANIGA was in fair voice and sung in a duetto from "Travista," the aria "Come e bello," from "Lucretia Borgia," which was superbly rendered; "Ah mon fils," from "Le Prophete," and in a terzetto from "I Lombardi," receiving several encores. J. R. THOMAS gave the "Beautiful Isle of the Sea" and "Simon the Cellarer." He was quickly recalled after the latter, when he responded with a humorous song. Mr. PEASE performed the "Polka de la Reine" and his own arrangement for two pianos, from "Crispino e la Comare," with G. W. COLBY, which was loudly applauded. Signors GARIBOLDI and LIMBERTI executed their parts in a manner entirely acceptable to the audience, as did all who took part.

After the performances the artists and a few friends partook of a liberal collation in the supper-room.

Altogether the affair was thoroughly enjoyable, and it is to be hoped it is only the first of a series of like entertainments which the residents of the upper end of the Island may anticipate.

The Cholera.

All the passengers of the ship *Mercury* affected by the cholera have been removed on board the *Falcon;* the healthy were permitted to remain on the *Mercury*, and the vessel has undergone a complete process of fumigation.

The disinfection has had the desired effect. No new cases have occurred, and no death has taken place since yesterday.

In view of the present advanced state of the season, it is not likely that the dreaded epidemic will spread beyond its present confines.

The physicians have full confidence in their ability to save the lives of the most, if not of all now under their charge. The attendance on the part of nurses is ample, and all things are ordered the sick which tend to their comfort and speedy restoration to health.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

ALLEGED EMBEZZELING OPERATIONS BY AN ERRAND CLERK.—The Police of the Forty-third Precinct, yesterday arrested a young man named WM. MELVIN, an errand clerk in the employ of C. G. WITTY, No. 94 John-street, New-York, on the charge of having purloined a considerable quantity of tin foil from the establishment, and selling it to THOMAS SYKES and RICHARD CHANDLER, who in turn sold it to EDWARD DRISCOLL, a junk dealer, No. 7 Prospect-street, Brooklyn....GEO. WILLIAMS, DANIEL HURLEY and WM. DURAN, are charged with having received the sum of $231, the value of a check drawn by MELVIN from the bank. Two other checks for $1,052 and $94, are missing, the property of Mr. WITTY. The above named parties are all arrested and will be examined before Justice WALSH.

OBITUARY.—The lady of Ex-Coroner Dr. JOHN H. MURPHY died at her residence No. 216 Fifth-avenue, E. D., at midnight Thursday. Mrs. MURPHY's ministrations to the poor and afflicted on the north side of the Eastern District, on many trying occasions, gained for her the esteem of the community, and her death—which took place at the early age of 28—is felt as a personal loss by the poor, whose wants she never failed to see supplied.

CRUELTY TO A HORSE.—ANDREW WIN was charged by the Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, with having abandoned a disabled horse on an open lot at the corner of Lafayette-avenue and Steuben-street. The charge was sustained and the offender was fined $5 by Justice CORNWELL, it being shown that he was a poor man. No fine would have been imposed had he acted in an honest and truthful manner about the case.

BOLD ROBBERY.—Before daylight yesterday, some thieves forced an entrance to the stable of Mrs. TOWNSEND, near Calvary Cemetery, and after selecting a horse and rockaway buggy, gathered up several sets of harness and other articles of value, which they placed in the buggy and then drove off for a market.

CIRCULAR SAW ACCIDENT.—A man named SEBASTIAN ANDRE, employed in a factory near South Second-street, E. D., had his right hand terribly lacerated by a circular saw which he was using yesterday afternoon. This is ANDRE's second accident by a similar saw.

NEW-JERSEY.

ALLEGED GOLD ROBBERIES.—Messrs. HALL, DODD & CO., manufacturing jewelers of No. 35 Walnut-street, Newark, have just made the discovery that they have been robbed of gold to the amount of some $3,000, the operations having been carried on for some months past. Mr. DAVID C. DODD, one of the firm, on Thursday afternoon appeared before Justice KIRKPATRICK, who issued a warrant for the arrest of E. A. OSBORN—for some years in the employ of the firm—charging him with having purloined the gold, but up to last evening the officer had not succeeded in effecting his arrest.

THREATENING TO TAKE LIFE.—A young man named ELISHA A. HUNT was taken before Justice WARREN, of Jersey City, yesterday, on a warrant charging him with having on the the 10th instant, drawn a revolver during an altercation with JOHN McDONALD, with which he threatened to take the life of the latter. Upon being taken before the Justice it transpired that the difficulty occurred in New-York and the prisoner was accordingly discharged for want of jurisdiction.

FOUND IN A DANGEROUS POSITION.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning Officer KEARNEY, of the Newark Police, discovered an intoxicated man named JOHN WIGLEY, Captain of a canal-boat, lying wedged in between the bank of the canal and his boat, near Centre Market. WIGLEY, who was prevented from falling into the canal by the closeness of the vessel to the shore, was taken from his perilous position by the officer and deposited in a place of safety on board of his craft.

RE-ARREST OF AN ALLEGED PICKPOCKET.—A young man named JAMES REGAN, who was arrested the fore part of the week on suspicion of picking the pocket of a lady at the railroad depot in Jersey City, was yesterday discharged by Recorder MARTINDALE for want of evidence. Subsequently a gentleman who witnessed the robbery appeared, and upon his affidavit REGAN was rearrested and committed to await examination.

PRESENTATION.—Rev. H. W. F. JONES, Pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church at Bergen Point, was agreeably surprised last Wednesday evening by receiving a visit from the members of his Church and congregation. After an elegant and substantial supper, prepared by the ladies, he was presented with a purse and presents to the amount of $400, as a testimonial of regard.

POISONED BY MISTAKE.—A little son, five years of age, of JOHN C. DAVIS, residing in South Market-street, Newark, was poisoned yesterday by precipitate ointment, administered to him in mistake for quinine. Dr. COLES was sent for as soon as the blunder was discovered, who administered an emetic, and it was believed the child will recover.

SUCCESSFUL SURGICAL OPERATION.—An ovarian tumor, weighing forty pounds, was successfully removed from the abdomen of a lady in Newark on Thursday afternoon. The operation was performed by Dr. JAS. B. CUTTER, of Newark, assisted by Dr. EMMETT, of New-York, and Dr. SCOTT, of London.

ACCIDENT ON THE RAILROAD.—Yesterday morning, a boy 12 years of age, named HENRY YOST, while in the act of getting off the cars at Bloomfield, fell under the wheels and had his right arm cut off and left leg fractured above the knee.

FIRE.—Shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire broke out in the roof of BLACKMORE's foundry, in Railroad-avenue, Jersey City, but owing to the promptness of the firemen it was extinguished with but trifling damage.

The Best Sewing Machine.

During the past three or four years, we have used three different modifications of the most celebrated Sewing Machines in our family, and while either of them was of value when in good running order, yet the knowledge and trouble required to keep them in that condition, almost completely neutralized all the benefit derived. This was more especially the case when the apparatus had remained unemployed for a week or two; thus it was usually neglected, and recourse had to hand sewing. Meeting the Willcox & Gibbs machine a few months since, and being induced to give it a trial, the result proved entirely different from previous experience, and we soon found that it stood preëminent among its rivals for simplicity in construction, ease in operating, and efficiency in the work performed with it. In fact, it can be readily operated by the youngest member of the family, and is always in working condition; and we find that instead of being a constant source of anxiety and expense, our Sewing Machine is a promoter of comfort and economy, in the domestic circle.—[N. Y. Express.—*Advertisement.*

[Advertisement.]

THE POPULAR CANDIDATE.—KNOX is always victorious. His hats excite the admiration of the refined and intelligent, and he has, season after season, been elevated to the proud position of the leading Metropolitan hatter. His headquarters are at No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]

For Thanksgiving tables and the "social board" no beverage equals the famous Kent's East India Coffee. For sale by all grocers at 25 cents per pound. Wholesale depot, No. 154 Reade-street.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

No Remedy so Unnecessary, (nor in such general use,) in all intelligent families as Durno's Catarrh Snuff.

An Extended Popularity.—"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" have been before the public many years. Each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world. The Troches are pronounced universally superior to all other articles used for similar purposes. For relieving Coughs, Colds and Throat Diseases, the Troches have been proved reliable.

Mothers, during your child's second Summer, you will find MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP an invaluable friend. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Soothing Syrup has been administered. Do not fail to procure it.

"Important Auxiliary to a Lady's Toilet."—BURNETT'S TOILET SETS, for sale by all druggists.—*Washington Chronicle.*

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye.

Time tries all things. To this test CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE has been submitted. After fourteen years' experience public opinion has pronounced it the best article of its kind in the world. For a time its progress was retarded by its own excellence. The color it imparted was such a fac-simile of nature's handiwork that nobody could detect the deception, and of course no one who availed himself of its beautifying effects was likely to enlighten the world as to their cause. But such a wonder-working preparation could not be kept in the shade by personal vanity; the Press announced its unique properties. They were of a striking character, and as every objection to other hair dyes seemed entirely obviated in this, all who needed such an article bought and tried it. The result is a degree of popularity in every section of the Union which the proprietor never in his most sanguine dreams anticipated, and for which he begs through the medium of this advertisement to return his grateful thanks. Orders have until recently been coming in faster than he could supply them. Now, however, he has manufacturing facilities equal, he hopes, to his immense demand; there will be no more disappointments or delays; but in every city and town in the Union an opportunity will be afforded to purchase the only hair dye which produces an instantaneous counterfeit of a natural black or brown without staining the skin or injuring the flexibility and elasticity of the hair.

Manufactured, sold wholesale and retail, and applied at CRISTADORO'S, No. 6 Astor House.

Home Again.

Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, can now be consulted at No. 49 Bond-st., New-York, for all cutaneous diseases of the head. Loss of hair and premature grayness; moles, wens and warts, permanently cured; moth, freckles, pimples, comedones, (called black worms,) and all brown discolorations removed from the face.

No charge for consultation.

A Sure Pile Cure.

Dr. GILBERT'S PILE INSTRUMENT positively cures the worst cases of piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $4. Circulars free. Sold by druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address J. B. ROMAINE, Manager, No. 575 Broadway, New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Squire & Lander. No. 97 Fulton-st. offer for sale diamonds, 18 carat gold watches, chains, all kinds of jewelry, English sterling silver ware at a small per centage above ACTUAL MANUFACTURING COST.

Hernia, Varicocele and General Deformities, specially treated by the undersigned, at No. 154 Fulton-st.; trusses, abdominal supporters, spinal and shoulder braces; silk elastic stockings, suspensory bandages, &c., carefully adjusted to suit each case. J. C. MARSH.

Finest Ready-made Overcoats and Business suits ever seen in this country. Boys', youths' and childrens' clothing, largest assortment in the City, at very low prices. Boys' all wool cassimere suits for $12 each. BROKAW BROTHERS, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 346 4th-av.

The Most Carefully Selected Assortment of elegant Furs in the City, and at rates far below the sensation prices of the day, at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Ladies, Discard Injurious Paddings.—Mme. JUMEL'S Mammarial Balm and Patent Breast Elevator develops the form physiologically. 363 Canal-st. Sold by druggists. Send stamp for sealed circular.

Mott's Chemical Pomade Restores Gray hair, and is decidedly the best hairdressing used. Sold by RUSHTON, No. 10 Astor House, and by all druggists.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Rheumatism of years standing is being daily cured by a few doses of METCALFE'S Great Rheumatic Remedy.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, first quality; Hair Dye and Hair Dyeing, all colors, at BATCHELOR'S, No. 16 Bond-st.

Florence
REVERSIBLE FEED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.
Best family machine in the world.
FLORENCE S. M. CO.,
No. 505 Broadway.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine.
"Its seam is less liable to rip than the Lock-Stitch."
[*Judge's Report, " at the " Grand Trial.*"] 508 Broadway.

Sewing Machines,
For Sale and To Rent.
V. W. WICKES, NO. 744 BROADWAY, UP STAIRS.

The Union Button-Hole Machine sold exclusively by the SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 458 Broadway.

Elliptic S. M. Co.'s Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines, No. 543 Broadway. Highest premiums Maryland Institute, N. Y. and Penn. State Fairs, 1866.

The Howe Sewing-machines—Lockstitch—for Families and Manufacturers—are world-renowned. The HOWE MACHINE CO., 699 Broadway, New-York.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY. No. 495 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine and Buttonhole Machine, 625 Broadway.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher,
AND
REV. CHARLES H. SPURGEON,
THE TWO MOST POPULAR PREACHERS IN THE WORLD.
TO PREACH.
BEGINNING WITH DECEMBER, 1866,
FROM THE SAME PULPIT,
AND THAT PULPIT
THE EXAMINER AND CHRONICLE.

For the advance price of one year's subscription—$2 50 when sent by mail, and $3 if delivered by carriers. The *Examiner and Chronicle* will be sent to new subscribers, from any week in December, 1866, to January, 1868. Address EDWARD BRIGHT & CO., Box No. 3,835 New-York.

Office of Publication, No. 39 Park-row, New-York.

One Dollar Expended now in Purchasing a bottle of JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT by those troubled with a slight Cough, or Hoarseness, or Sore Throat, may save the expense of a doctor's bill. A neglected Cough often ends in Consumption. A slight inflammation of the lining of the wind-tubes, the usual symptoms of which are a Sore Throat and Pain in the Breast, will soon lead, through want of attention, to Bronchitis. A day's delay may entail months of suffering. Let the afflicted try at once JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. It is a standard remedy, and its curative properties have been tested by thousands of persons who have recovered their health by its use. Sold everywhere.

Boys' All Wool
WINTER SUITS,
$10 AND $12, AND UPWARD.

All goods of superior make, and as low as any other house in the trade.

ABBATT & MOORE,
No. 507 Broadway.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap,** in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials,** is **mild** and **emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented,** and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

"Alas! My Hair is Turning Gray and FALLING OUT."—CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean, strengthens the weakest hair, and promotes its growth. Sold by all druggists and fashionable hair-dressers, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

MARRIED.

BUCKLEY—STEELE.—In Jersey City, on Thursday, Nov. 22, by Rev. George H. Peeke, Mr. WILLIAM W. BUCKLEY to Miss MARY E. STEELE.

DE FOREST—DOUGLASS.—At Albany, on Thursday, Nov. 22, at the North Dutch Church, by Rev. Dr. Clark, ALBERT HENRY DE FOREST, of New-York, to JENNIE A., only daughter of John Douglass, of the former city.

ELDREDGE—BARNES.—In Brooklyn, Wednesday, Nov. 21, at Grace Church, by Rev. Dr. Hoffman, Paymaster CHARLES H. ELDREDGE, U. S. N., to ANN ELIZA, daughter of the late George Barnes, all of Brooklyn.

MILLER—COMSTOCK.—In this City, on Thursday, Nov. 22, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Francis Vinton, D. D., Lieut.-Commander JOSEPH N. MILLER, U. S. Navy, to NELLIE C., daughter of Capt. J. J. Comstock.

NEWELL—VAN BERGEN.—In this City, on Thursday, Nov. 22, by Rev. H. D. Ganse, at the Reformed Dutch Church, West 23d-st., GEORGE H. NEWELL to EMMA L., youngest daughter of Henry Van Bergen.

ROWLEE—STEINMAN.—On Thursday evening, Nov. 22, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. B. M. Adams, JNO. W. ROWLEE to LIZZIE M., only daughter of Jno. Steinman, all of Brooklyn.

RAYNOR—NEWTON.—On Wednesday, Nov. 21, by Rev. Dr. H. G. Weston, Mr. JAMES W. RAYNOR to Miss ALICE RUSSELL, daughter of the late Isaac Newton, all of this City.

SHEFFIELD—LEDLIE.—In Utica, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 21, by Rev. Dr. Fowler, JOSEPH B. SHEFFIELD, of Saugerties, N. Y., to AGNES R., youngest daughter of Mrs. G. F. Ledlie, of Utica.

THOMSON—DUTTON.—In Cincinnati, on Thursday, Nov. 15, by Rev. Frank Dutton, CLIFFORD THOMSON, of New-York, to Miss SALLIE M. DUTTON, niece of T. D. Lincoln, Esq., of Cincinnati.

DIED.

BREWSTER.—On Thursday morning, Nov. 22, at his residence in New-Haven, Conn., JAMES BREWSTER, aged 79 years.

The funeral will take place this day, (Saturday,) at New-Haven, at 1½ P. M.

BALDWIN.—Suddenly, at Monticello, Sullivan County, N. Y., on Thursday, Nov. 22, Hon. ALFRED J. BALDWIN, aged 31 years.

DEARBORN.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, JULIA SHAW, daughter of George A. and Elizabeth Dearborn, aged 3 years, 2 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from No. 58 Elliott-place, Brooklyn.

DAVIS.—On Tuesday, Nov. 20, at Waterford, Conn., LUCY A., wife of Benjamin Davis, aged 43 years.

GILSEY.—Of typhoid fever, JOSEPHINE, the wife of Peter Gilsey, Jr., and youngest daughter of Dr. A. C. Castle, aged 20 years.

The friends of the families are invited to attend the funeral services at Grace Church, Broadway, on Sunday, Nov. 25, at 2 o'clock P. M.

HARSELL.—At Ravenswood, on Thursday, Nov. 22, WILLIAM HARSELL, in the 68th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, on Saturday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in attendance at Hunter's Point upon the arrival of the 1 o'clock boat from James-slip and 34th-st. Ferries.

JARVIS.—After a long and painful illness, on Thursday morning, Nov. 22, CHARLES A. JARVIS, son of the late Noah Jarvis, Esq., in the 57th year of his age.

His relatives and friends and the members of St. Nicholas Lodge No. 321, F. & A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 316 West 22d-st., on Monday, Nov. 26, at 3 P. M. The burial services will be held at St. Ann's Protestant Episcopal Church, 18th-st., near 5th-av., on same day, at 3½ P. M.

MARTINE.—On Wednesday evening, Nov. 21, MAGGIE P., wife of John Martine, and daughter of Charles A. Baudouine, after a long and painful illness.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from Calvary Baptist Church, 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

NEIGHBOR.—On Friday morning, Nov. 23, ELIZABETH NEIGHBOR, wife of David Neighbor, Esq., in the 84th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend her funeral on Sunday, Nov. 25, at 2 o'clock, at her late residence, No. 317 Hudson-st. The remains will be taken to Lebanon, N. J., for interment, on Monday morning, Nov. 26, via Central Railroad of New-Jersey, foot of Liberty-st., at 8 o'clock.

OAKLEY.—Suddenly, on Friday, Nov. 23, BYALEY OAKLEY, in the 78th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, C. A. Fuller, No. 210 West 20th-st., on Sunday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

POST.—On Thursday, Nov. 22, JULIA LEE, daughter of the late Daniel B. and Julia G. Post, aged 15 years and 12 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Monday, the 26th inst., at 2 P. M., from the Episcopal Church, Rahway, N. J. Trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st. at 12 o'clock.

ROBERT.—At West Hoboken, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 21, Mr. CESAR AUGUSTUS ROBERT, aged 58 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Palisade-av., corner of Cortlandt-st., West Hoboken, on Saturday, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock.

SEBRING.—Entered into rest, on Thursday morning, Nov. 22, JUDITH L., relict of the late Jacob L. Sebring, in the 81st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited, without further invitation, to attend the funeral from the Reformed Dutch Church in 6th-av., opposite Amity-st., on Sunday, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

SCHUSTER.—On Thursday, Nov. 22, at his residence, Jersey City, of consumption, JOSEPH M. SCHUSTER, in the 55th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral this day, (Saturday,) the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 294 South 7th-st., Jersey City.

STOUTENBURGH.—On Thursday, Nov. 22, WM. INLAY STOUTENBURGH, in the 48th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 10 St. Felix-st., Brooklyn. The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Anglo-Saxon Lodge No. 137, F. & A. M., Salem Encampment No. 5, I. O. of O. F., and Atlantic Lodge No. 50, I. O. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend.

VERNON.—In this City, on Friday, Nov. 23, AMIE ANNA, elder daughter of the late Edward Vernon, in the 46th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, from her late residence, No. 148 West 49th-st., on Sunday the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

VAN WYCK.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, RICHARD VAN WYCK, aged 40 years.

The relatives and friends and those of his father-in-law, Barnett Johnson, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Sunday, Nov. 25, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 90 Remsen-st., without further notice.

YORK.—At Mobile, Ala., on Thursday, Nov. 22, Mrs. MARY ANN YORK, wife of Brevet Major Joseph S. York, U. S. Army, and daughter of Judge Edmonds.

NO WONDER SO MANY WORTHLESS medicines are advertised for the cure of various diseases, and when tried, "found wanting," that the invalid loses all faith in specifics. We have yet to learn, however, of the first failure of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, to cure coughs, colds and pulmonary disease.

POPULAR LECTURE,
By Rev. J. HYATT SMITH,
In aid of the Lee-av. Baptist Church, Williamsburgh, MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 26. Subject—HOME. Tickets 50 cents. To be had at the door.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer *City of Boston*, and for the German States via Hamburg, per steamer *Saxonia*, on Saturday, Nov. 24, will close at this office at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:05 A. M.; Stations C and D, 7:45 A. M.; Stations E and F, 7:30 A. M.; Station G, 7:25 A. M.
JAMES KELLY, P. M.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY IS SITuated on the line of the Harlem Railroad, (main entrance at Woodlawn Station,) seven miles north of the Central Park. Office, No. 52 East 26th-st.
WILLIAM A. BOOTH, President.
WILLIAM CLIFT, Comptroller.

PILES, PILES, AND ALL AFFECTIONS of the Bowels, permanently cured by Specific Remedies, at Dr. A. UPHAM'S Medical office, No. 39 East 4th-st., third door from the Bowery, and between Bowery and Broadway.

USE DR. BENNETT'S SURE DEATH to rats and mice, and you will be relieved of these troublesome creatures. DEMAS BARNES & CO., Wholesale Agents.

INSTRUCTION IN ORATORY—BY MRS. LESDERNIER, commencing SATURDAY EVENING NEXT. For terms, inquire of FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY.

A company that passes through a long season of adversity with safety and success must possess great solidity and a management of unusual skill and merit. The WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY, during the terrible succession of fiery visitations of 1866, breasted the storm and met every obligation fairly and unflinchingly, and proved itself sound to the core. So far from being injuriously affected by the season of disaster which proved too severe for so many companies, it served merely to demonstrate the inherent vitality of the WASHINGTON, and to invigorate its management. The consequence is that although its premium receipts during the current year have increased about 25 per cent. over those of last, its losses have, in an inverse ratio, proportionately diminished. Such elasticity evinces not only material strength, but a mental capacity to grasp and profit by the exigencies of the times characteristic of superior men.

The record of this Company is one of progress. It was organized under the general law of this State, in December, 1850, with a capital stock of $200,000, which was increased Jan. 31, 1860, to $400,000. To its fire business it added insurance upon inland navigation and transportation, and also adopted the participation system, which, in this instance, has proved a marked and encouraging success.

During the period included between Dec. 14, 1850, and July 31, 1866, not quite sixteen years, the Company paid losses to the amount of $1,030,736. Between the same dates its stockholders received $584,000 in cash dividends, and, since its adoption of the participation system, it has issued $206,000 of scrip on the earned premiums of policies entitled to participate in the profits of the Company for the year ending conventionally on the last day of every January.

Geo. C. Satterlee, Esq., has been President of the Washington ever since its organization, and much of its success is due to the wisdom and watchfulness of his supervision, and the constant and careful scrutiny and judgment he has exercised in the selection and rejection of risks offered for his acceptance. An officer equally vigilant and meritorious in his sphere is Henry Weston, Esq., elected Secretary of the Company in June, 1853, and Vice-President in 1860. His Secretaryship devolved upon a worthy successor, Mr. Wm. K. Lothrop, who has an efficient auxiliary in W. A. Scott, Assistant Secretary.

The total assets of this Company amount to about $700,000 and its annual income to over $300,000. The ratio of its progress may be deduced from the returns, made to the U. S. Revenue Department, of premium received:

From Feb. 1, 1865, to Nov. 1, 1865	$203,285
From Feb. 1, 1866, to Nov. 1, 1866	250,917
Increase this year about 25 per cent. for 9 months	$47,632

The Washington has this year not only been extremely well managed but very fortunate. It lost nothing by the Portland fire, and comparatively so little elsewhere, that it was enabled to pay 5 per cent., free of Government tax, as its last semi-annual dividend. It has, on the whole, done well in the past, and its prospect for the future is brilliant and improving.—*The Insurance Monitor.*

CHEAP AND ELEGANT GOODS.
1,000 PACKAGES OF GOODS TO BE SOLD AT A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
FINE CUT GLASS.

1 DOZEN EACH OF GOBLETS, CHAMPAGNES, CLARETS, WINES, AND FINGER BOWLS, AND 2 DECANTERS. $36 PER SET, WORTH $52.

FINE ENGRAVED AND CUT GLASS.

1 DOZEN EACH OF GOBLETS, CHAMPAGNES, CLARETS, WINES, AND FINGER BOWLS, AND 2 DECANTERS. $45 PER SET, WORTH $63.

SAME QUANTITY AS ABOVE, EXTRA FINE, $50 PER SET, WORTH $80.

CUT GLASS.

1 DOZEN EACH GOBLETS, CHAMPAGNES, CLARETS, WINES AND LIQUERS, WITH 2 DECANTERS, $20 PER SET, WORTH $35.

FINE CUT GLASS GOBLETS, $3 75 PER DOZEN.

FINE CUT GLASS CHAMPAGNES, $3 PER DOZEN.

FINE CUT GLASS WINES, $2 75 PER DOZEN.

FRENCH CHINA.

WHITE FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS, 135 PIECES, $38 PER SET.

WHITE PARIS GRANITE DINNER SETS, 137 PIECES, $35 PER SET.

FANCY DECORATED CHINA DINNER SETS, 118 PIECES, $75 PER SET.

FANCY DECORATED CHINA DINNER SETS, 134 PIECES, $125 PER SET.

FANCY DECORATED TEA SETS, 44 PIECES $13 50 AND $18 PER SET.

A JOB LOT OF WHITE CHINA DESSERT PLATES, $1 50 PER DOZEN.

100 EXTRA RICH DECORATED DINING SERVICES, FROM $200 TO $1,000 PER SET.

ALSO, FINE SILVER AND PLATED WARE, VASES, BRONZES, JARDINIERES, PARIAN, AND A SPLENDID SELECTION OF PARIS FANCY GOODS, JUST OPENED.

CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES, A LARGE AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.
NEW AND ELEGANT OVERCOATS IN
ESKIMO,
MOSKOWA,
CASTOR and
CHINCHILLA
BEAVERS.

BUSINESS and DRESS SUITS of the latest styles, from the finest FOREIGN and DOMESTIC GOODS.

The CUSTOM ROOMS not surpassed in variety of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.

One of the most complete assortments of CHILDREN'S CLOTHING ever offered.

FURNISHING DEPARTMENT has also one of the largest and best assorted stocks in the City.

F. B. BALDWIN, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.

WINTER CLOTHING.—THE BEST PLACE to buy superior OVERCOATS of every texture, style and make, also Dress and Business Suits, ready made or to order; FURNISHING GOODS, CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, &c., at F. B. BALDWIN'S, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery. The largest assortment in the City, and prices less.

THANKSGIVING
AT THE
FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, NO. 155 WORTH-ST.

The Trustees of this institution, in making their Thanksgiving appeal, would state that the great increase in their work, renders a corresponding increase in their contributions necessary.

During the year some FIFTEEN HUNDRED DIFFERENT children have been taught in the schools, fed and clothed, and about sixteen hundred children and adults have been inmates of the house until sent to situations or friends.

A family of more than two hundred is constantly maintained in the house.

Some thirty thousand pounds of bread, with sugar, tea and coffee, have been given to the out-door sick and poor, and children, in addition to a considerable sum of money, twelve hundred pair of shoes and many thousand garments.

FOUR HUNDRED AND NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-FIVE MEALS have been furnished through the year.

Strict investigations are always made before assistance is afforded.

Donations of money, clothing, clothing material and provisions are solicited. Any articles will be sent for.

Dinners will be prepared for two thousand on Thanksgiving. There will be ample room for spectators. Children will dine at 1¾ o'clock; afterward the out-door poor.

Contributions may be handed to either of the Trustees, sent through the Post-Office, or to the Superintendent,

S. B. HALLIDAY,
No. 155 Worth-st.

N. B.—Our friends are requested to be very particular to direct to the FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, as contributions are known by the Trustees to have often miscarried.

TRUSTEES:
ARCHIBALD RUSSELL, President, No. 21 10th-st.
HUGH N. CAMP, Treasurer, No. 149 Pearl-st.
B. LOCKWOOD, Secretary, No. 18 Platt-st.
FREDERIC G. FOSTER, No. 12 East 15th-st.
MARSHALL LEFFERTS, No. 148 Broadway.
CHARLES ELY, Gramercy Park House.
WM. T. BOOTH, No. 95 Front-st.
GEORGE F. BETTS, No. 41 Chambers-st.
D. LYDIG SUYDAM.

DYSPEPSIA
RHEUMATISM,
SWOLLEN GLANDS,
SCROFULA,
ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.

All cured by taking baths of mineral waters possessing certain chemical properties. Use STRUMATIC SALTS, prepared for bathing purposes from the Mineral Springs of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company. The chemical properties of those salts make them specifics for the cure of the above-named diseases. No more swallowing of drugs and quacks. Use Strumatic Mineral Baths! For sale at every respectable drug-store.

BROOKLYN FRATERNITY.—MAJ.-GEN. BUTLER will speak in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 24. Subject: *Usurpations, Wrongs and Abuses of the Executive Power, and the Constitutional Remedy Therefor.* Tickets can be had at S. Dyas & Co., No. 246 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC DYSPEPSIA.—Utter failure has hitherto attended all medical professors who have pretended to cure this disease. Nature's Remedials from Plants have now furnished a Sovereign Cure. Explanatory circular, one stamp. Advice gratis. WM. R. PRINCE, Flushing, N. Y.

LESSONS IN READING AND IN ORATORY.—Mrs. LESDERNIER will receive applications from gentlemen and ladies desiring instruction in the above arts, at No. 389 Broadway, care of Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS.

FILE OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES FOR sale, for the years 1863, 1864, 1865 and 1866, to date, including the Sunday edition; price, $15 per year. Address SAM, Box No. 191 Times Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LONDON-MADE COLLARS.
THE CAVALIER,
THE CROMWELL,
THE EMBROIDERED,
THE GUARDS,
THE LONDON,
THE MILTON,
THE PRINCE OF WALES,
THE PATTI,
THE PARIS,
THE REFORM,
THE SHAKESPEARE,
THE TRAVELING.

A beautiful variety of the above goods, elegant in style and perfect in manufacture, are now offered at POPULAR PRICES, BY UNION ADAMS, NO. 637 BROADWAY.

MIDDLE OF THE BLOCK.
HADLEY'S COOPER INSTITUTE
FRENCH CHINA
SELLING AT ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES.
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SHAPES.

Dinner Sets, 130 Ps.	$30 00	Tea Plates, # doz.	$1 50
Tea Sets, 44 Ps.	6 50	Cups and Saucers, #doz	2 25
Dinner Plates, # doz.	2 00	Butter Dishes	1 00
Breakfast Plates, #doz	1 75	Fruit Dishes	70

A large variety of
ELEGANT FANCY GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
DINNER, TEA, TOILET AND COLOGNE SETS.
MANTEL VASES, PUNCH BOWLS, &c., &c.
Silver Plated Ware, first quality, beautiful designs.
Parisian White Stone Ware always on hand. Cut and Pressed Glassware, handsomest manufactured. House Furnishing Goods in Wood and Metal Ware.
HADLEY'S CHINA HALLS,
Middle of the Cooper Institute Block.
No connection with corner store.

FURNITURE
OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF
PARLOR, DINING-ROOM and CHAMBER SUITES,
in Rosewood, Walnut, and Maple, retailing at manufacturers' prices,
AT F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
between Bowery and 2d-av.
All Goods warranted.

THE HOLIDAYS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE COUNTRY OF
RICH DINNER AND TEA SETS,
PARIS CLOCKS
AND STATUARY,
AND FINE FANCY GOODS
OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION.
OVINGTON BROTHERS,
Nos. 236, 238 and 240 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

HELP FOR THE WORTHY.—IN THE prosecution of the City Mission work, it is found that there are large numbers of persons who would gladly attend public worship if only they had decent or sufficient apparel. We refer not to those who are forward with excuses for neglect of duty, but to such honest, industrious, sober people, chiefly Americans and Protestants, many of them, widows and orphans, who, through the pressure of misfortune, are unable to provide for their necessary wants, particularly in the line of comfortable clothing. We are sure if the facts which come to us through every missionary report were fully spread out, there would be no hesitation on the part of the benevolent public in at once bestowing the help needed. May we not earnestly beg the attention of every citizen to this appeal, and solicit generous contributions in clothing, new or second-hand, or material to make up, or cash? Articles may be sent to any of the Mission Stations, as follows, viz.: No. 27 Greenwich, No. 74 West Broadway, No. 122 Leonard, No. 327 Madison, No. 139 Canal, No. 21 Avenue A, No. 70 Columbia, No. 191 Elm, No. 60 Bleecker, and No. 273 West 25th.

Cash may be sent to our order, designated for any special field, or left free to be applied to any emergency.

LEWIS E. JACKSON, Secretary.
GEO. J. MINGINS, Sup't City Missions.
No. 30 BIBLE HOUSE, Nov. 24, 1866.

ENGLISH MUTTON FOR DINNER TO-DAY.
ENGLISH MUTTON CHOPS,
English Filberts, Cheese, Hams and Bacon,
Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce,
Irish Hams and Bacon,
Scotch Oatmeal, Lochfine Herring,
Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles.
RICHARDSON, Agent, No. 100 William-st., near John.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED WINSLOW'S GREEN CORN, a necessity for every family. For sale by all respectable grocers throughout the country.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

MR. CARLETON begs to inform the Trade that he will have ready in a few days the long-expected Novel by Miss EVANS, entitled

ST. ELMO.

A splendid new novel, by Miss AUGUSTA J. EVANS, author of "Beulah," "Macaria," &c. * * * Remarkable as this author's previous novels were, the new one, "St. Elmo," must be acknowledged not only *her* masterpiece, but a masterpiece of English fiction. Brilliant with genius, magnificent in word-painting, powerful in plot, and intense in interest, "St. Elmo" will prove to be the finest American novel ever published.

MR. CARLETON's other works, recently published, are

LAUS VENERIS
and other Poems and Ballads. By ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE. Fifth edition now ready.......Price $1 75

OUR ARTIST IN PERU.
A new comic book, by G. W. CARLETON, author of "Our Artist in Cuba." Fourth thousand....Price $1 50

THE CULPRIT FAY.
A holiday edition of this beautiful poem, with one hundred illustrations, by LUMLEY; an elegant quarto gift-book.......Price $5 00

ROUNDHEARTS,
and other Stories for Children. A delightful book. By the author of "Rutledge," with illustrations, Price $1 75

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JAMES W. TUCKER & CO. buy and sell United States Securities and Foreign Exchange, issue and cash Letters of Credit, as well as transact a general commission business, and refer, by permission, to the following gentlemen:

REFERENCES:

WM. T. ANDREWS, Esq., President National City Bank, Boston.
WM. H. ASPINWALL, Esq., New-York.
JAMES H. BEAL, Esq., President Second National Bank, Boston.
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T. HALL FAILE, Esq., New-York.
DUDLEY S. GREGORY, Esq., Jersey City, New-Jersey.
GEORGE GRISWOLD, Esq., New-York.
STEPHEN HYATT, Esq., New-York.
WM. S. JENKINS, Esq., Cashier Bank of America, New-York.
AMOS A. LAWRENCE, Esq., Boston.
WM. H. MACY, Esq., President Leather Manufacturers' Bank, New-York.
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Messrs. HOYT BROTHERS, New-York.
Messrs. BUSSING, CROCKER & CO., New-York.
Messrs. SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., New-York.
Messrs. W. A. & A. M. WHITE, New-York.
Messrs. WM. F. WELD & CO., Boston.

OLYMPIC THEATRE MATINEE.

The LONG STRIKE THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock—produced same as at night, for the Ladies' and Children's Matinee. Admission for this occasion, fifty cents to all parts of the theatre. Children twenty-five cents. The Telegraph scene will be in complete working order. Always a great number of ladies and children present at the Olympic Matinees.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,

No. 72 BROADWAY,

issue drafts on London, Paris, Frankfort, Hamburg, Bremen, Berlin, Rome, &c., in sums to suit, at lowest market rates. Articles purchased on commission and collections made in any part of Europe.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.

Issue letters of credit for travelers' use on Messrs. Rothschild in Paris, London, Frankfort and Vienna, and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe.

OFFICE OF THE SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON & N. Y. R. R. Co.,
SYRACUSE, Nov. 14, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of December next. The polls will be opened at 11 o'clock A. M., and continue open until 1 o'clock P. M.

O. WELCH, Secretary.

FOR SALE—BELT RAILROAD STOCK CHEAP; ALSO OTHER CITY RAILROAD SECURITIES AND A FULL LINE OF INSURANCE, CITY AND COUNTY STOCKS AND BONDS, AT LOW RATES, FOR INVESTMENT.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 7, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual election for nine Directors of this Company will be held at the Company's office, Nos. 59 and 61 Wall-st., on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 21, 1866, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

THEO. T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

SIERRA MADRE COMPANY OF COLORADO—Twenty-seven shares for sale. Address Box No. 2,592 Post-office.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 6 Beekman-st., Room No. 5, Residence over Park Bank

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1866.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors having increased the capital stock of the Company, pursuant to the act of May 1, 1866, to TWENTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, (of which 50,000 shares remain to be issued,) have reserved FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS in cash out of the profits of the Company for the exigencies of the business, and have declared instead thereof to the persons holding stock on the books of this Company, at the closing of the transfer-books, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1866, at 3 o'clock P. M., a dividend of such fifty thousand shares of the stock of this Company as full-paid stock; being one share of new stock to every three shares of existing stock.

The certificates will be ready for delivery on and after WEDNESDAY, Jan. 2, 1867, at the Company's office.

N. B.—Holders entitled to fractions in the above dividend, will receive a memorandum for the fractions to which they may be entitled, not carrying interest or dividends; for which fractions, when presented in sufficient amounts, certificates of stock will be issued. By order of the Board of Directors.

THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO.,
No. 57 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a Dividend of Seven per Cent., less Government tax, on the preferred stock of this Company for the year ending the 1st day of December next, payable on and after the 17th day of December next in the preferred stock of the Company, at par, to holders of said stock as shown by the books of the Company on the 1st day of December. The Transfer-Books will be closed on the afternoon of the 1st of December, and open on the morning of the 18th. Fractional parts of a share of the Dividend declared will be paid for in cash by the Treasurer at the rate of the price of the stock the day preceding the purchase.

A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the net earnings of the quarter ending Oct. 31, payable at the office of the Company, Saturday, Dec. 1.

The transfer-books will be closed Tuesday, Nov. 20, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened Monday, Dec. 3.

By order of the Board of Directors,

THEO. T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

UNITED STATES PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 38 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 20, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE TRUSTEES OF THE UNITED States Petroleum Company have THIS DAY declared a dividend of two per cent. for the month of November, inst., payable on and after Saturday, Dec. 1. The transfer books will be closed on Monday, the 26th inst., and reopened on Monday, Dec. 3. By order.

P. G. FENNING, Secretary.

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.—JOHN ARTHUR & CO., No. 10 Rue Castiglione, agents to the British and American Embassies, established 38 years, undertake to represent exhibitors, bank and exchange, house and estate agents, commission, transit agents and wine merchants. Every information gratis.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK,

OFFICE CORNER OF BROADWAY AND LIBERTY-STREET.

F. S. WINSTON, President.

Cash Assets, Nov. 1, 1866.

$17,316,001 83.

This Company issues Life, Endowment and Paid-up Policies, in various forms, and at rates as favorable as is consistent with security.

DIVIDENDS ANNUAL AND IN CASH,

which may be used in payment of premiums, or on paid-up policies, as an annual CASH INCOME TO THE ASSURED.

Attention is called to the

INSTALMENT FEATURE,

Securing to the beneficiaries annuities for any number of years after the death of the assured.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, V. P.
SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.

ISAAC ABBATT,
JOHN M. STUART, } Secretaries.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Nos. 156 and 158 Broadway, New-York.

H. STOKES, President. C. Y. WEMPLE, Vice-Prest.
J. L. HALSEY, Secretary. S. N. STEBBINS, Actuary.
H. Y. WEMPLE, Ass't Sec'y.

ANNUAL INCOME NEARLY $2,000,000.

Important new feature in dividends and modes of insurance

Smallest ratio of mortality.
Expenses less than any cash Company.
Liberal modes of payment of premiums.
Insurers receive the largest bonus ever given.
Dividends made annually on all participating policies.

NO CLAIMS UNPAID.

All kinds of non-forfeiting life and endowment policies issued.
Policies incontestable.
Loans made on policies.
All policies after three years non-forfeitable.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.

Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York or sent by mail, free of postage. Address Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

HASTEN TO DR. KENNEDY, NO. 195 Elm-st. He makes the greatest cures known. Thousands are saved by Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor. Persons at a distance address Dr. G. KENNEDY, 195 Elm-st. Call or write.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. CORBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness, nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 64 West 34th-st., near 6th-av. or sent by mail. Address Box 2,379 New-York Post-office. Also sold at Druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich st.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—AN ESSAY of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prematurely Prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by using Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. Restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. Office, 195 Elm-st.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL FOR THE TREATment of stricture, varicocele, hemorrhoids, fistula, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, under the exclusive control of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., Editor of the *Scalpel*. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at Doctor's residence. No. 42 5th-av.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 10 to 5. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guides," on his special treatment of local, constitutional, nervous diseases, stricture, fistula, piles, &c., $1 50. E. WARNER, Publisher, No. 1 Vesey-st.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS, for both married and single ladies, are the very best thing known, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause. Expressly for obstinate cases. Dr. POWERS. No. 195 Elm-st.

LADIES' BENEFACTOR, GREAT FEMALE REGULATOR.—Dr. Powers Periodical Drops: best thing known; a cure at one trial. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.: his Periodical Drops guaranteed effectual.

A.—YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD regained—use Dr. POWER'S ELIXIR, especially all contemplating marriage. Office No. 195 Elm-st.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical Drops and Pills; one interview sufficient. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.

MRS. W. H. MAXWELL, FEMALE physician, does not humbug ladies with medicine. No. 6 Greene-st.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c

AUCTION SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE AT AUGUSTA.

The following property will be sold at a PUBLIC AUCTION, to be held at the UNITED STATES ARSENAL AT AUGUSTA, GEORGIA, on THURSDAY, Dec. 20, 1866.

Property at FORT FISHER, NORTH CAROLINA, as follows:

About 70,000 pounds unserviceable guns, shot and shell.

34 unserviceable gun-carriages, with the irons on them.

340 barrels damaged powder.

Laying at the railroad depot in ATLANTA, Ga.:

104,000 pounds cast-iron guns.

At the FINDLAY IRON WORKS AT MACON, Ga.:

A fine steam-press hammer, acting direct from cylinder; weight of drop 2,000 pounds.

At the AUGUSTA ARSENAL AND POWDER WORKS the following:

112,000 pounds cast-iron guns.

12,000 pounds cast-iron castings, some of them valuable.

330,000 pounds cast-iron scrap, (shot and shell, &c.)

6,000 pounds iron copper scrap.

190 field gun-carriages, with the irons on them.

140 ammunition chests, (black walnut and copper.)

60 sets artillery harness for two horses.

And a quantity of other property, consisting of, principally, saddles, horses, equipments, infantry accoutrements, (leather,) musket appendages, harness, bullet-moulds, powder-flasks and blacksmith bellows.

The sale will commence at 10 A. M. and continue until all the property is sold.

TERMS: Twenty per cent. on the day of the sale and the remainder when the property is delivered, or within ten days.

Persons desiring to purchase the property, either at Fort Fisher, N. C., Atlanta or Macon, Ga., should examine it before the day of the sale.

D. W. FLAGLER, Brevet Lieut.-Col. U. S. A.,
Capt. of Ordnance, Comdg. Augusta Arsenal.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

LEEDS ART GALLERY.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on the EVENINGS of MONDAY, 26th, TUESDAY, 27th, and WEDNESDAY, 28th November, at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the "Leeds Art Gallery," Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, corner 12th-st., a large and valuable invoice of pictures just received from Paris, among which are the following artists, viz.:

Jules Noel,	Ed. Frere,	Montfallet,
Veron,	Pecrus,	Goupil,
Delacroix,	Rosier,	Couturier,
Veyrassat,	Lambinet,	Kuwasseg,
Lanfant de Metz,	Brissot,	Salmon,
Beaulieu,	Chaplin,	Cortes, &c.

Also, the following by other artists:

Verbeckhoven,	Geo. H. Hall,	Wm. Craig,
P. Villamil,	D. Johnson,	Rondel,
Boutelle,	Thorn,	Coleman,
Inman,	H. Ronner,	Everson,

and others.

The pictures are to be sold without reserve, and will be on exhibition on and after Thursday, 22d, and two evenings before the sale as above.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.
Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

IMPORTANT SALE OF VALUABLE DIAMOND JEWELRY, WATCHES, &c.,

For account of whom it may concern, to pay advances, and this will be the final notice to parties interested.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction SATURDAY, Nov. 24, at 1 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., valuable DIAMOND JEWELRY, WATCHES, &c., as follows:

A 24-stone diamond pin; perfect stones; very fine.
A 7-stone diamond pin.
One 18-carat gold Cooper hunting watch.
One fine gold James Nardin hunting watch.
One fine gold Mahjourn hunting watch.
One fine gold Branson hunting watch.
One fine gold Courvoisier hunting watch.
Six fine gold chains.
A lot of watch escapements.

ALSO,

A Wilder's fire and burglar-proof safe.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS AT AUCTION,

On 3d, 5th, 8th and Madison avs., 58th, 67th, 68th, 78th and 80th sts.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Nov. 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

3D-AV.—Four brick buildings, Nos. 929, 931, 933 and 935, 25 feet south of 60th-st.; each 18.9¾x105 feet.
5TH-AV.—Southeast corner of 78th-st.; 1 lot 25.8x100 feet.
5TH-AV.—Southeast corner of 80th-st.; 1 lot 25.8x100 feet.
5TH-AV.—One lot 51.2 south of 80th-st.; 1 lot 25.6x100 feet.
MADISON-AV.—Northeast corner of 67th-st.; 1 lot 25.5x100 feet.
MADISON-AV.—Northwest corner of 67th-st.; 1 lot 25.5x100 feet.
8TH-AV.—Northwest corner 58th-st; 4 lots, 3 on avenue and 1 on street.
EAST 67TH-ST.—One lot, north side, 65 feet west of Madison-av., 25x100 feet 5 inches.
WEST 58TH-ST.—Two lots, north side, 325 feet west of 5th-av.; each 25x100 feet 5 inches.
EAST 68TH-ST.—Four lots, south side, 95 feet west of Madison-av.; each 25x100 feet 5 inches.

Maps and full particulars at the auctioneer's office E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 9, 1866.

SALE OF NAVY POWDERS.

There will be sold by public auction, to the highest bidders, at noon, WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of November, 1866, in the office of the Inspector of Ordnance, New-York Navy-yard, two thousand (2,000) barrels of powder, composed of serviceable and unserviceable.

These powders will be sold by samples, in lots to suit purchasers.

Terms, one-half cash in Government funds, to be deposited on the conclusion of the sale, and the remainder within ten days afterward, during which time the powders must be removed by the purchasers; otherwise they will revert to the Government.

Purchasers will be required to furnish their own packages, where the powder is not in barrels.

H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

FORTY-FOURTH AUCTION SALE
OF
40,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL.
On TUESDAY, Nov. 27, 1866.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1866.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers, at the Company's salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, Nov. 27, at 12 o'clock, noon,

40,000 TONS

of FRESH MINED COAL, FROM THE LACKAWANNA REGIONS, of the usual sizes, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of December next.

TERMS: Fifty cents per ton, payable in current funds on the day of sale, and the balance within ten days thereafter, at the office of the Company.

JOHN BRISBIN, President.

PUBLIC SALE.

The United States Marine Hospital and lot at Norfolk, Va., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to the approval of the bid by the Secretary of the Treasury, at 12 M., SATURDAY, Dec. 1, 1866, on the premises

The lot is 246 feet square, more or less, is finely located, having a frontage on Liberty, Water and Chestnut sts., and would make a choice site for a ship-yard, marine railway, &c. The building and grounds would also be admirably adapted for a boarding-school for either boys or girls.

Terms of sale—$5,000 cash, balance in equal payments of thirty and sixty days. A deposit of $1,000 will be required at time of sale. A certificate of sale will be given, and the deed to be executed upon the payment of the last installment of the purchase money.

LEWIS W. WEBB,
Collector of Customs.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT TROTTING HORSE "DAN MACE."

By EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS DAY, 24th inst., at 1 o'clock, at No. 60 Liberty-st., the celebrated trotting horse "DAN MACE;" is 7 years old, about 15 hands, and sound and kind in all harness, and can trot in 2:40. Also, light trotting wagon and harness. Sale peremptory. Also, an elegant long tail gray coupe horse, 16 hands, 8 years old, sound and kind, an exceedingly valuable horse.

E. ROTH, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

ELEGANT ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE,
RICH PARLOR FURNITURE,
TURKISH EASY-CHAIRS AND LOUNGES,
VELVET, BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETS,
PARIAN AND CHINA VASES, BRONZES, &c.

An extraordinary opportunity for housekeepers.

At the four-story dwelling-house, No. 119 Clinton-place, 8th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., THIS SATURDAY, Nov. 24, afternoon, at 1½ o'clock precisely. Sale positive.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT SPAN OF HORSES,

DOG CART AND HARNESS.

By EDWARD SCHENCK, on SATURDAY, 24th inst., at 1 o'clock, at No. 60 Liberty-st., the complete establishment of a gentleman going to Europe, viz.: A span of very stylish carriage horses, black and bay, sound and kind, 7 years old, 15¾ hands. Also, a light dog-cart, made by Brewster & Baldwin; fine double harness, made by Louden. Also, a fine span of carriage horses, park phaeton and harness. Sale positive.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF NO. 20 ALBANY-ST.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Nov. 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of the executors of Wm. B. Cooper, deceased.

ALBANY-ST.—The valuable lot, with the buildings, No. 20 Albany-st., south side, between Washington and West sts., 19 feet front, 18.6 rear, by 58 feet in depth.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, E. H. LUDLOW, & CO., No 3 Pine-st.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer.

GOERCK AND THIRD-ST. PROPERTY.

D. M. SEAMAN will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Nov. 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the lot, with three three-story brick houses, southwest corner Goerck and 3d sts.; lot 14 feet front, 26.10 feet rear, and 100 feet deep. Maps, &c., at the auctioneer's office, No. 14 Pine-st.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer.
Late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

LARGE SALE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, LARGE LOT CARPETS, &c.—[The entire contents of a private residence, removed for convenience of sale.] THEALL & BROS. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 62 Liberty-st., near Nassau:

A very large assortment of household furniture, &c., consisting in part of rich rosewood, walnut and mahogany parlor suites, mantel mirrors, fine marble-top tables, secretary, book-cases, damask and lace curtains, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, enameled bedroom suites, spring beds, curled hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, very fine velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rich French china and cut glass ware, &c. Catalogues at the salesroom, 62 Liberty-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on SATURDAY, Nov. 24, at 12 o'clock, in front of their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.:

A DARK BROWN TROTTER, about 8 years old, 15 hands high, can travel in 3 minutes; warranted sound and kind.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, (SATURDAY,) NOV. 24, AT 11½ o'clock, within the store, 486 boxes fresh Malaga lemons, landing ex *Abdel Kader*.

PERSONAL.

INFORMATION WANTED OF DANIEL and JOHN HICKEY, of Kilkey, County Clare, Ireland, by their sister; when last heard from were in Washington. Any information relating to them will be thankfully received by MARY HICKEY, No. 230 Varick-st., New-York.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES. CARRIAGES.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

800 FOR SALE.

100 Sleighs, 500 Harnesses, 1,000 Straps Sleigh Bells.

C. WITTY'S Carriage Warerooms,
Broadway, near Bleecker-st.

DRY GOODS.

A GREAT RUSH!!!

FOR BARGAINS.

NO BIG PROFITS! NO DULL TRADE!

But crowds of customers and cheap goods.

A HEAVY CRASH IN MUSLINS.

FINE MUSLINS, 12½c.: former price, 18c.
FINER GOODS, 14c. and 16c.
EXTRA QUALITY, 20c., 25c. and 30c.
BEST 4-4 WAMSUTTAS, 35c.
OTHER STORES CHARGE 44c.

The decline in Muslins is from 6c. to 10c. a yard.

10,000 AUCTION BLANKETS, nearly half price.

FOSTER BROTHERS, No. 167 8th-av., near 18th-st.,
And FOSTER BROTHERS, No. 272 Bleecker-st.

TAYLOR, McGIBBON & CO.,

NO. 809 BROADWAY,
Between 11th and 12th sts.

FINE TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS,

in great variety, for

THANKSGIVING AND CHRISTMAS,

ALL SIZES,

from 2 to 6 yards long.

NO. 809 BROADWAY.

BROCATELS, TAPESTRY, REPS.

LACE CURTAINS,

CORNICES, SHADES.

TAYLOR, McGIBBON & CO.,

No. 809 Broadway,
Between 11th and 12th sts.

NOW READY.

GRAY'S IMITATION COLLARS,

FOR LADIES' WEAR.

This collar is made of fine white paper, and is a capital *imitation of the prevailing style of plaited or tucked linen collar,* both in its general appearance and in such details as stitching, &c. Although the original idea in making paper collars was solely to produce something less expensive than linen, yet it is now freely conceded that paper, in many respects, is the handsomest; for instance clearness of color, uniform appearance, and entire exemption from all such troubles as imperfect laundry work. The aim in the above collar is, therefore, not to see how low a price can be reached, but to attain the best quality of work possible. Then they will be furnished at as low rates as such work can be afforded. In this regard it is only necessary to say that they will possess the same excellent qualities which have characterized Mr. Gray's previous productions. They are furnished in two styles, viz.: "GARROTE" and "TURN-OVER," and are packed in neat boxes of ten each.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

General agents,
LELAND, JOHNSON & CO.,
No. 81 Devonshire-st., Boston.

New-York agents,
J. B. SPELMAN & SONS,
No. 30 Warren-st.

GREAT BARGAINS IN RICH DRY GOODS.

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

No. 355 BROADWAY, between Franklin and Leonard sts., will offer at retail on MONDAY, Nov. 26,

THE GREATEST BARGAINS YET OFFERED,

having purchased largely at the great peremptory auction sales of last week, the

RICHEST SILKS AND MEDIUM-PRICED DRESS GOODS,

at about 50 cents on the dollar. Also,

SHAWLS,

the RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED, with the largest assortment of RICH MATERIALS for

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS,

in VELVET AND ASTRAKHAN CLOTHS, of all colors.

Also, BLACK and COLORED BEAVER CLOTH at less than half price.

CLOAKS, FURS,

A most elegant assortment of

CLOAKS, SACQUES, BASQUES, JACKETS AND CIRCULARS,

in Velvet and Cloth, which

CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

Also, an unusually fine lot of

MAGNIFICENT FURS,

at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, just opened by

JOHN CAMPBELL,
No. 898 Broadway, between 19th and 20th sts.

SMILLIE & CO.

Have opened the most ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of

CLOAKS, SACQUES, BASQUES, JACKETS and CIRCULARS, in VELVET and CLOTH, which cannot be surpassed in America.

No. 763 BROADWAY,
Between 8th and 9th sts.

WILLIAM BUCHANAN MACKENZIE,
Superintendent.

NOVELTIES IN SILKS

AND FANCY ARTICLES, AU BON MARCHE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Rue du Bac, corner of Rue de Sevres. Ladies visiting Paris should, before effecting their purchases elsewhere, visit this establishment. They will find an immense assortment of every novelty of the finest quality and real cheapness.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, No. 739 Broadway, opposite Astor-place, infants' wardrobes, children's cloaks and suits, figaro costumes, sacks, dresses, caps, blankets, bibs, waists, aprons, corsets, spencers, &c., &c.

Ladies' under-garments, ladies' skirts, ladies' and misses' sets. Large stock of embroidered yokes. Initials and coats-of-arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen, and bed-clothes. Stamping and stamped goods of every kind.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NEW CARPET STORE JUST OPENED.—We have received from auction over 300 pieces of Brussels and ingrain carpets at a great reduction from last month's prices. Cotton and wool carpets 50 cents. All wool 75 cents. Superior, all wool, $1 to $1 25. Power looms from $1 37 to $1 50. Our stock of tapestries, body Brussels and royal velvets will compare with any house in the City. Oil-cloths from one to six yards wide, druggets, do., window shades, rugs, mats, &c., &c.

D. KELLY & CO., corner 25th-st. and 6th-av.

FANCY HOSIERY, FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN, new styles. Also English MERINO DRAWERS, VESTS, GAITERS, MITTENS, GLOVES, HOODS, SCARFS, &c., &c. PARIS KID GLOVES, first quality, all colors, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, east side.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, NEW STYLES.—Velvets, ribbons, laces, embroideries, corsets and skirts at low prices, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

TICKETS AND SAMPLE CARDS FOR all kinds of dry goods and manufacturing at SALISBURY'S Dry Goods Refinishing, Refolding and Packing Establishment, No. 158 Duane-st.

MILLINERY.

CHILDREN'S BONNETS AND VELVET BONNETS FOR LADIES.—We warrant our Velvet Bonnets and Hats to be the best, and at half the price sold for at other houses. L. BINNS, Millinery, No. 577 Broadway.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

AT GIMBREDE'S, NO. 588 BROADWAY, on exhibition in the show window this week, fans and parasols. Parasols at cost of importation. N. B. The Crystalized Visiting Card, introduced November 17th, and a new Wedding Envelope destined to supercede all others in the market.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S DRESSING and Writing Cases, Portfolios, Pocket-books, Card-cases, Banker's Cases. Manufacturers, WM. T FRY & CO., Nos. 134 and 136 William-st., New-York.

W. T. FRY & CO., MANUFACTURERS of the well-known Fry's patent pocket flask metal flasks, soap boxes, drinking cups, reward meda &c. Manufactory Nos. 134 and 136 William-st., N. Y.

PROPOSALS.

TO ARCHITECTS.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR NEW BUILDINGS FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Architects are invited to prepare plans and specifications, and estimates of cost, for new fire-proof buildings for the War Department, on the site now occupied by the War Department and adjacent vacant ground, in Washington, D. C.

The buildings required should have a superficial area as large as the site selected will admit of. Photographs of site, and all other information relating to the subject, will be furnished to Architects desiring to compete for the work, upon application, personally or by letter, to the undersigned.

A premium of $3,000 for the first, of $2,000 for the second, and $1,000 for the third most acceptable plans and specifications received, will be awarded, upon the approval of the Hon. Secretary of War, by the Board of Officers charged with the duty of selecting a site and preparing plans and specifications for the buildings of the War Department under act of Congress approved July 28, 1866.

The plans and specifications must be sent to the office of Brevet Lieut.-Col. T. J. Treadwell, Recorder of the Board, Ordnance Office, Winder's Building, Washington, D. C., on or before the first day of February, 1867.

The Board will reserve the right to reject any or all plans submitted, should none be deemed suitable for the purpose, as well as to retain any or all of such plans.

By order of the Board.

T. J. TREADWELL,
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel U. S. A., Recorder.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
No. 237 BROADWAY.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28, 1866, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Seventy-fourth-street, between First and Second avenues.

For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Seventy-seventh-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

For curb, gutter and flagging Ninety-second-street, between First and Second avenues.

For flagging Twenty-sixth-street, between Second-avenue and East River.

For flagging Twenty-seventh-street, southwest corner of Second-avenue.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.

Dated Street Department, New-York, Nov. 17, 1866.

CHARLES G. CORNELL,
Street Commissioner.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Fifth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, Dec. 5, 1866, at 12 o'clock M., for the desks, chairs, settees, &c., required for furnishing the new Primary School-house now in course of erection on Vestry-st., near Hudson, in said Ward. Plans and specifications of the work can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st. Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named.

The School officers of the Ward reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.

WM. H. BURRAS,
CLAUS PUCHHAFER, } Committee on School Furniture, Fifth Ward.

Dated Nov. 21, 1866.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 M., FRIDAY, 30th inst., for the delivery to the United States of two hundred and fifty tons "T" railroad iron, weighing about 50 pounds to the yard.

F. J. CRILLY,
Brevet Colonel and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

MUSICAL.

DECKER BROTHERS'

PATENT PLATE PIANO-FORTE.

The public and the patrons of the WELL-KNOWN DECKER PIANOS are cautioned against buying any Decker Piano which purports to be a Decker Brothers' Piano, and does not have in raised letters on the iron plate at the left side the words

DECKER BROTHERS' PATENT, JUNE, 1863.

The Decker Brothers' Piano is sold at No. 91 Bleecker-street only, and at no other place in the same street.

IN ANSWER TO DECKER BROTHERS' CAUTION.—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has been in the piano-forte business for the past twenty-five years—long before, (as he thinks, they) Decker Brothers came to this country; further that I do not advertise any patent humbugs; furthermore, I am willing to leave the matter to an intelligent public whether wood will sustain more strain than wood and iron combined. E. B. DECKER, piano-forte manufacturer, No. 4 Bleecker-st., New-York, late of Broome-st.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

STEINWAY & SONS
Grand, Square and Upright
PIANO-FORTES

Have taken Thirty-five First Premiums at the Principal Fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and also were awarded a First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1862, in competition with 269 Pianos from all parts of the World.

That the great superiority of these instruments is now universally conceded is proven by the *fact* that Messrs. Steinways' "scales, improvements and peculiarities of construction" have been copied by the great majority of the manufacturers of both hemispheres, *(as closely as could be done without infringement of patent rights,)* and that their instruments are used by the most eminent pianists of Europe and America, who prefer them for their own public and private use whenever accessible.

Every Piano is constructed with their "Patent Agraffe Arrangement" *applied directly to the full Iron Frame.*

STEINWAY & SONS direct special attention to their newly-invented "*Upright*" Pianos, with their "*Patent Resonator*" and *double* Iron Frame, patented June 5, 1866. This invention consists in providing the instrument (in addition to the iron frame in *front* of the soundboard) with an iron brace frame in the *rear* of it, both frames being cast in *one piece*, thereby imparting a solidity of construction and capacity of standing in tune never before attained in that class of instrument.

The soundboard is supported between the two frames by an apparatus regulating its tension, so that the greatest possible degree of sound-producing capacity is obtained, and regulated to the nicest desirable point.

The great volume and exquisite quality of tone, as well as elasticity and promptness of action, of these new Upright Pianos, have elicited the unqualified admiration of the musical profession and all who have heard them.

STEINWAY & SONS confidently offer these beautiful instruments to the public and invite every lover of music to call and examine them.

Letter from the Celebrated European Pianist,
ALEXANDER DREYSCHOCK,
Court Pianist to the Emperor of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURGH, Sept. 22, 1865.

Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS: I cannot refrain from expressing to you my undisguised admiration of your in *every respect matchless* Grand Pianos, (which I used at my last concert in Brunswick,) and I desire nothing in the world so much as to be able to perform upon one of these masterpieces here. Send me, therefore, (care of Johann David Hoerle & Co. in St. Petersburgh,) one of your Concert Grand Pianos—of course at most moderate artist's price—and inform me, without delay, in which manner I can best remit the purchase money to you.

Respectfully yours,
ALEXANDER DREYSCHOCK.

LETTER FROM WILLIE PAPE,
Court Pianist to the Royal Family of England.

LONDON, England, Feb. 4, 1866.

Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS: I am much pleased to see the rapid advances you are making, and the numerous certificates you have so deservedly obtained. Should my humble opinion be of any weight, you may add that I give my *four hundredth* Piano-forte recital, at Cheltenham, on the 10th of this month, since my arrival here; that during my four annual visits to Paris, I have used the Grand Pianos of all the first European manufacturers, but have found *no instrument equal to the one I purchased of you.* In fact, I consider one of your finest Square Pianos equal to any one of the Grand Pianos manufactured here. Truly yours,

WILLIE B. PAPE,
Pianist to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.

STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS are the only American instruments exported to Europe in large numbers and actually used by the great pianists in European concert-rooms.

WAREROOMS,
FIRST FLOOR OF STEINWAY HALL,
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.,
Between 4th-av. and Irving-place,
NEW-YORK.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.

RAVEN & BACON, manufacturers of PIANO-FORTES with PATENT COMBINATION SOUNDING-BOARDS, patented Aug. 14, 1866.—This invention, introduced exclusively into our Pianos, is of the greatest advantage to the tone of the instrument, as it affects the Sounding-Board—the very soul of the Piano—and produces thereby a pure liquid tone, greatly superior in quality and power to that of the ordinary Piano. The Sounding-Board, released from its connection with the piano-case and resting upon under sounding-boards, is relieved from the rigidity caused by such connection, and its vibratory quality greatly increased. All lovers of this eminently household instrument, as well as parties proposing to purchase new Pianos, are invited to call and examine our assortment.

WAREROOMS—135 Grand-st., near Broadway, N. Y.

KINDT & MANZ

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS,

having removed to their new and spacious warerooms, No. 865 Broadway, between 17th and 18th sts., New-York, would respectfully ask the attention of those wishing to purchase pianos to their improved and superior instruments. These are all manufactured under their personal supervision, and from their great experience and close attention, they are enabled to guarantee them unsurpassed by any in brilliancy, delicacy and compass of tone, combined with a superiority of workmanship, which insures the greatest possible durability.

All of them are constructed with the Agraffe arrangement, and each instrument will be warranted for five years.

DECKER & CO.

NEW SCALE IVORY AGRAFFE BAR PIANO FORTES.

Pronounced by our most eminent musicians the BEST PIANO MADE. Call and examine.

NO. 419 BROOME-ST.,

One block east of Broadway.

The above piano we warrant for the term of seven years.

CHEVE'S NEW MUSICAL INSTITUTE,

Under the direction of Sig. JOSEPH BORRA,
No. 1,279 Broadway; entrance No. 65 34th-st.

Desirous of proving the superiority of this system over all others now taught in the country, Sig. BORRA proposes to give six lessons gratuitously to all persons wishing to pursue it, and requests such to call immediately at the Institute for classification, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. The first lesson for ladies (each class occupying one hour) will be given on WEDNESDAY, 28th inst., from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Gentlemen from 8 to 10 P. M.

THE HORACE WATERS

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS, MELODEONS AND CABINET ORGANS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—To let, and rent allowed, if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Factory and Warerooms No. 481 Broadway. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. Pianos tuned and repaired. New 7-octave pianos for $275 and upward. Piano stools and covers. HORACE WATERS.

JOHN Q. GRAFF,

TEACHER OF PIANO AND VOCALIZATION,
No. 181 West 27th-st., near 8th-av.

MASON & HAMLIN, MANUFACTURERS of CABINET ORGANS, No. 596 Broadway, New-York, offer the largest assortment of reed instruments in the City. In plain cases, at $75 to $600 each; elegant cases, $130 to $1,000. Second-hand organs and melodeons at low prices.

M. & H. have been awarded FIFTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or OTHER HIGHEST PREMIUMS, within a few years

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS, No. 84 Walker-st., New-York.

Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.

Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

L'AFRICAINE WALTZES—CONTAINING principal airs of Meyerbeer's opera, arranged by GODFREY, 40c.; also, by same composer, "Mabel" and "Guards" waltzes, for piano, 35 cents each; for violin, 15 cents each. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

AT EDWARD MOLLENHAUER'S MUSICAL CONSERVATORY, No. 820 Broadway, musical instruction at $10 per quarter. The hall of the Conservatory will be let at reasonable rates for first-class entertainments.

CHAMBERS & SON'S "ECLECTIC PIANOS" combine every improvement of intrinsic value, are excellent in quality, moderate in price. Factory, No. 14 6th-st. Warerooms 8th-st., corner of 4th-av.

THE DECKER PIANO.—A FULL ASSORTment of these celebrated instruments to be found only at No. 4 Bleecker-st., New-York. Circulars sent on application. E. B. DECKER, late of Broome-st.

FIRST-CLASS NEW PIANOS FOR SALE and to rent on moderate terms, at HAINES BRO'S factory and warerooms, both corners of 21st-st and 2d-av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUERLAIN

PERFUMER,
Paris, No. 15 Rue de la Paix. Paris.

LADIES WANTED.—THE CHARITABLE and those seeking employment are invited to devote a few hours each day, or their whole time, if desirable, to the disposal of tickets for the Grand Presentation Festival in aid of the little Destitute and Orphan Children of Soldiers and Sailors. Hardly one person out of a hundred will refuse to patronize this great and noble charity if brought to their attention. The affair is indorsed by names well known, and the success of the enterprise is guaranteed. A liberal remuneration will be given to those who give their aid as agents. Call upon or enclose a stamp for particulars to THOMAS & CO., Managing Directors, No. 616 Broadway, New-York.

VETERANS OF THE WAR 1812 WILL assemble at the Mercer House, corner Broome and Mercer sts., on MONDAY NEXT, Nov. 26, at 12½ o'clock P. M. precisely, in full uniform, to celebrate the 83d year of the evacuation of the British troops from our shores. All residing in this and the adjacent counties that served in said war, are respectfully invited. Dinner will be provided.

H. RAYMOND, Brig.-General.
ABRAHAM DALLY, Colonel.

ISAAC M. PHYFE, Adjutant.

ROUND-CORNERED PLAYING CARDS—One pack of which will last longer and wear better than six packs of the old-fashioned sharp corners, as they will not split. For sale by all stationers at retail, and wholesale by the manufacturer.

SAM. HART & CO.,
No. 43 John-st., New-York.

"LE BON TON," AND "LE PETIT MESSAGER," for December, giving Winter cloaks, bonnets and dresses in great variety. Sold be newsdealers everywhere, and S. T. TAYLOR, importer, No. 349 Canal-st., New-York.

I. X. L. WATER COLORS. I. X. L.—FOR coloring cartes de visite, photographs, engravings, &c. Ready for immediate use. Price $1 75 per box. Address A. BAUER, No. 57 West Baltic-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—A SECOND-HAND PARLOR SAFE, Herring's make. Address, stating price, Box No. 2,284 Lower Post-office.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHURCH BOOK SOCIETY.—THE FIRST of a course of sermons in behalf of this Society, will be preached in Trinity Chapel, 25th-st., near Broadway, on SUNDAY EVENING next, Nov. 25, by Rev. W. E. ARMITAGE, Assistant Bishop elect of Wisconsin. Subject—*The Provision of the Church for the Training of her Children.* Service at 7½ o'clock. The public are cordially invited to be present.

C. W. CHANDLER, Secretary.

ST. BARNABAS CHAPEL, (EPISCOPAL,) Mulberry-st., near Bleecker, two blocks east of Broadway. Seats free. Services on SUNDAYS at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. I. H. TUTTLE, D. D., Rector of St. Luke's Church, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 25.

Donations either in money or provisions for a Thanksgiving dinner for the inmates of St. Barnabas House, No. 304 Mulberry-st., are earnestly solicited. They should be sent in by Monday next.

WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, (South Brooklyn, Rev. HUGH SMITH CARPENTER, pastor. This congregation, under charge of their pastor, worship in the South Congregational Church, corner Court and President sts., Brooklyn, every SUNDAY AFTERNOON, commencing at 4 o'clock. This arrangement will continue until the completion of their church edifice, or until further notice. Rev. W. A. BARTLETT will preach next SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE Fifth Ward Mission Sabbath-school, under the patronage of the New-York City Sunday-school and Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will be held at their rooms, No. 21 Worth-st., near West Broadway, on SUNDAY, 25th inst., at 2 P. M. Rev. J. S. INSKIP and others will be present and speak. Singing by the school. Friends of Missions come.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, having removed from Broome-st., meet for worship at Palace Hall, 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts. Preaching on SUNDAY by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES B. DUNN, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Evening subject: *The Town of Morality.* Sabbath-school at 2 P. M. Pastor's Bible Class at 3 P. M.

WILLETT-ST. M. E. CHURCH, NEW-YORK.—Special centenary meetings will be held at this church on SUNDAY, Nov. 25. Rev. Dr. PORTER and Major-Gen. FISK will be present all day, and will aid in the services. Dr. PORTER will preach in the morning at 10½ o'clock, and Bishop JANES in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Reunion love feast at 2 P. M., to which all the former Pastor's members are invited

KENNETH B. MARTIN, ESQ., A CONvert from Catholicism to Spiritualism, and Rev. S. C. HAYFORD, a convert from Universalism to Spiritualism, discourse before Spiritualists, at Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway, on SUNDAY, the former at 10½ and the latter at 7½ o'clock. Subjects—*Reasons for Becoming a Spiritualist—Inspiration.* Conference at 3 o'clock.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Monthly meeting MONDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock, at the Rooms No. 161 5th-av., corner 22d-st. Essay by JAMES H. FAY, Esq. Subject—*Law of Mutual Disclosures.* Young men and the public generally cordially invited.

L. BOLTON BANGS, Rec. Sec.

ST. STEPHEN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. JOSEPH H. PRICE, D. D., Rector, formerly worshiping at the corner of Broome and Chrystie sts., will hold divine service in the French Church, on 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., EVERY SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. On the next SUNDAY the Rector will preach at both services.

THE FIFTY-EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY of the New-York Bible and Common Prayer-book Society will be celebrated next SUNDAY EVENING, the 25th inst., at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th-st. The sermon will be preached by Rev. A. B. CARTER, D. D., and a collection made in aid of the free distribution of Bibles and Prayer-books.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION, SITE OF the Old Brewery, No. 61 Park-st., the original mission at the Points.—Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent.—Principal Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M. Short addresses by visitors. The public are much interested in the improvement and singing of these children.

FIFTY-SECOND-ST. BAPTIST CHAPEL, southwest corner 3d-av. Rev. J. STANFORD HOLME, D. D., minister in charge. SUNDAY, Nov. 25. Subject of discourse—Morning—*The Final Triumph of Faith.* Evening—*Neutrals in the Great Conflict—who they are, and how God regards them.* A Thanksgiving service will be held on THURSDAY, Nov. 29, at 11 o'clock A. M.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 4th-av., corner 22d-st. Preaching on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., by the Pastor, Rev. CYRUS D. FOSS, and at 7½ P. M., by Rev. J. P. NEWMAN, D. D. Thanksgiving service next THURSDAY, at 11 A. M. Preaching by the Pastor.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BETWEEN Broome and Spring sts. Rev. JOHN S. INSKIP, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M. The evening service will be followed by a prayer meeting. Seats free. Strangers and others are invited to attend.

ELDER KNAPP, THE CELEBRATED revivalist, will preach in the Bloomingdale Baptist Church, (Dr. WESCOTT'S,) South side of 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Also, every afternoon and evening next week (except Saturday) at 3 and at 7½ o'clock.

REV. DR. LEEDS, OF PHILADELPHIA, will preach at the Anniversary of the Christian Unity Society on SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 25, at Calvary Church, corner 4th-av. and 21st-st. Subject; *The Italian Reform Movement.* Service to commence at 7½ o'clock.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH, HENRY-ST., corner Scammel.—Services at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Rector will preach in the morning. Subject: *Precomposed Forms of Prayer*; and Rev. BENJ. EVANS, of Minnesota, in the evening. The public are invited.

THE 140 WEEKS OF DANIEL, IX, 24, 28, YET IN THE FUTURE, will be the subject of a sermon by Elder P. CANNON, in the church, No. 108 West 24th-st., on WEDNESDAY at 7½ P. M. Large paintings on the book of Daniel and Revelations will be in the sermon. Seats free.

REV. THRESHAM D. GREGG, D. D., of Dublin, will, D. V., preach SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING, at Argus Hall, No. 600 Broadway, *Proving that Efforts to Perpetuate Life in Believers and Raise the Dead are now a Function of the Church and Commanded,* punctually at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

ST. JOHN'S M. E. CHURCH—53D-ST., BEtween Broadway and 8th-av.—SUNDAY, Nov. 25, preaching by the Pastor, Rev. G. C. ESRAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject for morning—*The Strength of the Hills*; for the evening—*The Sins of our Neighbors.* Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

NORTH BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER CHRISTOPHER AND BEDFORD STS.—The congregations of the Berean and Macdougal-st. Churches will meet with the North Baptist Church on THURSDAY, (Thanksgiving Day,) at 10½ A. M. Preaching by the Pastor.

NEW-YORK SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF MEDICAL MEN.—The annual meeting of the Society will be held at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, 4th-av., on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28, at 7½ P. M.

S. CONANT FOSTER, Secretary.

CHURCH OF THE ATONEMENT, AT Home Chapel, No. 29 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., every SUNDAY. Sunday-school 9 A. M. Communicants' meeting last Saturday evening in every month, at 8 o'clock.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—A DIScourse SABBATH EVENING, in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square, by Rev. Dr. CHEEVER, on *The Incarnate Word as the only Demonstration of Truth and Cure of Infidelity.* Service at 7½; morning services at 10½.

SERVICES IN ENGLISH EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. in the French Church du Saint Esprit, on 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Rev. JOSEPH H. PRICE, D. D., will preach at both services.

DR. JONAS KING, OF ATHENS, Greece, will speak in Brooklyn on SABBATH, Nov. 25, at 10½ A. M. in the Central Congregational Church on Ormond-place, (Rev. J. C. FRENCH'S,) and at 7½, evening, in the South Congregational Church, (Rev. EDWARD TAYLOR'S,) corner of Court and President sts.

EULOGY.—ON SUNDAY EVENING, AT SEVEN o'clock, in the Welsh Calvinistic Church on 13th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., a eulogy on the late Rev. WM. ROWLANDS, D. D., of Utica, N. Y., will be delivered in Welsh, by Rev. Dr. ROBERTS.

FIFTH-AV. BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER of 46th-st.—Rev. THOMAS ARMITAGE, D. D., Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. Subject for the latter service—*Christ's last utterance on the Cross—"Father into Thine hands I commend my spirit."*

BEEKMAN HILL M. E. CHURCH, 50TH-st., east of 2d-av. Preaching on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. by Rev. JOS. HOLDICH, D. D., and at 7 P. M. by Rev. H. BANGS, P. E. Sunday-school at 2 P. M. Young People's prayer meeting at 6 P. M.

HARLEM UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Rev. E. G. BROOKS will preach in National Hall, corner of 4th-av. and 129th sts., SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Services commence at 3 o'clock. Sunday-school at 2 o'clock.

FAREWELL SERVICES AT THE CHAPEL of the Holy Innocents, West 37th-st., near Broadway, on SUNDAY MORNING next, Nov. 25. The congregation will meet, until the erection of their new edifice, at the Harvard Rooms, corner of 6th-av. and Broadway.

PILGRIM BAPTIST CHURCH—IN 33D-ST., between 8th and 9th avs.—Rev. HALSEY W. KNAPP, Pastor, will preach every SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Prayer-meetings WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS.

FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION—East 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. URIAH SCOTT will preach on SUNDAY.

FREE METHODIST CHURCH.—REV. MR. BURDICK will preach in Hitzelberger's Hall 8th-av., between 20th and 21st sts., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. All are invited. Seats free.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—services every SABBATH AFTERNOON in the Chapel at 3 o'clock. Singing by the children.

S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR, CORNER of Lexington-av. and 30th-st., Rev. THEODORE IRVING, L. L. D., Rector.—Divine service on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH ROOM, NO. 18 Cooper Institute. Elder STUART, of Philadelphia, will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M., and at No. 108 West 24th-st. at 7½ P. M.

BEDFORD-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—REV. Dr. NEWMAN, of New-Orleans, will preach in this Church on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., and the Pastor, Rev. S. D. BROWN, at 7½ P. M.

NEW-ENGLAND CHURCH, (CONGREGAtional,) 41st-st., near 6th-av., Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT, Pastor.—Public services every SABBATH at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2½ P. M.

SAMUEL H. COX, D. D., WILL PREACH in the West 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av., SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—Rev. A. B. CARTER, D. D., will preach at 10½ A. M., and Rev. EASTBURN BENJAMIN at 3 and 7½ P. M., the afternoon service being for deaf mutes.

FREE EPISCOPAL CHAPEL—3D-AV., BEtween 77th and 78th sts., Rev. J. TUTTLE SMITH, Pastor.—Services every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ and 7½ P. M. Rev. O. H. HUTTON will preach at 7½ P. M.

BLEECKER-ST. UNIVERSALIST Church, corner of Downing-st., Rev. DAY K. LEE, Pastor; services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject of evening lecture—*John Calvin as a Christian Leader.*

GEORGE S. CHAMBERS WILL PREACH for the Second Reformed Presbyterian Church on SABBATH EVENING, 25th inst., at 7½ P. M., in Mercantile Library Building, Astor-place.

IF THE LORD WILL, THE GOOD NEWS of God will be announced in Room No. 17 of No. 937 Broadway, corner 22d-st., on SUNDAY, "the first day of the week," at 10½ A. M., and in the EVENING at 7½.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH—Rev. Drs. HITCHCOCK and SHEDD will supply the pulpit of this Church during the absence of Rev. Dr. THOMPSON. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

REV. MR. SMITH, OF WESTPORT, Conn., the successor to the congregation of the late Dr. HAWKS, on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, in the Chapel of the University, Washington-square.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—AT THIS Church the "New-York Praying Band," S. HALSTEAD, leader, will conduct the services at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. and 7 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited to attend. Class-meeting and Sabbath-school at 9 A. M. and at 2 P. M.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL.—THE FRIENDS OF the Hospital are respectfully reminded of the annual collection for its Thanksgiving Dinner, to be made in the Chapel of the same, after sermon by the Pastor, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Services to commence at 3½ o'clock.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching on SUNDAY, 25th inst., corner Catharine and Madison sts., by the Pastor, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.; at corner of Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3½ P. M. All seats free.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF SEA AND LAND—Corner of Market and Henry sts. Rev. GEO. CARPENTER, of Ohio, will preach on SABBATH, Nov. 25. Services commence at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. All seamen and others invited to attend. Seats free.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—COOPER INSTITUTE, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, voluntary lecture by Rev. CHARLES B. SMYTH. Another lecture for the clergy on the "Black Crook," *The Naked Truth,* SUNDAY, at 3½ o'clock.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 28TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Services on SUNDAY, Nov. 25, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by the pastor, URBAN C. BREWER. Morning subject—*What is an Orthodox Christian?* Evening—*The Pope's Allocation.*

NO. 814 BROADWAY SUNDAY MEETINGS—Seats free. Discussion on the *Inspiration of the Bible,* at 3 P.M.; discussion on the *Divinity of Christ,* at 7½ P. M.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Houston and Thompson sts. Rev. WM. McLAREN, formerly Pastor, will preach in this Church SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

REV. J. E. ANNAN, PASTOR OF THE 40TH-st. Presbyterian Church, near Lexington-av., will preach on SUNDAY. Services 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl a situation as seamstress; can operate on Wilcox & Gibbs machine; understands all kinds of family sewing; would do some chamberwork; is willing and obliging; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good City references given. Call at No. 33 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as cook; is fully competent to perform her duties; will assist at the washing; is also a good baker; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good City reference given. Call at No. 33 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY AN English Protestant woman who has had many years' experience in the care of young children; is competent to take entire charge of an infant. Can be seen before 1 o'clock on Friday and Saturday at the house of her present employer, No. 234 Madison-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, a situation as cook and to do all kinds of housework; has no objection to the country; has a little boy five years old. Can be seen, with reference, for two days, at No. 325 West 42d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged Scotch Protestant, a situation as seamstress and wait on a lady, or to wait on an invalid lady. Call for two days at No. 441 West 32d-st., between 9th and 10th avs., first floor.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED AMERICAN woman, of middle age, a situation as housekeeper in a private family or boarding-house; is accustomed to marketing and making all kinds of desserts. Can be seen for the present week at No. 115 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS Protestant woman, who has a little girl seven years old, as housekeeper, nurse or chambermaid; has six years City reference. Call at or address No. 1,411 Broadway, corner 41st-st.; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Scotch woman as cook; understands her business perfectly; has no objection to assist at washing; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 315 East 24th-st., rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as first-class cook; she thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; no objection to City or country; best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 129 West 29th-st., in the rear, near 7th-av.

A NEAT COMPETENT GIRL WITH good reference, wants a situation in the City or country, to cook, wash and iron, or do general housework. To be seen till suited at No. 69 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET NURSE by a healthy young widow with a fresh breast of milk; good reference given. Inquire at No. 165 East 27th-st., top floor, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as laundress who is fully competent for her business; best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 333 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, as competent waitress; has seven years' City reference from her last place. Call at No. 147 East 35th-st., near 3d-av., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman a situation as waitress or chambermaid; has no objection to mind children; good City reference. Call at No. 393 3d-av., between 29th and 30th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid or waitress; good City reference; none but a private family need apply. Can be seen at No. 247 West 16th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR TWO VERY excellent servants, chambermaid and coachman. Apply at No. 14 West 23d-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A NUMBER OF German girls, for all capacities, at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., near the Bowery.

DRESSMAKING, DRESSMAKING.—Dressmaking executed in superior style and a beautiful fit guaranteed, and at very moderate price. Inquire in the skirt-store No. 124 4th-av.

A GREAT NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT HOUSE of female help; also good, capable servants, to suit all, and good German help; also good situations ready immediately, at the Select Institute, No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts. A lady in attendance.

A COMPETENT PERSON WISHES TO go out by the day as children's dressmaker and to make boys' clothes. Call at No. 179 West 1—th-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble married man, without incumbrance, as practical gardener and farmer; understands the care of greenhouse and grapery, the raising all kinds of stock, the laying of grounds; can take charge of any gentleman's place; the woman is a first-rate hand over milk and butter; is an excellent laundress; the best of reference. Address N. D., Box No. 256 *Times* Office, for two days. A lodge wanted.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable single man of long experience; is a good groom and careful driver; has good City reference; will go in the country if required. Address J. N., Box No. 267 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a Protestant man of long experience; thoroughly understands the business, and will make himself generally useful; no objection to the country; best City reference. Address K. F., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman and groom; has good City references; understands his business thoroughly, and is willing to work for moderate wages. Call or address GEORGE, No. 81 Nassau-st., Office No. 9. Will go to the country.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as first-class coachman; he thoroughly understands the business; has the best of City reference from last employer. Call at No. 92 West 46th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN in a book-bindery; has good references. Address O. C., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

1,000 AGENTS WANTED.—THE BEST CHANCE yet. A work of historical value and national interest. The only work on our navy yet in the field. Agents find no competition. In Press:

FARRAGUT
AND OUR
NAVAL COMMANDERS,
By Hon. J. T. HEADLEY,
The distinguished author and historian.

In one handsome volume, with 22 Steel Portraits and battle scenes—comprising the early life, public services and naval career of our naval heroes.

To experienced agents a more popular and rapid selling work was never offered. Sold only by Agents. Address

E. B. TREAT & CO., Publishers,
No. 654 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A MAN IN EVERY WORKSHOP, factory, store and yard where there are a number of others employed, to act as agents for the Grand Presentation Festival for the benefit of the destitute and orphan children of soldiers and sailors. Subscription lists will be furnished gratis, with circulars explaining the whole affair. This invitation is meant to appeal to the charity and benevolence of all mechanics and workingmen. Liberal allowances will be made to those who will devote an hour to this cause. Please call or inclose stamp for particulars to THOMAS & CO., Managing Directors, No. 616 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—SALESMEN BY A WHOLESALE boot and shoe house for the State of Ohio, New-York State and Northern New-Jersey. Those having a good prompt paying trade already established will find a good opening by addressing S., Box No. 2,822 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—AN AGENT TO NEGOTIATE THE sale of territory for a patented agricultural machine of great value. Address LLEWELLYN, stating where an interview can be had, Box No. 167 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GIRL, AS CHAMBERMAID AND waitress. Apply, with good City references, at No. 20 West 46th-st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK. INQUIRE at No. 32 Lafayette-place, between the hours of 10 and 11.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL BROWN'S Glass-cleaning Polish (patented;) will sell everywhere; City or country; large profits to agents; full particulars free. C. M. BROWN, No. 74 Bleecker-st., N. Y.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGest assortment of enameled chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites in this City. All goods warranted as represented. Also, mattresses and spring beds.

WARREN, WARD & CO., No. 277 Canal-st.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.—ON ACcount of the partnership expiring on Jan. 1 between WEIL & BRAUNSDORF, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., they are now closing out their stock at reduced prices. All purchasers are invited to give us a call

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st. near 3d-av., New-York mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS—SUperior in appearance, more durable, half the price of marble. T. B. STEWART, No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

VALENTINES.

THE NEW-YORK UNION VALENTINE COMPANY have an immense stock of valentines on exhibition (to the trade) at their salesrooms, Nos. 134 and 136 William-st., New-York.

SHIPPING.

THE STEAMSHIP ETNA, OF THE INMAN line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

Rates of passage—first cabin, $90; steerage, $30, currency.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:

CITY OF BOSTON	SATURDAY	Nov. 24
ETNA	WEDNESDAY	Nov. 28
CITY OF WASHINGTON	SATURDAY	Dec.
CITY OF DUBLIN	WEDNESDAY	Dec. 5
CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY	Dec. 8

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
By the mail steamers sailing every Saturday.

First Cabin	$90	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	95	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	105	Steerage to Paris	40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $90; steerage, $35. Payable in United States Currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF PASSAGE TO EUROPE BY THE ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely:

ARAGO, HENRY A. GADSDEN....Saturday, Dec. 22, 1866.
And every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN GOLD
FIRST-CLASS:
Main Saloon....$100 | Lower Saloon....$80
Second class..$50.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
JAMES A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europ
L'HERBETTE, KANE & CO., Agents in Paris.

CUNARD EMIGRANT LINE.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY.

PALMYRA	Nov. 21
TARIFA	Nov. 28

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Cabin	$80 Gold.
Steerage	$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at low rates.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green.
E. CUNARD.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)

Steamers weekly to Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

The splendid first-class iron steamships of this line will be dispatched as follows from Pier No. 47 North River:

ERIN	SATURDAY	Nov. 24
SCOTLAND	SATURDAY	Dec. 1
THE QUEEN	SATURDAY	Dec. 8
DENMARK	SATURDAY	Dec. 15

And every Saturday thereafter.
An experienced Surgeon on each ship, free of charge.
Drafts issued for any amount, payable at any bank in Great Britain, or on the continent.
Rates of passage, payable in currency.

	Cabin.	Steerage.
To Liverpool or Queenstown	$100	$30

Through passage to Paris, London, Antwerp, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at low rates.

Steerage passage tickets to bring persons from Liverpool or Queenstown for $35, currency, can be obtained at No. 27 Broadway.

For freight or cabin passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway; for steerage tickets, at the passage office of the Company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 275 Pearl-st.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 28.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 5.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 12.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 19.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 26
JAVA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 2.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY, Dec. 1
EUROPE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, Dec. 15
ST. LAURENT	BOCANDE	SATURDAY, Dec. 29
PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, Jan. 12

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine in either class.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.
Passengers intending to land at Brest can be furnished on board with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London, direct, $90, $60 and $30 currency.
Passage from London, $75, $60 and $30 gold.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, Nov. 24.
CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, Dec. 6.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, Dec. 18.
ATALANTA, Capt. PINKHAM, from New-York, Dec. 31.
The British iron steamship BELLONA, 2,500 tons, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, for London direct, on SATURDAY, Nov. 24, at 12 M.
Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.
For passage apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

TAPSCOTT'S
LONDON, LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN STEAMSHIP PASSAGE OFFICES, NO. 86 SOUTH-ST. AND NO. 23 BROADWAY.
Rates of passage, payable in currency.

To London, Liverpool, and Queenstown	$30
From London, Liverpool, or Queenstown	35

Passage also by Tapscott's Favorite Line of LIVERPOOL AND LONDON PACKETS.
Drafts for £1 and upward available in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, at sight, on the most favorable terms by TAPSCOTT, BROS. & CO.,
No. 86 South-st. and No. 23 Broadway.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.
The favorite passenger steamships of
THE ANCHOR LINE
SAIL EVERY SATURDAY.

BRITANNIA sails	SATURDAY, Nov. 24.
HIBERNIA sails	SATURDAY, Dec. 1.
IOWA sails	SATURDAY, Dec. 8.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
To Liverpool, Glasgow and Derry—Cabins, $90 and $70; steerage, $35.
Prepaid certificates from these ports to New-York, $35.
To Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, &c., $100 and $37.
For further particulars apply at the Company's offices.
FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents,
No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS, sailing on the 22d of each month:
GUIDING STAR, Capt. W. C. BERRY, Dec. 22.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, Jan. 22.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Feb. 22.
These elegant steamers sail with regularity, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
EMPIRE LINE FOR SAVANNAH.
Every SATURDAY from Pier No. 13 North River, Punctually at 3 o'clock P. M.
The favorite sidewheel steamships
SAN SALVADOR, ATKINS, Commander, sails Nov. 24.
SAN JACINTO, LOVELAND, Commander, sails Dec. 1.
Through tickets and bills of lading to all points.
Elegant passenger accommodations.
GARRISON & ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

U. S. MAIL LINE TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
CHANGE OF SAILING DAY.
The regular departures of this line will hereafter be THURSDAY, at noon.
EAGLE, GREENE, Thursday, Nov. 29.
COLUMBIA, SLOCUM, Thursday, Dec. 6.
MORRO CASTLE, ADAMS, Thursday, Dec. 13.
From Pier No. 4 North River, at 12 o'clock M.
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on
MONDAY....Dec. 3 | MONDAY....Dec. 31
At Noon.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	$80

Payable in gold or its equivalent.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR VERA CRUZ DIRECT.
The General Transatlantic Company will dispatch the steamship FLORIDA, Capt. ROUSSEAU, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28, from Pier No. 37 North River, carrying the mails, passengers and freight.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

REGULAR LINE FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS, DIRECT.
The fast and favorite steamship
TYBEE, D. CAULKINS, Commander,
will leave pier No. 4 North River, on THURSDAY, Dec. 6, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely. For passage, having superior accommodations, or freight, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.
PIERSON'S WEEKLY LINE.
Steamship VIRGINIA, Capt. J. SHERMAN, is now loading at Pier No. 38 East River, and will positively sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 24, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage, apply to
CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 164 Maiden-lane.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.
The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 134 Broadway, (up stairs.)
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock, noon, as follows:
DEC. 1.—OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. JEFF. MAURY, connecting GOLDEN AGE, Capt. LAPIDGE.
DEC. 11.—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. GRAY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. WATKINS.
DEC. 21.—RISING STAR, Capt. T. A. HARRIS, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. ——.

All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Departure of 11th each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.

Steamer of Dec. 11, 1866, will connect with the first steamer of the Company's China Line, leaving San Francisco Jan. 1, 1867, for Hong Kong.

100 pounds baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA. VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $384 for first class, and $218 to $243 for second class.

The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Panama, and the first-class fares are for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter $25 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.

Two hundred and fifty pounds of baggage allowed free to each adult passenger from New-York to Aspinwall by steamer; by railroad from Aspinwall to Panama, 100 lbs.; from Panama to colonial ports by steamer, 336 lbs. first class, and 168 lbs. second class. Freight to be paid on all quantities in excess of the above-named allowances on the several portions of route, and according to the rates of the several Companies.

Children under three years, free; under eight years, quarter fare; under twelve years, half fare; male servants, one-half fare; female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do. in ladies' cabin.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to
CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
No. 23 William-st., New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO JAPAN AND CHINA, VIA PANAMA AND SAN FRANCISCO, CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL.

FIRST VOYAGE.

Steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., New-York, at 12 o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, Dec. 11, 1866, connecting via Panama Railroad with steamer GOLDEN CITY, for San Francisco, where passengers, mails and fast freight will be transferred to the Company's splendid steamer COLORADO, to leave that port at noon on TUESDAY, Jan. 1, 1867, for Yokohama and Hong Kong.

Through tickets issued from New-York, adding to regular prices between New-York and San Francisco the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent:

	First Cabin.	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
San Francisco to Yokohama	$250	$170	$85
San Francisco to Hong Kong	300	200	100

Due notice will be given of subsequent voyages.

FREIGHT received and THROUGH BILLS OF LADING signed per OCEAN QUEEN, Dec. 1, (slow,) and per HENRY CHAUNCEY, Dec. 11, (fast,) connecting closely, as above.

For freight, through tickets and all further information, apply at the office on the wharf, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., to S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.,
The Florida ports and the South and Southwest. Regular U. S. Mail Line. The A1 elegant steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, is now receiving cargo, and will sail THIS DAY, (Saturday,) Nov. 24, at 3 P. M., from Pier 14 East River, connecting at Charleston with the steamer DICTATOR for the Florida ports. Passage tickets and through bills of lading given to all points South and Southwest.

Having yet room for a considerable amount of cargo, freight will be received up to the hour of sailing. Bills of lading signed on the vessel.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
The GRANADA will follow WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
The regular and popular steamship MONEKA, Capt. LEBBY, will leave on FRIDAY, Nov. 30, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, landing freight on MONDAY morning at Charleston.

The steamships of this line will in future leave New-York on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

Through tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S LINE.
EVERY TUESDAY.
The favorite steamship LEO, H. C. DEARBORN, Commander, will sail on TUESDAY, Nov. 27, at 3 P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st.
Through bills of lading and passage tickets given to all points in connection with Georgia Central Railroad.
For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—EVERY THURSDAY—THE ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S side-wheel steamship
GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, Nov. 29.
HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails on THURSDAY, Dec. 6.
From Pier No. 36 North River at 3 P. M.
Through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia. For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.
The NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:
HAVANA, on SATURDAY, Nov. 24.
MISSOURI, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28.
MERRIMACK, on SATURDAY, Dec. 1.
MARIPOSA, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 5.
MISSISSIPPI, on SATURDAY, Dec. 8.
All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.
For freight or passage apply to
C. K. GARRISON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.
The side-wheel steamships HATTERAS, Capt. ALEXANDER, every SATURDAY; ALBEMARLE, Capt. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M., from Pier No. 36 North River; giving through bills of lading, &c., to all points on the Sea Board Railroad and its connections.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—BLACK STAR LINE.
The steamship
MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH,
will leave on SATURDAY, Nov. 24, from Pier No. 13 N. R., at 3 o'clock precisely.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent,
Corner Cedar and West sts.
DAVID McCOARD, Agent in New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class steamship GEN. MEADE, Capt. A. W. SAMPSON, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, SATURDAY, Nov. 24, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.
The GEORGE WASHINGTON will follow Dec. 1.

STEAMBOATS.

THE OLD LINE.
SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT.
Steamer ARTISAN, Capt. S. C. GIBBS, from Pier No. 43 East River, (foot of Rutgers-st.,) every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M.
WILLIAMS BROTHERS, No. 5 Beekman-st.

SUNDAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY DIRECT.—The New-York and Troy Steamboat Company's steamer RIP VAN WINKLE will leave pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., SUNDAY, Nov. 25, at 6 P. M. Tickets sold and baggage checked to Saratoga and all points North.

FOR PROVIDENCE DIRECT.—THE steamer VICKSBURG, Capt. GEO. B. HULL, will leave Pier No. 35, North River, for Providence, EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.
Freight at reasonable rates by application on board or to ERSKINE PHILLIPS,
No. 216 Franklin-st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare 75 cents. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

EXPRESSES.

GLOBE EXPRESS COMPANY.
Office, Nos. 3 and 4 Rector-st., Empire Building.
Temporary office, No. 298 Broadway.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 19, 1866.
The GLOBE EXPRESS COMPANY will THIS DAY open its first line between New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, for
HEAVY FREIGHT AND PACKAGES.
They will call for and deliver promptly at the following rates:

For heavy freight to Philadelphia	40c.	per 100 lbs.
For heavy freight to Baltimore	90c.	per 100 lbs.
For heavy freight to Washington	$1 20	per 100 lbs.
For heavy freight to Georgetown, D. C.	1 30	per 100 lbs.
For heavy freight to Alexandria	1 60	per 100 lbs.

Packages and valuables will be taken at as reasonable rates as by any other responsible Company.
The Company is arranging to rapidly open its offices at all important points through the South, and Southwest, as a full express.
This Company are prepared to pay promptly for any loss or damage that may occur.
Orders may be left at either of the above offices.
S. W. WILSON, Superintendent.
S. GWYNN, President, } No. 42 Broadway.
E. C. PECHIN, Treasurer, }

MACHINERY.

BARREL MACHINERY.
The American Barrel Machine Company offer for sale their improved machinery for the manufacture of staves for all descriptions of casks. They may be seen in operation at the Cooperage of Mr. William P. Bensel, No. 550 Washington-st., New-York, at the Works of the Portland Kerosene Oil Company, Portland, Maine, and at the Works of Downer's Kerosene Oil Company, at South Boston, who have adopted them for the manufacture of Minell's Patent Grooved Barrel. Further reference and full information may be obtained by addressing AMERICAN BARREL MACHINE CO., No. 151 Devonshire-st., Boston; Post-office, Box No. 528.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES,
Combining the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 600 being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application.
Address
J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,
Lawrence, Mass.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS.
The best and most complete in use.
Circulars sent on application.
WOOD & MANN STEAM-ENGINE CO.,
Utica, N. Y.,
and No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York.

STEAM-ENGINES, FLAX, HEMP, TOW and Rope Machinery, Machinist Tools, &c. TODD & RAFFERTY, Warehouse 4 Dey-st.; Works, Paterson, N.J.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON
will reopen his Classical, French and English School, with primary department and gymnasium, 5th-av., corner 26th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 10.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Classical, Commercial and French, with preparatory departments, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., on Washington-square. GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, prepares pupils of all ages for business or college. Circulars at the Institute.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED HAS REMOVED her French and English Boarding and Day School to the large residence corner 38th-st. and Park-av., Murray Hill.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
NOS. 161 FIFTH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY.
Its rooms have lofty ceilings, are all upon the same floor, and heated by steam. For spaciousness, light, ventilation—indeed, for all school purposes, they are unsurpassed. All the older pupils are under the direct training of Mr. Lyon, the younger of Mrs. Lyon. Light gymnastics are taught. A Literary Union of teachers and older pupils meets one evening weekly.

CENTRAL PARK FRENCH INSTITUTE
For young gentlemen, with Primary Department, E. FEZANDIE, Director. Day and boarding scholars. Day scholars taken to school and home in an omnibus. Handsome house and grounds between Central Park and Hudson River. Complete English, French, German, Spanish, Classical, Scientific and Commercial instruction. Circulars at Christern's, No. 863 Broadway, or at the Institute, Broadway and 93d-st.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S
French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., two doors from 5th-av., New-York. Address as above.

GARDNER INSTITUTE,
French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies at No. 34 West 32d-st. Mr. and Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
No. 135 Madison-av., corner 32d-st.,
Will reopen Sept. 18. Ten boarding pupils admitted.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET and GEORGE B. GOODALL will open Sept. 17, at No. 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply to LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF N. Y. UNIVERSITY, with primary and commercial departments. Prepares for College, business, West Point and Naval Academy. Circulars at the University.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL.—THE WINTER term of this school commences Nov. 26; two vacancies. For circulars address the Principal,
MRS. M. L. READ, Goshen, N. Y.

MRS. BLIGH'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., reopened Sept. 20.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG LADY COMPETENT TO EDUCATE children in various elementary studies and music, desires a situation in some respectable family or in a school. Address PRECEPTRESS, care of Dr. J. Harris, No. 148 East 34th-st., New-York.

TO LET.

TO LEASE WITH FURNITURE, OR FOR SALE, on 49th-st., near 5th-av., a first-class four-story stone-front English basement house, in perfect order, for immediate possession. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

OFFICES IN PHILADELPHIA FOR rent, in the building of the National Bank of the Republic, Nos. 809 and 811 Chestnut-st. (The Broadway of Philadelphia.) Three communicating rooms, second story front, and two rooms, 50x60, with splendid north and south light. The building is supplied with gas, water, water-closets and heating apparatus. Apply at the Bank.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE AT MORRIStown, N. J., five minutes' walk from the depot; horse and cow on the place; to let for 6 months, perhaps longer, as the owner is going to Europe; $125 a month. Address S. T., Box No. 888 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—IN ORANGE, N. J., A FURNISHED house, for four months, in a good location, only three minutes' walk from depot; it has hot and cold water, gas and furnace, with a large stable. Will be let low to a responsible party. Address S., Box 2,485 Post-office.

TO LEASE—THE SUPERIOR WHITE MARble store, No. 394 Broadway, running through to Cortlandt-alley. Size about 28x175 feet. For particulars apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—TO A GENTLEMAN WITHOUT BOARD a nicely furnished room in a family without borders or lodgers; location central and desirable. Address W. M., Box No. 2,875 Post-office.

TO RENT FURNISHED—A FIRST-CLASS house, in a very desirable neighborhood, to a strictly private family. Only principals need apply by addressing M. M., Box No. 155 Times Office.

NO. 170 5TH-AV., CORNER OF 22D-ST. —Newly and handsomely furnished rooms, with bathrooms communicating; for gentlemen only; without board.

LOT TO LEASE—48TH-ST., 5TH-AV.; ONE of those desirable Columbia College leases for sale, taken many years since. Address Post-office Box 5,13?.

TO LET—FLOORS IN NEW HOUSES JUST finished on 46th-st., near 3d-av.; rent $15 to $20. Apply to LOPER & DAVIS, corner 36th-st. and 1st-av.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

COUNTRY PLACE—WANTED TO RENT FOR one or two years, a large commodious house, in the neighborhood of Greenwich, Stamford or Darien; a furnished house preferred; must have 10 or 15 acres of land attached, and stable accommodations for four or five horses. Address, with particulars, STEPHENS, Box No. 502 Post-office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, ON ONE OF THE railroads of New-Jersey, within fifteen miles of New-York, a country residence with from five to twenty acres of land, or land without buildings, within ten minutes' walk from a station. Address Box No. 1,587 Post-office, New-York, stating terms, location, &c.

A COUNTRY SEAT WANTED, WITHIN two hours of New-York; must have a few acres of land, and the house have the ordinary modern improvements; to cost not more than $25,000. Address H. F. B., Box No. 2,562 Post-office.

HOUSE WANTED, FURNISHED—BY A small private family from Dec. 1 until May; price about $300 per month. Address Box No. 309 New-York Post-office.

LOFTS WANTED—SITUATED ON WEST-st., or on a cross street in its immediate vicinity, between Canal and Harrison sts. Apply to HENRY A. OAKLEY, No. 66 Wall-st., Howard Insurance Company.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND ALBANY RAILROAD.
Articles of association have been filed in the Secretary of State's Office at Albany, organizing "The New-York and Albany Railroad Company, to build a railroad on the west side of the Hudson River.

The Directors named in the articles are Robert L. Kennedy, John Jacob Astor, Jr., Daniel Butterfield and John McB. Davidson, New-York; Homer Ramsdell, Newburgh; Thomas Cornell, Rondout; Jonathan H. Hasbrouck, Kingston; Thomas W. Olcott, Robert H. Pruyn, Erastus Corning, Jr., John Tracy, Samuel Schuyler and Joseph H. Ramsey, Albany.

At a meeting of the Directors at the Astor House, on the 17th inst., Joseph H. Ramsey was elected President; Daniel Butterfield, Vice-President; Thomas W. Olcott, Treasurer; Erastus Corning, Jr., Secretary.

The preliminary surveys have already been commenced, under the direction of C. W. Wentz, Esq. Books will be opened to fill up the balance of the stock on the 26th of November inst., and remain with the several Directors and at the following banks until otherwise ordered: Bank of Commerce, New-York; National Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank, Albany; First National Banks of Coxsackie, Saugerties, Kingston, Rondout and Newburgh; National Bank of Catskill and Farmers' Bank of Catskill; and Rockland County Bank, Nyack.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 19, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

8 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

10 A. M. Express and Mail train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for North.

11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping car attached.

4:15 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal. Sleeping cars attached at Albany.

6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping car attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.

A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 8:30 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 2:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:15 P. M.

Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:50 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12:30 A. M.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
8:45 A. M.—Way Train daily to Otisville.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
4 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, Buffalo, Salamanca and Dunkirk.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
7:30 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Express trains run in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT. FROM NOV. 1, 1866:
Leave James-slip, New-York:
9 A. M., mail train for Greenport and way stations.
11 A. M., for Syosset and way stations.
3 P. M., Riverhead Express train.
4 P. M., for Syosset and way stations.
5 P. M., for Farmingdale and way stations, and on Saturday nights for North Islip.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY —Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:00 and 9:12 A. M. and 1:15 4:22 and 6:02 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12, 4:22, and 6:02 run through to Monsey.
THOMAS W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

FOR SALE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
Desirable property for sale on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, at Bergen Point, Elizabeth, Mulford, Scotch Plains, Plainfield, Boundbrook and Somerville; eligible building sites, elegant country residences, good tillable farms with fine buildings, and valuable mill property.
A. D. MELLICK, JR. & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

GRAZING LANDS FOR SALE LOW.
A farm of 4,400 acres in S. W. Virginia, a favorite stock section, at $8 per acre. It comprises much original timber and a fine water power. Also a choice ranche in Texas of 3,500 acres, at $3, and another of 5,500 at $2 50 per acre; both well watered, with extensive outside ranges, and are good grain lands. Terms easy.
For maps and particulars inquire of
S. HASTINGS GRANT, No. 70 Broadway.

WOOLEN FACTORY FOR SALE—SITUATED on the line of one of the principal railroads in Michigan, and in the midst of a wool-growing section. The buildings of brick, and machinery new and in fine order. The factory is doing a good business; is driven and warmed by steam, having surplus of power and land, so that the business can be largely and cheaply increased. The manufacturing is under the superintendence of a first-class, experienced foreman.

Parties having $75,000 or $100,000 to invest can meet with a rare opportunity to purchase, or to join the present proprietors, whose only object is to increase their capital, as they have not sufficient means to stock and carry on the factory.

The machinery (three sets) was built in Massachusetts, with all the latest improvements. The concern has a large local trade in cloths, and can put their goods in all the markets at low rates, being able to manufacture cheaply, and to buy wool at their own door at a cost of five cents a pound less than the cost to Eastern mills.

For further particulars, inquire of or address
THOS. McGRAW, Wool Dealer, Detroit.

BROADWAY PROPERTY FOR SALE. —For sale, by order of the executors of Asa Fitch, deceased, the property known as Nos. 52, 54, 56, 58 and 60 Broadway, and Nos. 33, 35, 37, 39, 41 and 43 New-street, and known as the Public Stores, having a frontage on Broadway of about 125 feet, about 130 feet on New-street, and on Exchange-place of about 124, and on the southerly line of about 154 feet, being the largest compact parcel of improved real estate offered for sale south of the City Hall. The lots are covered by substantial and costly warehouses, erected for the late owner, and are to be sold either subject to a lease to the United States Government, expiring on the 1st May next, or for full and free possession at that date. One-half of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, at 7 per cent., for a term of years, or all can be paid on delivery of the deed.
For further particulars inquire of
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY seat of the late Thomas Richardson, situated near West Farms, in Westchester County, about three miles from Central Park, and accessible from the City at all hours by steamboat and cars; contains about 90 acres; thoroughly English tiled, drained, and in a high state of cultivation, with large dwelling house in perfect order, containing all modern improvements, grounds beautifully laid out, with fine lawns, a great variety of fruit, evergreen and other trees; green houses, graperies, farm houses and outbuildings complete; the place is perfect in all of its appointments, and hardly surpassed by any in the country. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON, at his residence close by, or at No. 23 Park-place, or to SAMUEL NIMMONS, No. 15 Broadway.

VALUABLE TIMBER AND COTTON LANDS FOR SALE IN EAST FLORIDA.—These lands are heavily timbered, mostly with yellow pine, and are located conveniently to the Pensacola and Georgia Railroad, and the Suwannee and other rivers, in Suwannee and Columbia Counties, East Florida, comprising over 41,000 acres, and will be sold in sections of 640 acres and upward. To the actual settler, no lands in the South offer greater inducements for either lumbering or farming purposes; and as a permanent investment, they present to the capitalist or speculator a prospect of the highest remuneration, from new connecting railroads, and the general improvements progressing in that section of the country. For further particulars apply to WM. BRYCE & CO., No. 29 Chambers and No. 5 Reade sts., where a map of the lands can be seen.

A DESIRABLE FARM OF 125 ACRES FOR SALE—Situated at Union-place, (formerly Black Stump,) Long Island, two miles from Jamaica and three from Flushing; 92 acres of the land are in a good state of cultivation, the balance of wood and salt meadow; there are a good dwelling-house and suitable outbuildings. Inquire on the premises of D. W. SKIDMORE, or of GEORGE SKIDMORE, No. 73 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE complete with all modern improvements, gas, bath, &c., and ten acres of land, within fifty minutes of City by frequent communications; brick house, built in best manner; brick stable and carriage-house, ice-house, hennery, and all necessary outbuildings; every variety of choicest fruit trees; on the east bank of the Passaic River, near Newark. Apply to GEORGE W. PLATT, No. 20 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—TWO NEAT COMFORTABLE TWO-story attic and basement brick houses in good order, situate Nos. 19 and 23 Ridge-st., near Grand; lots 26 by 75 feet each, in fee; also four lots, 25x100 feet each, on north side 82d-st., between 11th and 12th avs., well situated, having fine view of Hudson River; part of the money can remain on mortage if desired. Apply to WM. F. LEWIS, No. 11 Wall-st., or to HENRY U. SLIPPER, No. 231 Pearl-st., executors.

FOR SALE.—A SUPERIOR FARM, ABOUT 200 acres, 21 miles from New-York; very healthy locality, good roomy house, with fine lawn, well shaded; apple and pear orchards in good bearing; also, plenty of small fruits; fine large barn and other outbuildings. The soil is of the very best quality, and being so near to New-York, and also to Rahway, Plainfield, Elizabeth and Newark, makes it a desirable property. Apply to RICHARD WILLIAMS, 192 Chambers-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 40 ACRES, 9 MILES from New-York; house and outbuildings new and in perfect order; land in the very best condition. Also, a farm of 20 acres adjoining the above. Also, a fine building site, house destroyed by fire, with cellar, well, fences, trees and shrubbery. Inquire of E. W. VAN VOORHIS, No. 129 East 26th-st., or No. 83 Nassau-st., New-York.

ALL WANTING FARMS CAN BE SUPPLIED, at from $2,000 to $30,000, in the vicinity of New-Brunswick, Metuchen, Bound Brook, Millstone and New-Market, in the healthiest and most productive sections of the State. Some great bargains. Only 1½ hour's ride, and shown free of charge. J. S. FERGUSON & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., Room No. 24.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house and full lot No. 13 East 25th-st., near Madison-square, and one of the most desirable situations in town; house thoroughly well built for and only occupied by the owner, and is in order for immediate occupation. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN NEWARK—A FINE PROPerty, consisting of house, with gas and water, good barn, plenty of fruit, &c.; bargain for a gentleman doing business in New-York; three minutes' walk from depot. For particulars inquire at Nos. 533 and 595 Washington-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE CHEAP—POSSESSION IMMEDIately, a first-class brown-stone house, with all the modern improvements, in Brooklyn, E. D.; best part of the City, convenient to ferries, &c. Apply to J. ELLIOTT, No. 34 South 7th-st., Brooklyn, E. D., or No. 79 Cedar-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

HOUSE AND STABLE ON 14TH-ST. FOR SALE.—For sale the first-class house and stable, No. 109 West 14th-st., 27½ feet wide, lot 125 feet deep; in good order, with immediate possession; price, $65,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

THE MURRAY HILL OF BROOKLYN.—Four elegant high-stoop stone four-story houses; all modern improvements; immediate possession; near Clinton and Gates avs.; Fulton-av. cars every 20 minutes; sold low; terms easy. POILLON, 100 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, A LARGE three-story brick building, with steam engine, boiler and shafting; an excellent building for a distillery or any kind of manufactory. Apply to H. F. WHITE, No. 921 Broadway, Room No. 11.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—THE ESTATE OF the late SAMUEL S. HOWLAND, in Westchester County, near Dobbs' Ferry. For particulars apply to A. SMEDBERG No. 48 Exchange-place, or to W. H. ANTHON, No. 16 Exchange-place.

FIFTH-AV. LOTS, EMBRACING SEVERAL fine corners, between 45th, 59th and 98th sts.; also street lots, between 4th and 6th avs., and fine plots on 11th-av., (Boulevard,) bargains. W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A NICE THREE-STORY brick house, with water and gas, near the ferries, good neighborhood, in Brooklyn, E. D. Price $3,750. Apply to J. ELLIOTT, No. 79 Cedar-st., Room No. 15, or No. 34 South 7th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

$20,000.—A SPLENDID FARM OF two hundred acres for sale in New-Jersey, at $100 per acre, with good buildings; also 100 other farms for sale. J. A. MARTIN, Rahway, N. J.

FOR SALE—A BRICK HOUSE IN 118TH-ST., between Avenue A and East River; two stories and basement. Apply to J. V. H. LAWRENCE, No. 71 Broad-st.

A BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY IN SCHENECTADY—Large elegant house, amid the best schools in our land, every way a desirable residence; cheap. JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway.

NEAT COTTAGE HOUSES, WITHIN an hour of New-York, for sale on reasonable terms and at prices ranging from $4,000 to $9,000.
A. D. MELLICK, JR. & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE STORES NOS. 57 AND 58 Whitehall-st., subject to a lease of three and a half years. Apply to T. M. RODMAN, No. 9 Whitehall-st.

FOR SALE—PREMISES NO. 211 DUANE-ST., corner of Caroline-st., opposite Erie Buildings. Inquire at No. 6 Caroline-st., from 10 to 4 o'clock.

NEWSPAPERS.

THE BELLES OF CENTRAL PARK.
THE BELLES OF CENTRAL PARK.
THE BELLES OF CENTRAL PARK.
THE BELLES OF CENTRAL PARK.
A Novel of Adventure after Hearts in Society. By AUGUSTIN DALY,
Author of "Leah, the Forsaken," "Griffith Gaunt," and "Delmonico's," &c., &c., in the
SUNDAY COURIER, Nov. 25, 1866,
SUNDAY COURIER, Nov. 25, 1866,
SUNDAY COURIER, Nov. 25, 1866,
together with lively articles on
POLITICAL CANDIDATES,
BILLIARDS,
THE COMPTROLLERSHIP,
THE BARGE OFFICE,
THE OLD BOWERY THEATRE AND ITS SALE,
INTERNAL REVENUE MATTERS,
OCEAN YACHT RACE,
AND
BALLS OF THE WEEK,
BALLS OF THE WEEK,
BALLS OF THE WEEK,
&c., &c., &c.
Price six cents. For sale at all the news stands.

DECEMBER NUMBER OF DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, with splendid Christmas novelties, Christmas Engravings, Christmas Toys, Christmas Stories, and other beautiful things for boys and girls. Do not fail to see the sparkling and delightful Christmas number of "Young America," now ready. Single copies 15c., mailed free; yearly, $1 50; additional copies, $1. Published at No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anaesthetic use of nitrous oxide gas, and administer it in the only method which uniformly annihilates pain. We have given it to over 16,000 patients without one accident—ten times as many as any other establishment. Come to headquarters. Office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

AN ELECTION FOR FIVE TRUSTEES of the Greenwood Cemetery will be held at the office of the Cemetery, No. 30 Broadway, on MONDAY, the 3d day of December next, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock P. M. J. A. PERRY, Secretary.
Nov. 19, 1866.

AMUSEMENTS.

RISTORI'S LAST MATINEE—MARY STUART. Mme. RISTORI and her Company appear on MONDAY at Holliday-street Theatre, Baltimore. THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, thirty-sixth representation in New-York and Brooklyn, and forty-seventh since Mme. RISTORI'S debut in America, Sept. 20. French Theatre—Director, J. Grau.

THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 1; doors open 12½. ADELAIDE RISTORI'S last matinee. ADELAIDE RISTORI in her great role of MARY STUART.

Admission to all parts of the theatre $2, with the except on of private boxes, which will be sold at their usual price, at CHICKERING'S, No. 652 Broadway.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
Change of prices of admission. Orchestra, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra; dress circle, reserved seats, $1; gallery, 50 cents.
SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 24, 1866, at 7¾.
FRENCH COMEDY VAUDEVILLE.
First Appearance of
MISS OLIVE LOGAN
In the French Comedie,
500 FRANCS DE RECOMPENSE,
Comedy in one act by Siroudin and Bernard.
LAMOUR QUE QU'CEST Q' CA!
Vaudeville operetta in one act by Nargeot & Clairville.
LES DEUX AVEUGLES,
Bouffonnerie musicale by Offenbach.
Ticket office at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

SAMSON BY THE CECILIAN CHOIR.
Dr. H. S. CUTLER, Choir Master.
G. W. MORGAN, Conductor.
H. L. BATEMAN and L. F. HARRISON, Director.
The first grand performance in New-York of
HANDEL'S ORATORIO "SAMSON"
will be given at
STEINWAY HALL,
on TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 27, 1866,
by the
CECILIAN CHOIR,
composed of 100 boys and men, including
60 of the FINEST BOY SOPRANOS EVER HEARD.
The solos and parts will be sustained as follows:

Mr. GEO. SIMPSON	Samson.
Mr. J. R. THOMAS	Manoah.
Mr. HERMAN TROST	Harapha.
Mr. POWERS	Messenger.
Master WM. BREARE	Dalila.
Master T. J. TOEDT	
Master CULLEN P. GRANDIN	Micah.
Master E. R. KNOWLES	
Dr. HENRY S. CUTLER, Organist and Choir Master.	
Mr. GEO. W. MORGAN	Conductor.

At the Steinway Grands,
Messrs. FRANK GILDER and G. W. COLBY.
TICKETS, 50 CENTS.
RESERVED SEATS 50 CENTS EXTRA,
The sale of which will commence on Thursday morning at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Pond's, No. 547 Broadway; Rullman's Ticket Office, No. 112 Broadway, and Steinway Hall.
JAMES GEDDES DAY, President.

DODWORTH HALL, 806 BROADWAY.
A CARD.—In consequence of the unprecedented success of M. HARTZ'S new illusion, THE MYSTERY, pronounced by the Press and public the most startling illusion of the day, and the great demand for seats on the evening of the entertainments, the public are respectfully informed that seats can be secured six days in advance at Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway, from 8 A. M. till 4 P. M.
SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 24,
Seventy-third representation of the popular Magician,
M. HARTZ,
when he will perform new wonders and miracles of the most extraordinary character, including
THE WONDROUS HAT, THE WONDROUS HAT,
GROWTH OF FLOWERS,
ARIEL BELL, SHOWER OF GOLD,
and the most startling phenomenon ever witnessed,
"THE MYSTERY," "THE MYSTERY,"
A HUMAN HEAD FLOATING IN THE AIR.
A. Sedgwick will, in the course of the evening, perform on the English concertina. Tickets 50c.; reserved chairs $1. For sale at the Hall from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2; doors open at 1½.

STEINWAY HALL—SYMPHONY SOIREE.
THEODORE THOMAS'
SECOND SYMPHONY SOIREE
Takes place THIS SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 24, when the following works will be performed:

Overture—Marriage of Figaro	Mozart
Concerto in A minor	Schumann

Mr. S. B. MILLS,
(by kind permission of Mr. H. L. Bateman.)
NINTH SYMPHONY in D minor; Op. 125....Beethoven
for Orchestra, Chorus and four Solo parts.
Soloists—Mrs. EUGENE CRUGER, Miss ELLA MEYER, Mr. W. F. HILL and Mr. M. DUSCHNITZ,
Together with that well-known and efficient
CHORAL SOCIETY, THE MENDELSSOHN UNION,
(under the direction of Mr. WILLIAM BERGE,)
which will number
TWO HUNDRED VOICES.
THE GRAND ORCHESTRA OF EIGHTY PERFORMERS.
CONDUCTOR....THEODORE THOMAS.
PRICES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
For the four remaining soirees, $5.
TICKETS $1 50 EACH.
NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR RESERVED SEATS.
The sale of reserved seats and tickets will commence this morning at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, at Irving Hall, and at the Theatre Ticket Office, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.
Doors open at 7:30. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

STEINWAY HALL.
THIRTEENTH SUNDAY CONCERT.
Nov. 25, at 8 o'clock P. M.
H. L. BATEMAN and L. F. HARRISON....Directors
First appearance at these concerts of the celebrated Prima Donna,
MADAME GAZZANIGA.
SIGNOR FORTUNA,
MR. CARL ROSA, MR. S. B. MILLS,
MR. G. W. COLBY,
MR. THEO. THOMAS AND HIS CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA.
Tickets 50 cents; reserved seats 50 cents extra; the sale of which will commence this morning at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway; Rullman's Ticket Office, No. 112 Broadway, and at Steinway Hall.

GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT,
By Mrs. ADELIA M. BOUTON,
assisted by a number of eminent artists, at the
ALANSON M. E. CHURCH,
(Norfolk-st., near Grand,)
On TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 27, 1866.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.
Profs. HOLDEN and GOULD will preside at the Organ.
TICKETS, 25 CENTS.
To be had at the Methodist Book Concern, No. 200 Mulberry-st.; at the store of Wm. Bell, corner of Grand and Norfolk sts.; at Brummell's store, No. 496 Grand-st., and at the door on the evening of the Concert.

STEINWAY'S ROOMS.
PEASE AND SEVERINI'S
FIRST MORNING CONCERT.
MONDAY, Nov. 26, at 3 o'clock.
Soprano—Miss KATE McDONALD.
Tenor—Signor SEVERINI.
Pianist—Mr. ALFRED H. PEASE.
Pianist and Accompanyist—Mr. G. W. COLBY.
Doors open at 2½ o'clock.
Tickets $1 each. For sale at Steinway's; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

THE FIFTH EXHIBITION OF FRENCH AND FLEMISH PICTURES
WILL OPEN
TO THE PUBLIC,
ON TUESDAY, THE 27TH INST.,
AT THE
STUDIO BUILDING,
TENTH-STREET.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—LONG STRIKE MATINEE, THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock; 50 cents to all parts of the theatre; children 25 cents.

BANJO, BANJO—BANJO INSTRUCTION BY GEORGE C. DOBSON, at the pupil's residence; ten years' experience as a teacher in this City; a thorough knowledge of the banjo guaranteed in one short course of lessons. Address GEORGE C. DOBSON, Box No. 208 Times Office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 22 WEST SIXTEENTH-STREET.
Elegantly furnished rooms, on suite or single, on parlor, second and third floors, with board. Private table if desired. References.

BOARD.—BACK PARLOR AND BEDROOM IN second story, No. 53 East 28th-st., for a gentleman and lady, or two single gentlemen, with first-class board. Dinner at 6 o'clock. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—IN A QUIET FAMILY BY a young man; comfortable room, with breakfast and tea, required; references exchanged. Address, stating location and terms, G. S. D., Box No. 247 Times Office.

BOARD MAY BE HAD IN A PRIVATE family for two gentlemen. Apply at No. 16 Watts-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY HAS A FRONT room and pantry to let, with board, to a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen; also a hall-room; in a desirable location; terms moderate. Address or call at No. 201 West 19th-st., one door below 8th-av.

A PLEASANT RETREAT.—FIRST-CLASS rooms, with hygienic board, can be secured at the Turkish Bath Establishment, No. 63 Columbia-st., Brooklyn Heights, N. Y., three minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry.

NO. 145 LEXINGTON-AV., SOUTHEAST corner 30th-st.—To let, handsomely furnished rooms, to two small families, with private table only. Also to gentlemen, with partial board. References exchanged

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS for families and single gentlemen at the ST. JOHN HOTEL, newly opened. Single rooms from $6 per week. Broadway, near 8th-st., New-York.

TWO SUITES OF ROOMS.—ALSO ONE OR two single rooms to let, with board, at No. 20 West 28th-st.

FIFTH-AVENUE—BETWEEN BREVOORT House and Delmonico's, furnished rooms, with or without breakfast. For address inquire at 102 6th-av.

NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, together or single, with or without board. No. 191 East 33d-st.

NO. 37 WEST 31ST-ST., ELEGANTLY furnished parlor floor; private table if desired. Also, rooms on third and fourth floor; table first-class.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD FOR THE WINTER can be procured at an agreeable private residence in Ulster County; a single family of four or five preferred; liberal table, piano, library and other accommodations. Terms reasonable. Address, with reference, C. B. H., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—DESIRABLE BOARD may be obtained in a private family, 30 miles from City, on New-Haven Railroad; house large and well heated; references required. Address A. B., Box No. 186 Post-office.

HOTELS.

SINGLE GENTLEMEN OR FAMILIES desiring board permanently can make advantageous arrangements at the Ashland House, 4th-av. and 24th-st. Transient board, $3 per day. One very fine suite with private entrance on 24th-st., suitable for a large family.

ST. JOHN HOTEL—ON THE EUROPEAN plan, centrally located and newly fitted up, is now open. Rooms en suite and singly, handsomely furnished, for families and single gentlemen. Broadway, near 8th-st., New-York.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

A. FRANKFIELD & CO.,
JEWELERS, No. 209 6th-av., corner 14th-st., and No. 315 8th-av., Corner 26th-st.
We have a fine stock of watches, jewelry, silver and plated ware, diamonds and other precious stones. We are patentees and sole manufacturers of American cuckoo clocks, ladies' watches, with secret locket for likenesses, at A. FRANKFIELD & CO'S.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM AND VAN AMBURGH'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMBINATION,
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
MUSEUM, MENAGERIE AND DRAMA.
On exhibition at all hours, the
ENTIRE VAN AMBURGH COLLECTION

OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS.
PERFORMANCE EVERY MORNING AT 11 O'CLOCK,
WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.
IN THE NEW AND SPLENDID ARENA.
PERFORMING ELEPHANT JENNY LIND.
MONS. DAVIS, THE LION KING,
WILL ENTER THE DEN OF WILD ANIMALS,
consisting of
AFRICAN AND ASIATIC LIONS, NUMIDIAN LIONESS, BRAZILIAN TIGRESS, BENGAL AND SENEGAL LEOPARDS AND S. A. JAGUAR.
The modern Grimaldi, JOHN FOSTER, will introduce the WONDERFULLY EDUCATED MULES.
THE TRICK PONIES AND PERFORMING MONKEYS.
THE ANIMALS WILL BE FED IN PRESENCE OF VISITORS at 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.
AFTERNOON AT 2; EVENING AT 7¾,
will be acted Tobin's great comedy of
THE HONEYMOON.
THE INFANT PHENOMENA, Miss EMMA FOSTER, aged five years, in her astonishing Scotch dance. Dances by Miss EMMA SHELL and Gen. GRANT, Jr.
GORDON CUMMING COLLECTION.
The greatest living curiosity ever exhibited,
JOHN TOLLETT, THE IRISH FAT BOY,
AGED SIXTEEN YEARS, WEIGHS 528 POUNDS.
MAMMOTH FAT MAN WEIGHING 615 POUNDS.
2 GIANTS AND GIANTESS, EACH OVER EIGHT FEET HIGH, 2 DWARFS, CIRCASSIAN GIRL.
NATIONAL BRONZE PORTRAIT GALLERY.
125 PORTRAITS OF N. A. INDIAN CHIEFS.
Cosmoramas, Learned Seal, Happy Family, Grand Aquaria, Wax Figures, and 200,000 other Curiosities.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Proprietor and Manager....Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
FIRST NIGHT THIS SEASON
of a beautiful and favorite
DRAMA AND COMEDY,
both presented with beautiful scenery, correct costumes, original music, elegant stage appointments, and CAPITAL DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS.
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, Nov. 24.
The performances will commence with Palgrave Simpson's beautiful Drama entitled
DREAMS OF DELUSION.

Sir Bernard Harleigh	Mr. Frederic Robinson
Dr. Pungent	Mr. John Gilbert
Lord Arthur Brandon	Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Maunder	Mr. W. H. Norton
Bobby	Mr. J. C. Williamson
Lady Viola Harleigh	Miss Madeline Henriques
Amabel	Mrs. Sedley Brown

To conclude with the popular two-act Comedy, by Buckstone, author of "Married Life," "Tom Noddy's Secret," &c., &c.,
RURAL FELICITY.

Dormouse Spike	Mr. George Holland
Simon Sly	Mr. A. W. Young
Twaddle	Mr. W. H. Norton
Singleton Unit	Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Mr. Layton	Mr. J. C. Williamson
Tom	Mr. Ward
Dr. Squills	Mr. Wilkinson
Jemima	Miss Mary Gannon
Cecilia	Miss Madeline Henriques
Mrs. Colpepper	Mrs. Vernon
Harriet	Mrs. Clara Jennings
Mrs. Wiley	Mrs. John Sefton
Miss Spike	Miss Green
Miss Holiday	Mrs. Timony

Incidental to the play, a duet by Miss Henriques and Mrs. Jennings—"Meet Me by Moonlight."
MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 26—Last time,
THE FAST FAMILY.
TUESDAY, Nov. 27—First night this season of Buckstone's Comedy
MARRIED LIFE.
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28, THE DOUBLE GALLANT.
A CAPITAL BILL
will be presented THANKSGIVING NIGHT.
In rehearsal and will speedily be produced, the fine Comedy entitled
PAUL PRY.
Together with an entirely new and
ORIGINAL COMIC DRAMA,
Replete with domestic interest and novel and picturesque effects.
Due notice will be given of the first appearance this season of
MR. LESTER WALLACK.
The box-office open daily from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Doors open at 7½; performance commences at 8 o'clock.

ORATORIO.
THE NEW-YORK PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY
will give a performance of Handel's Grand Oratorio,
SAMPSON,
AT
PLYMOUTH CHURCH, BROOKLYN,
(Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's,)
ON
MONDAY EVENING, NOV. 26, 1866.
To render this a specially attractive and meritorious oratorio performance has been the aim of the Society. Their large, highly-trained and magnificent chorus, together with the distinguished artists engaged for the solos, the great organ and the orchestra, present an array of attraction seldom equaled.
The characters will be sustained by the following eminent artists:

SAMSON	MR. GEO. SIMPSON.
MICAH, His Friend	MME. FANNY R. RITTER.
MARWAH, His Father	MR. J. R. THOMAS.
DELILA, His Wife	MISS MARIA BRAINERD.
CONDUCTOR	MR. F. L. RITTER.
ORGANIST	MR. E. J. CONNOLLY.

Tickets for sale at the following places: H. H. Dickinson, corner Hicks and Montague sts.; D. G. Farwell, corner Court and Joralemon sts.; W. W. Swayne, No. 212 Fulton-st.; Cyrus Pyle, corner Fulton and Pierrepont sts., Brooklyn. Also, at the principal music stores in New-York, at the piano warerooms of Decker & Co., No. 419 Broome-st., and at the stationery store of J. Leach, No. 86 Nassau-st.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; commences at 8 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
GRAND MATINEE
For the accommodation of families, ladies and children who cannot attend in the evening.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Nov. 24, 1866, at 1 o'clock,
THE BLACK CROOK.
The great
PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
together with the
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SCENE,
in the same brilliant style as produced in the evening.
Admission one dollar to all parts of the house.
No extra charge for securing seats, for which purpose the Box-office will remain open until 11 A. M. on SATURDAY.
Doors open at 12 o'clock.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Managers....Lewis Baker and Mark Smith.
Unabated success of the new five-act drama of the Passions, founded on Charles Reade's celebrated novel, and entitled
GRIFFITH GAUNT; OR, JEALOUSY,
by Augustin Daly, Esq.
TO-DAY, at 1 o'clock.
Doors open at 12½.
TO-NIGHT, and EVERY EVENING at 8.
Seats secured six days in advance.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT....Director
MATINEES at 2½
On WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,
On WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
EVERY NIGHT at 8.
MLLE. CARLOTTA DE BERG,
PREMIERE EQUESTRIENNE OF THE WORLD;
ROBERT STICKNEY,
CHAMPION PAD RIDER OF THE GLOBE;
EL NINO EDDIE,
THE CHILD-WONDER,
and the entire strength of the
LARGEST AND BEST TROUPE
ever collected in America, will appear in a most brilliant and exciting programme of
STARTLING EQUESTRIAN ACTS
AND
WONDERS OF ATHLETIC SKILL!
AN EXTRA MATINEE
On MONDAY, Nov. 26.

BUDWORTH'S MINSTRELS.
Fifth-av. Opera House, adjoining Fifth-av. Hotel.
A TRIP A TRIP
TO A TO
THE A THE
MOON. A MOON.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 1½ P. M.

KELLY AND LEON'S MINSTRELS,
No. 720 BROADWAY.
The enthusiasm still continues.
THE MONSTER TRIP AROUND THE WORLD
Crowding the Hall nightly.
Secure seats three days in advance.
The only LEON, the great KELLY, the witty CHRISTY, the funny SEYMOUR, the merry ALLEN, the eccentric PRICE, assisted by a numerous corps of Artists.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE.
Reserved seats for all first-class Theatres, Concerts, &c., can always be obtained at the
THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,
NOS. 112 AND 114 BROADWAY,
AND 955 BROADWAY.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—LONG STRIKE MATINEE. THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock; 50 cents to all parts of the theatre; children 25 cents.

SEVENTH REGIMENT, NATIONAL GUARD BAND.—Second Concert on SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 24, at Seventh Regiment Armory. Members of the regiment and their friends can obtain tickets from the Orderlies, or from C. S. GRAFULLA, Band Master, No. 1 Stanton-st.

BILLIARD AND BOWLING ROOMS FOR SALE IN WASHINGTON.—The fine billiard and bowling rooms of A. S. BRADY & CO., the best located, largest and most complete in Washington, and connected with Brady's Gymnasium, with 500 members; has 8 new Phelan tables and 3 bowling alleys, and cost for fitting up $15,000. Parties desiring a well-established business will be liberally treated with; sold on account of engagements elsewhere. A. S. BRADY & CO.,
Nos. 82, 84 and 86 Louisiana-av., Washington, D. C.

WONDERFUL FREAK OF NATURE.—The "WASHINGTON TWINS," born alive, having two heads, four arms, and but one body and one pair of legs; also the head and right arm of PROBST, the murderer of the Deering Family; together with the magnificent collection of objects in Physiology, Anatomy, Pathology and Natural History. All of which are illustrated daily by lectures and microscopic views at NEW-YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, No. 618 Broadway. Open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

PROSCENIUM BOX AT WINTER GARDEN for the Italian Opera for sale. Apply at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 212 5th-av., New-York.
Classes on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
Evening class for gentlemen TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. For terms, &c., send for circular.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., now open for the reception of pupils on Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Ladies, 2 to 4 P. M.; Misses and Masters, 4 to 6 P. M.
Gentlemen, Tuesday and Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock.

DE GARMO'S BOOK—THIRD EDITION— Containing full descriptions of all the quadrilles, figures of the German cotillon, &c., now ready; price 50 cents. Apply at or address No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.
Mr. STUART has much pleasure in announcing that he has effected a short engagement with the celebrated German Tragedian,
Mr. BOGUMIL DAWISON,
whose triumphs in Europe have been almost without a parallel, and who, without doubt, is the foremost artist of the continent.
Mr. BOGUMIL DAWISON
will make his first appearance on
THIS SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 24,
Mr. STUART having succeeded, at some cost, in postponing the regular entertainments of that evening in order that Mr. DAWISON might appear.
The play selected for the occasion is Shakspeare's
RICHARD III.,
which will be performed for the benefit of the
GERMAN HOSPITAL.
Mr. DAWISON will be supported by a fine company, under the direction of Mr. HAERTING, who, having volunteered their services, it affords Mr. STUART great gratification to say that the entire receipts will be handed to the deserving charity in whose behalf Mr. DAWISON has so generously offered his services.
Parquet and Dress Circle, $2; Reserved seats, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $3 50; Family Circle, 75 cents.
TUESDAY, Nov. 27—EDWIN BOOTH.
Mr. STUART begs also to inform the public that Mr. DAWISON will subsequently appear at a series of performances at the Winter Garden, of which due notice will be given.
TUESDAY, 27th, EDWIN BOOTH.

Mr. STUART begs to announce that on
MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 26,
MR. MAX MARETZEK
will open his season of
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA
at this theatre, which, under the direction of Mr. Frederick Diaper, has been refreshed and partly repainted. Two hundred and fifty additional chairs have been placed in the Parquet and Dress Circle; eight additional private boxes have been built, and the aisles have been entirely newly carpeted.
OPENING NIGHT.
First appearance of
GIORGIO RONCONI.
On MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 26, at 8,
will be presented the highly successful comic opera,
CRISPINO E LA COMARE,
(The Cobbler and the Fairy,)
with a most splendid cast, including
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.
STOCKTON, TESTA, BELLINI, ANTONUCCI,
GIORGIO RONCONI.
Conductor....Signor TORRIANI.
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28—FRA DIAVOLO.
FRIDAY, Nov. 30—STAR OF THE NORTH.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON—GRAND MATINEE.
The sale of reserved seats and tickets will commence THIS MORNING at the Box-office of the Winter Garden, at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at the Ticket-office, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.
☞ Mr. STUART begs to announce that
MR. EDWIN BOOTH
will open his regular
SERIES OF PERFORMANCES
at this theatre on
TUESDAY, NOV. 27,
in the character of
HAMLET,
alternating with Max Maretzek's
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA,
TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY.
And a Grand MATINEE on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 28.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager....WM. WHEATLEY
Doors open at 7. Commence at 7¾.
THIS ESTABLISHMENT DOES NOT ADVERTISE IN THE NEW-YORK HERALD
EVERY NIGHT and SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS OF
THE BLACK CROOK.
Introducing Jarrett & Palmer's
GREAT PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
together with
SILVER CASCADE
AND THE GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
Seats can be secured six days in advance.
GRAND MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY,
COMMENCING AT 1 O'CLOCK,
on which occasion the prices will be
ONE DOLLAR
to all parts of the house.
No extra charge for reserved seats, which can be secured any day during the week.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
LEONARD GROVER....DIRECTOR
Time of opening 6¾—Introductory Overture 7½.
THE GRAND FAMILY MATINEE.
THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, 2 o'clock.
Admission to the Ladies' and Children's Matinee 50 cents to all parts of the Theatre; Children 25 cents.
AFTERNOON and EVENING, Boucicault's great drama,
THE LONG STRIKE,
THE LONG STRIKE,
WITH A GREAT CAST OF CHARACTERS.
ENTIRELY NEW AND ATTRACTIVE SCENERY.
THIS EVENING, the LONG STRIKE, preceded by the performance of the NEW AND ORIGINAL EXTRAVAGANZA, redolent with wit and humor, songs and choruses entitled
HAMLET; OR, WEARING OF THE BLACK.
HAMLET, Prince of Denmark, whose appearance and disposition are indicated in the title,
Mr. STUART ROBSON.
THANKSGIVING AFTERNOON—HOLIDAY PERFORMANCE.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Sole Proprietor....Mr. J. W. LINGARD
THE CATARACT OF THE GANGES.
Zamine....Miss Kate Fisher
JACK SHEPPARD
ON HORSEBACK.
Jack Sheppard....Miss Kate Fisher
Introducing the trained horse WONDER in both pieces.
A KISS IN THE DARK.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.
Director....MAX MARETZEK
TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 27, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
ERNANI.
THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 29, by general request,
ELISIR D'AMORE.
The sale of reserved seats and tickets will commence this morning in Brooklyn, at the box office of the Academy, and in New-York at the ticket office, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

OLD BOWERY—MANAGER, G. L. FOX.
Immense success of the pantomime.
JACK AND GILL WENT UP THE HILL.
G. L. Fox, C. K. Fox, and Pantomime Troupe.
TWO PIECES with the DRAMATIC COMPANY.

STEINWAY HALL—SYMPHONY SOIREE.
THEODORE THOMAS'
SECOND SYMPHONY SOIREE
Takes place THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Nov. 24, when the following works will be performed:

Overture—Marriage of Figaro	Mozart
Concerto in A minor	Schumann

Mr. S. B. MILLS,
(by kind permission of Mr. H. L. Bateman.)
NINTH SYMPHONY in D minor; Op. 125....Beethoven
for Orchestra, Chorus and four solo parts.
Soloists—Mrs. EUGENE CRUGER, Miss ELLA MEYER, Mr. W. F. HILL, and Mr. M. DUSCHNITZ,
Together with that well-known and efficient
CHORAL SOCIETY, THE MENDELSSOHN UNION,
(under the direction of Mr. WILLIAM BERGE,)
which will number
TWO HUNDRED VOICES.
THE GRAND ORCHESTRA OF EIGHTY PERFORMERS.
CONDUCTOR....THEODORE THOMAS
PRICES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
For the four remaining Soirees, $5.
TICKETS $1 50 EACH.
NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR RESERVED SEATS.
The sale of reserved seats and tickets will commence this morning at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at Irving Hall, and at the Theatre Ticket Office, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.
Doors open at 7:30. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the
ARTIST FUND SOCIETY
is now open at the Galleries of the National Academy of Design corner of 23d-st. and 4th-av., from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

MME. MONTANIA'S
SHEET WAX FOR WAX FLOWERS,
25 cents per dozen.
No. 779 Broadway, near 10th-st.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—LONG STRIKE MATINEE, THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock; 50 cents to all parts of the theatre; children 25 cents.

SPORTING.

A RARE CHANCE FOR SPORTSMEN.—A most beautiful white and yellow setter dog, warranted to point dead and live game, and retrieve, will be sold peremptorily, by MINER & SOMERVILLE, No. 37 Nassau-st., at 12 o'clock TO-DAY.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

Nov. 1, 1866.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a copartnership for the purpose of transacting a Banking, Exchange and Commission business, under the firm of
JAMES W. TUCKER & CO.,
Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe, Paris, France.
JAMES W. TUCKER.
EDWARD R. ANDREWS.

THE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP EXISTING between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
ARTHUR TILESTON.
Special Partner, GEO. H. TALMAN.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 23, 1866.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ATTENTION! MERCHANTS, PAINTERS AND AGENTS. Glass letters for store windows and signs, richly gilded, latest European styles. Unsurpassed for beauty, lasting and economy. Glass signs, door-plates, numbers, show-cards, frames, gilding, &c. silver plated numbers for residences expressed everywhere; samples returnable. No. 107 Fulton-st., GLASS LETTER COMPANY.

$50,000.—WANTED, IN A PUBLISHING House, well established, and doing a large, rapidly growing, profitable and safe business, a special partner with $50,000 capital, upon which a liberal return will be guaranteed, and the principal secured, if desired. Address PUBLISHERS, Box No. 111 Daily Times Office. None but principals need apply. All communications confidential.

A PARTNER WANTED—FOR THE BANKing business, by an experienced business man, who is willing to put his knowledge against capital from $30,000 to $50,000; 7 per cent. interest will be allowed on capital, with share of profits; either special or general. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A MANUFACTURING ESTABlishment, situated in South Brooklyn, doing a large and very profitable business, exclusively for cash; will be sold low and on accommodating terms, as the owner is about retiring from business. Apply to J. NELSON LUCKEY, Banker, No. 243 Broadway.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC MAN EXperienced in the advertising business to establish a branch advertising agency in Cincinnati, in connection with a prominent house in this City. Address K., Box No. 6,096 Post-office.

$325 WILL BUY A LIGHT MANUFACTURING business, suitable for two persons. A good chance. Call at No. 107 Warren-st, up stairs.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, IMMEDIATELY— Candy-store and fruit-stand. Apply at No. 221 Greenwich-st., between Barclay and Vesey sts.

ASTROLOGY.

244.—THE WONDERFUL HIGHLY-GIFTED PROPHESYING MEDIUM has arrived from Washington. This is the same one who predicted the events of the late war, the first and second election of President Lincoln, and the manner of his death, and the future of this country. Imparts truthful advice regarding health, sickness—if recoverable or not—law-suits, difficulties in business, absent friends, and all important affairs of life. Can be consulted at his parlors, No. 244 Grand-st., second floor.

165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER, CLAIRvoyant, tells all you want to know—losses, ...

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

A Curious and Interesting Romance in the Life of Mr. Lincoln.

Mr. W. H. HERNDON, who was for many years the law partner, and through all his life the intimate personal friend of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, is engaged in writing his biography. Some months ago he delivered a lecture upon his life and character, which was marked by a very striking analysis of his intellectual and moral qualities, and indicated a very remarkable knowledge of the man. Mr. HERNDON has recently delivered another lecture on the same subject, of which we have received a copy in a Western paper. It is very long and very curious, not so much for its contents as for its character; not for the facts it narrates so much as for the state of mind it reveals on the part of the lecturer in regard to the subject of his discourse. Mr. HERNDON opens his lecture thus:

> "LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I am about to deliver a lecture to-night on ABRAHAM LINCOLN, Miss ANN RUTLEDGE, New-Salem, Pioneering, and the Poem commonly called 'Immortality,' or,
>
> 'Oh! why should the spirit of mortal be proud?'"

He next announces that "LINCOLN loved ANN RUTLEDGE better than his own life," and promises to give the history of *the poem* as connected with the two. The facts of this history, he says, "lie in fragments in the desk at my office, in the bureau drawers at my home, and in my memory—in the memories of men, women and children all over this broad land, and especially in the Counties of Menard and Sangamon, covering an area of sixty miles square." After a long passage of apology, explanation, and protestation of the absolute truth of all he proposes to relate—marked by a great deal of feeling—Mr. HERNDON thus states the facts which he says will "throw a stray foot-light on the path of ABRAHAM LINCOLN from New-Salem through Springfield, to and through Washington to the grave." He says:

> "Ladies and gentlemen, friends, enemies, too, give me the good, kind, sad and tender corner of your hearts to-night, not forgetting your heads. ANN RUTLEDGE was a beautiful girl of New-Salem from 1824 to 1836. She was born in Kentucky Jan. 7, 1813. She was a grandchild of the liberty-loving, patriotic Rutledges of South Carolina. Her father was born in South Carolina amid the echoes of the cannon's revolutionary roar. Mr. LINCOLN lived in New-Salem from 1830 to 1837, and boarded for a while with CAMERON, who was the partner of Mr. RUTLEDGE. Mr. LINCOLN soon changed his home. He went and boarded with Mr. JAMES RUTLEDGE about the years 1833 and 1834, and then and there first became well acquainted with ANN RUTLEDGE. He may have known her well before this. I have no space here to give a description of this beautiful, amiable and lovely girl of nineteen. She was gifted with a good mind. Three good and influential men of the little village of New-Salem simultaneously fell in love with this girl—A. LINCOLN, Mr. ——, and Mr. ——. The third man she quickly rejected. He was a gentleman; so was LINCOLN; so was ——. All these men were strong men, men of power, as time demonstrated. Circumstances, fate, Providence, the iron chain of sweeping events, so willed it that this young lady was engaged to Mr. LINCOLN and Mr. —— at one and the same time. No earthly blame can be attached to the girl, and none to the men in their fidelity and honor to her. It all so happened, or was decided by fate. It shall, in truth, be explained hereafter, to the satisfaction of all. It is a sad, thrilling story. The young girl saw her condition. Her word of promise was out to two men at the same time, both of whom she loved, dearly loved. The consciousness of this, and the conflict of duties, love's promises and womanly engagements, made her think, grow sad, become restless and nervous. She suffered, pined, ate not and slept not. Time and struggle, as supposed and believed by many, caused her to have a raging fever, of which she died on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1835. She died on a farm seven miles north, bearing a little west of New-Salem, and now lies buried in the Concord graveyard, six miles north, bearing a little west of New-Salem, and four miles from Petersburgh."

This is all there is of Miss RUTLEDGE. But Mr. HERNDON goes on to give, with the utmost detail, all the incidents of a visit he paid to New-Salem "on Sunday, the 14th of October, 1866," to find her grave, which, as well as the Cemetery in which it is located, is described with painful minuteness. This is followed by several columns of description of New-Salem, the appearance of the country, the character of its soil, trees, houses, flowers, weeds, streams, stones and everything in any way connected with it, with sketches of the persons who once lived there; descriptions of the character of a pioneer population, and philosophical reflections on life, religion and character generally. Then follows this further passage, concerning Mr. LINCOLN and Miss RUTLEDGE:

> "ABRAHAM LINCOLN loved Miss ANN RUTLEDGE with all his soul, mind and strength. She loved him as dearly, tenderly and affectionately. They seemed made in heaven for each other, though opposite in many things. As before remarked, she was accidentally, innocently and honestly engaged to A. LINCOLN and Mr. —— at one and the same time. It is said and thought that the young lady was conditionally promised to Mr. LINCOLN, to be consummated upon a release from her first engagement with Mr. ——. The primary causes, facts and conditions which led to this complication shall be related to you at another time and place. There is no disgrace in it to any of the three. In her conflicts of honor, duty, love, promises, and womanly engagements—she was taken sick. She struggled, regretted, grieved, became nervous. She ate not, slept not, was taken sick of brain fever, became emaciated, and was fast sinking in the grave. LINCOLN wished to see her. She silently prayed *to see him*. The friends of both parties at first refused the wish and prayer of both; still the wishes and prayers of both prevailed. Mr. LINCOLN did go to see her about the 10th day of August, A. D. 1835. The meeting was quite as much as either could bear, and more than LINCOLN, with all his coolness and philosophy could endure. The voice, the face, the features of her, the love, sympathy and interview fastened themselves on his heart and soul forever. Heaven only knows what was said by the two. God only knows what was thought. Dr. JASON DUNCAN, of New-Salem, about September, A. D., 1833, had shown and placed in Mr. LINCOLN'S hands, the poem called in short, now, 'Immortality,' or properly, 'Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?' Remember, Miss RUTLEDGE died on the 25th of August, A. D., 1835, and was buried in the Concord Cemetery, six miles north, bearing a little west of New-Salem, as stated before. Mr. LINCOLN has stated that his heart, sad and broken, was buried there. He said in addition, to the same friend, 'I cannot endure the thought that the sleet and storm, frost and snow of heaven should beat on her grave.' He never addressed another woman, in my opinion, 'yours affectionately;' and generally and characteristically abstained from the use of the word 'love.' That word cannot be found more than a half a dozen times, if that often, in all his letters and speeches, since that time. I have seen some of his letters to other ladies, but he never says 'love.' He never ended his letters with yours 'affectionately,' but signed his name, 'your friend, A. LINCOLN.' ABRAHAM LINCOLN was, by nature, more or less, in tendency, abstracted—had the power of continuous concentrated thought. It may be, as alleged, that he was a warm, ardent and more or less impulsive man, before 1835, and of which I give no opinion. He never did care for food—eating mechanically. He sorrowed and grieved, rambled over the hills and through the forests, day and night. He suffered and bore it for a while like a great man—a philosopher. He slept not, he ate not, joyed not. This he did until his body became emaciated and weak, and gave way. His mind wandered from its throne. In his imagination he muttered words to her he loved. His mind, his reason somewhat dethroned, walked out of itself along the uncolumned air, and kissed and embraced the shadows and illusions of the heated brain. Love, future happiness, death, sorrow, grief and pure and perfect despair, the want of sleep the want of food, a cracked and aching heart, over and intense thought, soon worked a partial wreck of body and of mind. It has been said that Mr. LINCOLN became and was totally insane at that time and place. This is not exactly the truth. The dethronement of his reason was only partial, and could alone be detected by his closest friends and sharpest observers, through the abruptness of his sentences, and the sharp contrasts of his ideas and language. To give you a fair idea, an exact one of his then true mental state and condition, imagine Mr. LINCOLN situated as I have attempted to describe. Mr. LINCOLN had a strong mind, a clear and distinct one. His style and mode of expression in 1835 were entirely different from what they were from 1853 to 1864. He had more, much more, emotion, fancy and imagination, in 1835, when he was 26 years of age, than he had in 1858 to 1864, when he was 47 to 55 years of age. He grew stronger as he grew older. Did this dread calamity, of which I have spoken, crush him and thus modify, if it did not change, his nature? It must be expected that his expressions would follow truly his own rational thoughts in part only, not wholly so in logic, at least. His utterances and expressions would be necessarily disconnected and sharply contrasted. It is said, and I believe it, that he lost his logical faculty—power over cause and effect, and their legitimate relation—through the momentary loss of memory alone.
>
> * * * The friends of Mr. LINCOLN—men, women and children—begged him to quit his home and place of business. They coaxed and threatened him by turns in order to get him to quit the places and scenes of his sorrows and griefs. His women friends tried their arts on him. Men begged and held out strong inducements to go into the country. The boys and girls of the town and neighborhood aided and assisted the older people all they could. All tricks were detected by the man the whole people so dearly loved. BOLIN GREEN, and some of his and LINCOLN'S special friends, at last tried their powers. They succeeded in throwing LINCOLN off his guard by robbing him of his suspicions. Mr. LINCOLN, in September, went down to BOLIN GREEN'S in consequence of the pressure thrown on and around him, and in the space of a week or ten days, by BOLIN'S humor, generosity and hospitality, his care and kindness, aided by the womanly sympathy, gentleness and tenderness of his wife, LINCOLN soon rose up a man once more. He was visited daily by men, women, boys and girls, whose conversation, stories, jokes, witticisms, fun and [illegible] soon roused up the man, thus enabling him to momentarily throw off sorrow, sadness, grief, pain and anxiety. They walked over the hills with him, danced for him, read for him, laughed for him, and amused him in a thousand ways. He evidently enjoyed all as man scarcely ever enjoyed two weeks before nor since. He got well and bade adieu, for a short season, to BOLIN'S kind roof and generous hospitality. Mrs. BOLIN GREEN still lives, God bless her! and survives her own husband, and/ their ward and guest. Mr. LINCOLN went back to New-Salem, as thought, a changed, a radically changed man. He went to New-Salem about the last of September, A. D. 1835. He now once more picked up, took up, and read, and re-read the poem called "Immortality," or "Oh! why should the spirit of mortal be proud?" He saw new beauties in it. He seized it, and it seized him—a mutual seizure and arrest. He learned, learned it by heart, committed it to memory, and repeated it over and over to his friends.
>
> Such is the true history of things—such are New-Salem and surrounding country—such are her hills, and bluffs, and valleys. Such are her geology and her general past—such is her floral world—such are her fruits, trees and plants, birds, fish and game—and such were and are her people. Such is New-Salem—such was she in the past—such is she now. So is she in the spring time, in the summer time, fall and winter time. So she is in daylight and darkness, beneath sun, moon and stars. So is her rise—her growth—her fall and ruin, death and decay. Such is man. It was here ABRAHAM LINCOLN first came to himself, after so great grief. It was here, amid these hills and peaks, bluffs and valleys, creeks and paths, branches and rivulets, he moved among men and women, walked and roamed sadly, gloomily, frantically, despairingly, almost insanely. He thought and reflected on man and woman, the transient and permanent—love, duty, nature, destiny, the past, present and the future—of God. It was here he walked in daylight—at night time—under the forest tree and beneath the moon's pale, sad glance, contemplating all human life, its laws and springs, its mysterious ways and ends, his own insignificance, the utter insignificance of all men and things, the follies, foibles, ambitions and corruptions, as compared with nature, laws and principles, all embodied in the permanent, and it in the never beginning and never ending Absolute, unconditioned and illimitable. It was about the 20th day of October, A. D. 1835, that ABRAHAM LINCOLN, as he wandered and wended his sad and melancholy way over hill and dale, gloomily burst forth—
>
> Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?

These passages contain all that is in the lecture concerning Mr. LINCOLN or Miss RUTLEDGE. They are exceedingly interesting and throw much light on phases of Mr. LINCOLN'S character, and especially on the melancholy and abstracted mood which so many of his friends have observed, and which no one hitherto has attempted to explain.

The lecture itself is a most remarkable production—characterized by great acuteness of analysis, and vigor of description—but above all by a depth and earnestness of feeling not wholly unlike that which he ascribes to Mr. LINCOLN himself during his temporary disturbance of mind.

If it be allowable to indulge in conjecture on such a subject, we imagine Mr. HERNDON himself to have been the *second* of the two gentlemen to whom Miss RUTLEDGE was engaged at the same time.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Republican Primary Conventions.

The Republican primary elections for delegates to the City, Aldermanic, Councilmanic and School Conventions were held last evening with the following result:

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention—Pierce C. Van Wyck, Owen O'Connell, Mark Lanigan, George M. Rea, Morris Friesdam.

Aldermanic Convention—Thomas H. Short, Thomas Hurley.

School and Councilmanic Conventions—Fourth Ward—Garrett Bell, George Dukeman, G. T. Goodwin, James McLaughlin, Daniel J. Murphy, C. H. Hurrell, Thos. Welsh. *Sixth Ward*—P. V. R. Van Wyck, James A. Messenger, E. A. Nichols, B. H. Munson, Vincent Le Comte, Joseph Breck, Thomas Ogilvie.

FOURTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention—Charles H. Hall, Lewis Hopps, John E. Marren, Samuel Hutton, David B. Dwire.

Ward Conventions—Walter Barnes, Peter Feeney, D. W. Knevels, Charles Brink, John M. Gilfillan, Wm. C. Smith, Wm. H. Ward, Daniel King, William Hutton. Reuben C. Mills, Frederick Drewes, Henry Miller, George Sharp, Richard Clarson, Henry Steinberg, John B. Miller.

FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention—John Ryan, James Marshall, Robert Edwards, Wm. J. Loutrell, John Forshay.

Aldermanic Convention—John Heffern, Thomas Atkins, Philip Cooney, John Collins, Wm. Stuart, Robert R. Carpenter, George L. Condit, Volkert C. Roth, Wm. Ingoldsby, Archibald Bradshaw, Jeremiah Hedges, Ellery Dennison, James Michaels, Gilbert J. Hunter, Samuel Hepburn, Wm. Reed.

School Convention—Daniel R. Davis, John Lux, John Ryan, Edward Brinckerhoff, Jos. P. Sandall, Warren Whitney, Archibald Longstreet, James Tucker, Edward Hallock, Charles Suess, Geo. W. Taylor, Wm. Edwards, Thos. J. Forbes, Philip Allaire, George E. Hill, James H. Carpenter.

SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention—Thomas H. Oakley, David Miller, Adolphus Boarst, Thomas C. Thornton, Thos. Regan.

Councilmanic Convention—Seventeenth Ward—Geo. Kirk, John Pender, John F. Deyen, John Higgins. Tenth Ward—Napoleon Lauthen, Frederick Lowe, William Boeckel, William Owens.

School Convention—James H. Grey, John Perkinson, Henry Lebman, William Lamman, Michael Barry, James Whytell, Julius Dorphin, William Crotort, William E. Oakley, John Frank, George Donaldson, John Fleischman.

SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention—Robert Beatty, James W. Farr, Joseph Souder, Erastus C. Benedict, Iverson W. Knapp.

Aldermanic Convention—John W. Brister, Rodney Mason, Tobias Lawrence, George W. Freed, David S. Wendell, Edward Albertson, Sandford L. Macomber, John Campbell, William Rice, Nelson D. Thayer, George W. Jaques, William Harrison, William M. Allen, Charles J. Livingston, Charles W. Gardiner, George Timpson, R. L. Northrop, M. D.

School and Councilmanic Convention—Cyrus W. Price, John F. Geraud, Joseph Hanna, William H. Housner, Andrew Owens, Jesse Travis, Charles S. Wright, Abraham W. Pullis, George A. Howard, Oscar Requa, James E. Souder. Dr. Gale, Henry Panton, W. J. Coles, Edward Ward, William Massy, Gerard Hillman.

EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention—Henry A. Smith, John Lewis, Thomas B. Bills, Eliphalet S. Newins. Wm. C. Coles.

Councilmanic Convention—Seventh Ward—James Heppenstahl, David Blackburn. Thirteenth Ward—John White, Robert Carson, John C. Smith.

School Convention—Seventh Ward—George Kimmins, Thomas Keating. Thirteenth Ward—Thomas Sedden, David P. Smith, Joshua A. Healy, Daniel Leisick, Benjamin Hutchinson.

ELEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention—A. J. Dittenhoefer, Lewis G. Claude, Thomas E. Smith, Charles J. Farley, James McAfee.

Aldermanic Convention—Knox McAfee, John J Rabineau, William Scott, William M. Bliss, Robt. Watson, John Campbell, Peter Miller, Jacob Heims, Frederick Schneider, Wm. Savage, John Brady. Daniel Meeks, George Fox, George Dupignac, R. M. Starritt, Wm. Timms, John Coyle, F. H. Purdy, Eugene Soulleyet, Wm. McAfee, James C. Jackson, Max Beringer.

Councilmanic Convention—William Starritt, Joseph A. Phillips, Richard Saul, Benjamin Chamberlin, Max Heiney.

School Convention—George Hettrick, George F. Scott, Morris Loeb, Thomas G. Seeley, Samuel J. Day, Jr.

TWELFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention.—Seaman Johnson, Julian C. Harrison, Lewis H. Watts, William Boardman, Mark Brown.

Ward Convention.—Daniel Herrick, William Vandervoort, John Parrot, John J. White, Louis Ash, Wm. Wall, John Gorman, Maurice Fitzgerald, Clement Watts, Edward Selleck, Thomas Garry, James Clark, Charles Matthews, Louis Jones.

FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

City Convention.—Thomas B. Asten, Robert A. Duncan, William Copland, William H. Bogart, Edward C. Johnson.

Aldermanic Convention—George B. Gifford, William Waldron, Dennis Wood, Hamilton Murray, Edward Coutant, Robert Hunt, D. M. Smythe, John A. Stanbery, Thomas B. Asten, R. P. Duncan, S. S. Urmy, John Bogart, Thos. Quinn, Thomas Coutant.

Councilmanic Convention—John T. Bruce, Edward Jackson, Edwd. Ryder, Robt. Butler, Allen J. Dennis.

School Convention—S. Seeligman, I. T. Otis, R. W. Winthrop, I. W. Solsbery, Douglas Hinchman.

EIGHTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

County Convention—James Kelly, A. J. Bleecker, W. A. Morris, Solomon Birdsall, Wm. McKinley.

Councilmanic Convention—William Atkinson, James Mitchel, John Green, George Hull, John Hanna.

School Convention — L. L. Moore, John Warner, Charles Atkinson, James Hines, David Birdsall.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

City and County Delegates—Milnor Imlay, Joseph Ogle, A. P. Smith, Geo. F. Bord, Benjamin Weaver.

Aldermanic Convention—John A. Cormack, E. M. Gedney, J. H. Bossenecker, H. B. Smith, Geo. Holcomb, Alfred West, Jas. Berryman, Edward McDonald, Benjamin Firth, Stephen B. McClave, Geo. W. Gatter, Adam Sulger, Thomas Hagan, John Garner, Henry Volinger, Thomas Dimmock, Louis Stock.

Councilmanic Convention—James Casey, Daniel S. Huff, Joseph Marx, David McBride, Andrew Bisser.

School Convention—John W. Martin, Samuel Scott, Robert McWhinney, John Stewart, Robert McCord, William Armstrong, Edward Dubois, Doctor Strew, William Higgs, John Wachter, Isaac J. Drake, Jacob Depew, John May, Edward A. Allen, Charles Guyer, Gotham Wilson, Charles Opperman.

McKeon Nominations for the Second Councilmanic District.

Last evening the following nominations were made for this district: PHILIP MCMAHON, JR., EDWARD COSTELLO, EDWARD JACKMAN, NICHOLAS SEGAR, JAMES J. CAREY.

Meeting of the McKeon General Committee.

A meeting of this Committee was held last evening at the Masonic Hall, Thirteenth-street, to indorse County nominations. In consequence of a rumor that Mr. GILES would retire if he did not receive other outside nominations, a Committee of five was appointed to wait upon him and report to the body on Monday evening, when final action will be taken in the matter.

Tammany Councilmanic Conventions.

Fourth District—Cornelius Flynn, James Long, John Stacom, B. Reilly, Hugh O'Brien.

Fifth District—Tenth Ward—J. F. Brinkham. Eleventh Ward—Thomas Daily, David Hogg. Seventeenth Ward—Anthony Hartman, Bernard Kenny.

Seventh District—Eighteenth Ward—Owen Geoghan. Twentieth Ward—F. F. Reynolds. Twenty-first Ward—John Murray. At Large, George F. Haller and James Donnelly.

Eighth District—Twelfth Ward—J. W. Bennett. Nineteenth Ward—Julius Johnson. Twenty-second Ward—Henry Murray.

Mozart Councilmanic Convention.

Fourth District—Adjourned to Tuesday.

Fifth District—Adjourned to Tuesday.

Sixth District—Eighth Ward—John Flynn, Harris Bogert, Ninth Ward—Peter Culkin, Fifteenth Ward—Michael Smith, Sixteenth Ward—Wm. Lamb.

Radical Republican City Convention.

A largely attended meeting of the Radical Republican City Convention took place last evening at Argus Hall, No. 600 Broadway. In calling the meeting to order, the President announced that the name of Hon. WM. A. DARLING had been withdrawn for nomination for the office of Comptroller. Mr. ISAAC J. OLIVER then nominated Police Justice KELLY for the position. SINCLAIR TOUSEY said he had great pleasure in presenting the name of Col. F. A. CONKLING, and he trusted he would receive the nomination. A committee of three presented the name of JOHN W. FARMER. The regular course of business was here interrupted by HORACE GREELEY'S name being presented for United States Senator. HENRY S. SMITH next presented the name of EDGAR KETCHUM for the Comptrollership.

On an informal ballot being held the following result was announced: KELLY, 77; CONKLING, 53; FARMER, 12; KETCHUM, 9.

Both Messrs. FARMER'S and KETCHUM'S names were here withdrawn and the formal ballot proceeded with, when the following result was announced: KELLY, 100; CONKLING, 50.

Judge KELLY was therefore declared elected, and on motion of ISAAC DAYTON the nomination was made unanimous amid loud cheering and much enthusiasm. After a Committee had been appointed to inform Judge KELLY of his nomination the Convention adjourned *sine die.*

Note from Comptroller Brennan.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Nov. 23, 1866.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Certain newspapers seem to believe that my withdrawal as a candidate for the office of Comptroller was a clever contrivance to divert attention from my merits, and that at a late day I was to be nominated and hurried through the contest.

I have simply to say that the editors of those papers are deceived. I have not changed my determination, deliberately expressed to the public in my letter of the 16th inst. A large number of influential citizens have been desirous of calling a public meeting to indorse my administration against the calumnies recently put forth, and the deliberate falsehoods of the Citizens' Association, and then and there to nominate a candidate for the office of Comptroller, entirely free from the machinery of political organizations. I do not feel that I need this vindication, and, so far as any independent action of citizens is concerned, I have nothing to say, except as it may affect myself. I have never had any doubt about my reëlection if I should be a candidate. My conclusion not to be in the canvass was based on other grounds, which were distinctly set forth in my letter. I think I ought to know my own feelings and determination better than any one else. I repeat that under no possible circumstances will I be a candidate for reëlection to the office of Comptroller.

Yours, respectfully,

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Corsica, from Nassau and Havana—Mr. Duval, Mr. Ruthven, Mr. Blauer, Mr. Pedersen, Mr. Chapman, Capt. Spedel, Mr. Swis, Mr. Tucker, Mrs. Gaillard. From Nassau—Capt. and Mrs. Yates, Capt. Bray, Capt. Ayres, Capt. Mustard, Capt. Panne, Capt. Bishop, Capt. Bishop, Capt. Chapman, Capt. and Mrs. Gibbons, Miss A. Rigley, Miss Campeljohn, Mr. Melbourne, A. P. Northum, Wm. Steel, W. Vail, Mr. Hayman, Mr. Darling, and 37 distressed seamen.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 6 57 | Sun sets..... 4 36 | Moon rises... 7 26

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 9 01 | Gov. Island. 9 50 | Hell Gate...11 12

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Nov. 23.

Cleared.

Steamships Emily B. Souder, Lockwood, Charleston, Livingston, Fox & Co.; Erin, (Br.,) Cutting, Liverpool, National Steam Nav. Co.; Saxonia, (Hamb.,) Meier, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; New-York, (Brem.,) Ernst, Bremen, Oelrichs & Co.

Steamers Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia; M. Stevens, Chance, Baltimore, Wm. Dalzell.

Ships Trimountain, Sears, London, C. Carow; Clara Wheeler, (Br.,) Wilmarth, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Ne Plus Ultra, Woodbury, Savannah, Union Navigation Co.

Barks Gan Eden, Greenleaf, Marseilles, J. Henry; Mary, (Br.,) Dart, Cork for orders, via Philadelphia, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Capella, (Brem.,) Christoffer, Cork for orders, via Philadelphia, Thiele, Seill & Co.; Minmaneuth, (Br.,) Christopher, Queenstown for orders, G. F. Bulley; Helen Angier, Staples, San Francisco, R. M. Cooley & Co.

Brigs Victoria, (Span.,) Coll, Mallecca, Span., Rivera, Cardoza & Co.; George Downs, (Br.,) Lanfare, Barbados, H. Trowbridge's Sons; Goodwin, Coffin, Guadaloupe, via Norfolk, J. Henry; Bolivar, (Br.,) Christansen, Genoa, F. Berthoud & Co.; Conrade, (Swed.,) Scott, Cork or Falmouth for orders, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Schooners Dr. Franklin, Geer, Norwich, G.K. Rackett; Thomas Jefferson, Chase, New-Bedford, Ferguson & Wood; Dan Smith, Wilson, Cape Town, C. G. H., Funch, Meincke & Wendt; D. Gillespie, (Br.,) Smith, Windsor, D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Rio, Young, Elizabethport, Snow & Richardson; A. F. Ames, Ames, Savannah, J. S. Ingraham; Sylvan, Blanchard, Savannah, Kitteridge & Proctor.

Arrived.

Steamship Leo, Dearborn, Savannah 60 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co. Nov. 20, passed in Savannah River, brig Mariposa and schr. Arthur Bustin; 5 P. M., off Romain, steamship San Jacinto, hence for Savannah. 21st, 10 P. M., 40 miles north of Hatteras, passed steamship Virgo, hence for Savannah; also steamer Raleigh, hence for Charleston. 22d, lat. 38 10, lon. 74 22, passed steamship Monterey, hence for New-Orleans.

Steamship Corsica, (Br.,) Le Messurier, Havana Nov. 17, via Nassau 19th, with mdse. and passengers to E. Cunard.

Steamship Franconia, Sherwood, Portland, with mdse. to J. F. Ames.

Steamship Chesapeake, Johnson, Portland, with mdse. to J. F. Ames.

Steamer Mary Sanford, Rudolf, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to the Metropolitan Steamship Co.

Steamship Ashland, Norton, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to Metropolitan Steamship Co.

Steamer Nereus, Bearse, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Suwanee, Catharine, Philadelphia 2 ds., with mdse. to S. Stearns.

Ship Sailor Prince, (of Liverpool,) Sadler, Manila July 9, passed Angier Aug. 15, Cape of Good Hope Sept. 21, with hemp, &c., to order. Had heavy weather; lost and split sails.

Bark J. Cummings, (of Londonderry, N. S.,) Hookway, Havre 43 ds., with mdse. to C. A. De Wolf & Co. Nov. 16, George Spencer, a seaman, fell from aloft overboard, and was lost.

Bark Montezuma, Hammond, Trinidad, Port Spain, 23 ds., with sugar and molasses to T. T. & F. A. Dwight & Co. Left no vessels in port.

Bark Pallas, Biddle, of and from Belize, Hond., 26 ds., with logwood to Josiah Jex. Had strong gales from N. to N. E. the first 14 days.

Bark Frederick Petersen, (Norw.,) Kundsen, Cardiff 48 ds., with coal to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark N. M. Haven, (of Portland,) Haven, Malaga 42 ds., with fruit to Miller & Houghton. Passed Gibraltar Oct 18.

Brig Nellie, Taylor, St. Croix 16 ds., in ballast to Roche Bros. & Coffey.

Brig Gardina, (Port.,) De Cumbra, Oporto 48 ds., with wine and cork to Hagemeyer & Brunn.

Brig Bride, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Blauvelt, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar to Boyd & Hincken.

Brig Maria White, Bryant, Coleraine, Ga., 7 ds., with pine lumber to H. W. Loud & Co.

Brig S. Strout, Wallace, Brunswick, Ga., 7 ds., with lumber to Jas. Henry.

Brig Kildare, (Br.,) Macomber, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to G. F. Peniston & Co.

Brig W. W. Lord, (of Pictou,) Babin, Cow Bay 9 ds., with coal to master.

Brig South Boston, (of Pictou, N. S.,) Lane, Bathurst, W. C. A., 34 ds., in ballast to R. P. Buck & Co. Had strong W. and N. W. winds; split sails, &c.

Brig Renshaw, Smith, Salt Cay 14 ds., with sugar and salt to J. E. Ward & Co.

Brig Sophia, (of Shelburne, N. S.,) Stirling, Montego Bay, Jam., 18 ds., with logwood to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig Rising Sun, (new,) Scofield, New-Haven, in ballast to master.

Brig Meteor, Henderson, Port Royal.

Schr. Britannia, (of Arichat, C. B.,) King, Cow Bay 14 ds., with coal to B. F. Small & Co.

Schr. Porto Rico, Wentworth, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Annie J. Russell, Hutchins, Portland, Conn., with stone.

Schr. Wm. Wright, Nickerson, Portland, Conn., with stone.

Schr. S. L. Simmons, Gaudy, Boston.

Schr. E. R. Kirk, Robinson, Boston.

Schr. John D. Griffen, Gould, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Gen. Scott, Leach, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. E. N. Perry, Hamilton, Rondout, for Portland.

Schr. H. P. Ely, Stokes, Norwalk.

Schr. E. S. Fessenden, Elliott, Indianola.

Sloops Anna Roberts, and Alice R., Barra, from the wreck of Br. brig Flying Scud, at Rockaway.

WIND—This morning from N. W., rain and snow.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Nov. 23—Arr. steamer Fairbanks, from New-York; bark Lady Franklin, Cienfuegos; brig Moonlight, Surinam.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 23—Arr. steamer A. J. Bentley, New-York. Sld. steamship Moneka; schr. J. W. Hall, New-York; schr. Kate Wentworth, Boston.

HOLMES' HOLE, Nov. 21—Arr. brig F. Nelson, Warren, R. I., for Boston; schrs. R. G. Wildin, Philadelphia for Boston; Jonathan May, Philadelphia, for Salem; John Snow, Rondout, for Boston; Sarah Whalon, Huntington, for Boston; Evergreen, Philadelphia, for Danvers; St. Lucas, New-York, for Portsmouth; Harriet Rich, Providence, for Belfast; Ella Richardson, Mystic, for Bangor; Frank Maria, Warren, for Bucksport.

Sld. brig J. C. York; schr. Alex. Young.

22d—Arr. schrs. Frank & Emily, Jacksonville, for Boston; Wm. Wallace, Annie Magee, Susan S. Watson, W. H. Downs, S. V. W. Simmons, Philadelphia, for Gloucester; B ack Diamond, Philadelphia, for Lynn; Clara Bell, Philadelphia, for Essex; Damon, Jersey City, for Boston; Amelia, Albany, for Boston; Willow Harp, Delaware City, for Newburyport; Radonda, Elizabethport, for Boston; Caroline Knight, Elizabethport, for Portland; Tropic Bird, (Br.,) New-York for St. Johns; O. S. Dyer, New-York, for Franklin; Flying Arrow, Newport, for Calais; Etta G. Fogg, Wellfleet, for Sangier.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 23—Cld. ship Ellen Hood, Liverpool; brig Ruth, New-York; schr. Mott Bedell, New-Haven; bark Nonpareil, Buenos Ayres. Arr. steamship City of Bath, Boston.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 23—Sld. steamship Pioneer, for Philadelphia.

Miscellaneous.

The Hamburg bark Washington came up to the City this morning from the Lower Quarantine.

The steamship Cambria, which arrived from Mobile 22d inst., is consigned to Brett, Son & Co., and not to Smith & Dunning, as reported.

The ship Trimountain, while towing out of the East River, yesterday afternoon, touched on Diamond Reef, but came off shortly after, with the rise of the tide, without serious injury.

LAUNCHED.—At Deep River, Conn., on the 22d inst., was launched from the yard of Eli Denison, a first-class centre-board schooner, of about 300 tons burden. She will be named the Lizzie Evans, and is owned by F. L. Philips & Co., of New-York, and Capt. Wm. Evans, of West Dennis Mass., who will command her.

Foreign Ports.

At Salt Cay, Nov. 8, bark Trovatore, for New-York in 3 days.

At Cardenas, Nov. 12, bark John Griffith, for New-York.

At St. Croix, Nov. 6, brig Wm. Welsh, dischg.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT AND DECLARATION.

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY CANvassers of the County of New-York, in relation to votes given for

Governor,
Lieutenant-Governor,
Canal Commissioner,
Inspector of State Prisons,
Representatives in Congress for the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Congressional Districts,

And relative to the act providing for submitting to the people the question, "Shall there be a Convention to revise the Constitution and amend the same?"

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New-York, having met at the office of the Clerk of said county on the 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d days of November, 1866, to canvass and estimate the votes given in the several Election Districts of said county, at the general election held on the 6th day of November, in the year aforesaid, do certify as follows:

That it appears on such estimate and canvass that the whole number of votes given for the office of Governor was one hundred and fourteen thousand two hundred and fifty-five.... 114,255
Of which John T. Hoffman received eighty thousand six hundred and seventy-seven.... 80,677
Of which Reuben E. Fenton received thirty-three thousand four hundred and ninety-two.... 33,492
Of which there were blank forty.... 40
And of which there were scattering forty-six.... 46—114,255
The whole number of votes given for the office of Lieutenant-Governor was one hundred and fourteen thousand one hundred and twelve.... 114,112
Of which Robert H. Pruyn received eighty thousand three hundred and eighty-one.... 80,381
Of which Stewart L. Woodford received thirty-three thousand six hundred and seventy-nine.... 33,679
Of which there were blank thirty-four.... 34
And of which there were scattering eighteen.... 18—114,112
The whole number of votes given for the office of Canal Commissioner was one hundred and fourteen thousand and seventy-seven.... 114,077
Of which William W. Wright received eighty-thousand three hundred and twenty-one.... 80,321
Of which Stephen T. Hayt received thirty-three thousand seven hundred and one.... 33,701
Of which there were blank thirty-five.... 35
And of which there were scattering twenty.... 20—114,077
The whole number of votes given for the office of Inspector of State Prisons was one hundred and thirteen thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.... 113,888
Of which Francis B. Gallagher received eighty thousand and thirty-eight.... 80,038
Of which John Hammond received thirty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-two.... 33,772
Of which there were blank forty-four.... 44
And of which there were scattering thirty-four.... 34—113,888
The whole number of votes given for the office of Representative in Congress for the Fourth Congressional District was seventeen thousand eight hundred and forty-five.... 17,845
Of which John Fox received fourteen thousand and three.... 14,003
Of which Horace Greeley received three thousand seven hundred and forty-three.... 3,743
Of which there were blank twenty-five.... 25
And of which there were scattering seventy-four.... 74— 17,845
The whole number of votes given for the office of Representative in Congress for the Fifth Congressional District was eighteen thousand and twelve.... 18,012
Of which John Morrissey received nine thousand one hundred and sixty-two.... 9,162
Of which Nelson Taylor received six thousand five hundred and three.... 6,503
Of which Eneas Elliott received two thousand two hundred and ninety-three.... 2,293
Of which there were Blank fourteen.... 14
And of which there were Scattering forty.... 40— 18,012
The whole number of votes given for the office of Representative in Congress for the Sixth Congressional District was seventeen thousand one hundred and fifty nine.... 17,159
Of which Thomas E. Stewart received nine thousand four hundred and fifty-two.... 9,452
Of which Charles S. Spencer received six thousand nine hundred and fifty-five.... 6,955
Of which George Stevenson received seven hundred and eleven.... 711
Of which there were Blank three.... 3
Of which there were Scattering thirty-eight.... 38— 17,158
The whole number of votes given for the office of Representative in Congress for the Seventh Congressional District was eighteen thousand three hundred and thirty-six.... 18,336
Of which John W. Chanler received eleven thousand five hundred and three.... 11,503
Of which George F. Steinbrenner received six thousand seven hundred and forty-three.... 6,743
Of which there were Blank seven.... 7
And of which there were Scattering eighty-three.... 83— 18,336
The whole number of votes given for the office of Representative in Congress for the Eighth Congressional District was twenty-two thousand one hundred.... 22,100
Of which James Brooks received thirteen thousand eight hundred and sixteen.... 13,816
Of which Legrand B. Cannon received eight thousand two hundred and ten.... 8,210
Of which Elizabeth Cady Stanton received twenty-four.... 24
Of which there were Blank.... 18
And of which there were Scattering thirty-two.... 32— 22,100
The whole number of votes given for the office of Representative in Congress for the Ninth Congressional District was seventeen thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight.... 17,728
Of which Fernando Wood received nine thousand six hundred and five.... 9,605
Of which William A. Darling received seven thousand nine hundred and ninety-five.... 7,995
Of which there were blank thirty.... 30
And of which there were scattering ninety-eight.... 98— 17,728
The whole number of votes given indorsed "Convention" was eighty-one thousand four hundred and four.... 81,404
Of which there was "For a Convention to revise the Constitution and amend the same" thirty-five thousand and fifty-five.... 35,055
Of which there was "Against the Convention to Revise the Constitution and Amend the Same" forty-six thousand one hundred and ninety-three.... 46,193
And of which there were blank one hundred and fifty-six.... 156— 81,404

We certify this statement to be correct, and have caused the same to be attested by the signatures of the Chairman and Secretary of this Board, this twenty-third day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

ANDREW BLEAKLY,
Chairman.

JOSEPH H. TOONE,
Secretary.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, } ss.
County Clerk's Office.

I hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original statement remaining on file in this office, and that it is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of such original.

Witness my hand and official seal at the City Hall, in the City and County of New-York, this twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

WILLIAM C. CONNER,
Clerk of the County of New-York.

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY Canvassers of the County of New-York in relation to votes given for Members of Assembly:

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New-York, having met at the office of the Clerk of said County, on the 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d days of November, 1866, to canvass and estimate the votes given in the several Election Districts of said County, at the general Election held on the 6th day of November, in the year aforesaid, do certify as follows:

That it appears upon such estimate and canvass, that the whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the First Assembly District was six thousand one hundred and fifty-six.... 6,156
Of which Michael C. Murphy received three thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.... 3,826
Of which Michael J. Cowan received one thousand seven hundred and sixty-five.... 1,765
Of which Michael Doran received five hundred and nine.... 509
Of which there were blank two.... 2
And of which there were scattering fifty-four.... 54— 6,156
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Second Assembly District was five thousand three hundred and ninety-nine.... 5,399
Of which Constantine Donoho received three thousand one hundred and fifty-six.... 3,156
Of which Bryan Goughan received one thousand seven hundred and twenty-one.... 1,721
Of which George Ross received four hundred and fifty-two.... 452
Of which there were blank two.... 2
And of which there were scattering sixty-eight.... 68— 5,399
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Third Assembly District was four thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight.... 4,788
Of which Daniel O'Reilly received two thousand three hundred and seventy-three.... 2,373
Of which John Hayes received one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.... 1,891
Of which James L. Costello received three hundred and twenty-four.... 324
Of which William H. Ballard received ninety-five.... 95
Of which William O'Brien received four.... 4
Of which there were blank one.... 1
And of which there were scattering one hundred.... 100 4,788
The whole number of votes given for the office of Members of Assembly for the Fourth Assembly District was five thousand five hundred and sixty-five.... 5,565
Of which John J. Blair received three thousand one hundred and seventy-one.... 3,171
Of which John Galvin received two thousand one hundred and sixteen.... 2,116
Of which Frank Duffy received two hundred and fifty-nine.... 259
Of which there was blank one.... 1
And of which there were scattering eighteen.... 18— 5,565
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Fifth Assembly District was six thousand three hundred and eight.... 6,308
Of which Charles Blauvelt received four thousand two hundred and thirty-seven.... 4,237
Of which John J. Shaw received one thousand nine hundred and eighty-six.... 1,986
Of which there were blank four.... 4
And of which there were scattering eighty-one.... 81— 6,308
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Sixth Assembly District was three thousand nine hundred and seventy.... 3,970
Of which John Sigerson received two thousand five hundred and ninety-two.... 2,592
Of which Jacob Seebacher received one thousand three hundred and forty-four.... 1,344
Of which there were Blank five.... 5
And of which there were Scattering twenty-nine.... 29— 3,970
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Seventh Assembly District was four thousand four hundred and six.... 4,406
Of which Frank A. Ransom received one thousand nine hundred and thirty-six.... 1,936
Of which Edward Mitchell received one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.... 1,842
Of which James Riley received four hundred and eighty-seven.... 487
And of which there were Scattering one hundred and forty-one.... 141— 4,406
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Eighth Assembly District was seven thousand four hundred and fifteen.... 7,415
Of which James Reed received three thousand six hundred and fourteen.... 3,614
Of which George W. Anderson received one thousand nine hundred and forty-one.... 1,941
Of which Henry Zeimer received one thousand five hundred and eight.... 1,508
Of which Reuben C. Mills received one hundred and sixty-two.... 162
Of which there were blank fifteen.... 15
And of which there were scattering one hundred and seventy-five.... 175 —7,415
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Ninth Assembly District was six thousand one hundred and thirty-seven.... 6,137
Of which Henry Rogers received two thousand nine hundred and one.... 2,901
Of which Norman Stratton received two thousand three hundred and twenty-two.... 2,322
Of which Charles T. Polhamus received seven hundred and thirty-three.... 733
Of which there were blank two.... 2
And of which there were scattering one hundred and seventy-nine.... 179 —6,137
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Tenth Assembly District was five thousand three hundred and thirty-five.... 5,335
Of which Owen Murphy received two thousand seven hundred and seven.... 2,707
Of which John J. Dimond received two thousand four hundred and ninety-seven.... 2,497
Of which there were blank three.... 3
And of which there were scattering one hundred and twenty-eight.... 128— 5,335
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Eleventh Assembly District was five thousand one hundred and sixty-two.... 5,162
Of which John V. Gridley received two thousand one hundred and eighty-three.... 2,183
Of which N. Hill Fowler received one thousand five hundred and fifty-two.... 1,552
Of which John Kelly received six hundred and ninety-seven.... 697
Of which Thomas B. Van Buren received five hundred and seventy-six.... 576
Of which there were blank twenty-two.... 22
And of which there were scattering one hundred and thirty-two.... 132 5,162
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Twelfth Assembly District was five thousand two hundred and forty-three.... 5,243
Of which Henry Woltman received two thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.... 2,865
Of which William A. Lynch received two thousand three hundred and seven.... 2,307
Of which there were blank three.... 3
And of which there were scattering sixty-eight.... 68— 5,243
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Thirteenth Assembly District was five thousand and ninety-two.... 5,092
Of which Bernard Cregan received two thousand six hundred and twenty-four.... 2,624
Of which Benjamin C. Wandell received two thousand three hundred and eighty-one.... 2,381
Of which there were blank thirty.... 30
And of which there were scattering fifty-seven.... 57— 5,092
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Fourteenth Assembly District was four thousand and sixty-six.... 4,066
Of which Thomas J. Creamer received three thousand and twenty-six.... 3,026
Of which Alexander H. Mulligan received eight hundred and seventy-five.... 875
Of which there were blank three.... 3
And of which there were scattering one hundred and sixty-two.... 162— 4,066
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Fifteenth Assembly District was five thousand nine hundred and seventy-eight.... 5,978
Of which Alexander Frear received two thousand six hundred and seventy-one.... 2,671
Of which Martin Wellinghoff received one thousand six hundred and twenty-three.... 1,623
Of which Francis M. Curry received one thousand five hundred and thirty.... 1,530
Of which Enos McMullen received twenty-nine.... 29
Of which there was blank one.... 1
And of which there were scattering one hundred and twenty-four.... 124— 5,978
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Sixteenth Assembly District was five thousand six hundred and nine.... 5,609
Of which James Irving received two thousand and fifty-five.... 2,055
Of which Michael N. Salmon received two thousand and thirty-nine.... 2,039
Of which Henry Beeny received one thousand four hundred and eighty-six.... 1,486
Of which there were blank four.... 4
And of which there were scattering twenty-five.... 25— 5,609
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Seventeenth Assembly District was six thousand one hundred and ninety-seven.... 6,197
Of which Wilson Berryman received two thousand one hundred and seventy-one.... 2,171
Of which Alexander Ward received two thousand one hundred and fifty-six.... 2,156
Of which George W. Plunkett received one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.... 1,858
Of which there were blank two.... 2
And of which there were scattering ten.... 10— 6,197
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Eighteenth Assembly District was five thousand one hundred and five.... 5,105
Of which Leander Buck received two thousand five hundred and ninety-one.... 2,591
Of which George F. Noyes received one thousand six hundred and seventy-one.... 1,671
Of which John J. Duffy received eight hundred and nine.... 809
Of which there were blank seven.... 7
And of which there were scattering twenty-seven.... 27— 5,105
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Nineteenth Assembly District was two thousand three hundred and seventy-six.... 2,376
Of which John E. Develin received one thousand five hundred and ninety-three.... 1,593
Of which Samuel D. Brooks received four hundred and eighty-six.... 486
Of which Charles H. Kitchell received two hundred and sixty-seven.... 267
Of which there were blank two.... 2
And of which there were scattering twenty-eight.... 28— 2,376
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Twentieth Assembly District was four thousand six hundred and sixty-nine.... 4,669
Of which Patrick Russell received two thousand five hundred and fifty-five.... 2,555
Of which Adolf Levinger received one thousand seven hundred and sixty-one.... 1,761
Of which Frank McElroy received three hundred and thirty-two.... 332
Of which there were blank nine.... 9
And of which there were scattering twelve.... 12 4,669
The whole number of votes given for the office of Member of Assembly for the Twenty-first Assembly District was four thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight.... 4,728
Of which Henry W. Genet received two thousand six hundred and thirty-five.... 2,635
Of which William H. De Camp received one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.... 1,818
Of which Henry Arcularius received two hundred and forty-nine.... 249
Of which there were blank nine.... 9
And of which there were scattering seventeen.... 17 4,728

We certify this statement to be correct, and have caused the same to be attested by the signature of the Chairman and Secretary of this Board, this twenty-third day of November, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

ANDREW BLEAKLY,
Chairman,

JOSEPH H. TOONE,
Secretary.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, } ss.
County Clerk's Office.

I hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original statement remaining on file in this office, and that it is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of such original.

Witness my hand and official seal at the City Hall, in the City and County of New-York, this twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

WILLIAM C. CONNER,
Clerk of the County of New-York.

DECLARATION OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY Canvassers of the County of New-York, in relation to Members of Assembly.

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New-York, having canvassed and estimated the votes given in the several Election Districts in each of the Assembly Districts of the said County, at the General Election held on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1866, do hereby certify, determine and declare:

That Michael C. Murphy, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the First Assembly District in said County.

That Constantine Donoho, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Second Assembly District in said County.

That Daniel O'Reilly, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Third Assembly District in said County.

That John J. Blair, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Fourth Assembly District in said County.

That Charles Blauvelt, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Fifth Assembly District in said County.

That John Sigerson, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Sixth Assembly District in said County.

That Frank A. Ransom, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Seventh Assembly District in said County.

That James Reed, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Eighth Assembly District in said County.

That Henry Rogers, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Ninth Assembly District in said County.

That Owen Murphy, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Tenth Assembly District in said County.

That John V. Gridley, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Eleventh Assembly District in said County.

That Henry Woltman, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Twelfth Assembly District in said County.

That Bernard Cregan, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Thirteenth Assembly District in said County.

That Thomas J. Creamer, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Fourteenth Assembly District in said County.

That Alexander Frear, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Fifteenth Assembly District in said County.

That James Irving, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Sixteenth Assembly District in said County.

That Wilson Berryman, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Seventeenth Assembly District in said County.

That Leander Buck, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Eighteenth Assembly District in said County.

That John E. Develin, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Nineteenth Assembly District in said County.

That Patrick Russell, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Twentieth Assembly District in said County.

That Henry W. Genet, by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected Member of Assembly in and for the Twenty-first Assembly District in said County.

We certify this Declaration to be correct, and have caused the same to be attested by the signatures of the Chairman and Secretary of this Board, this twenty-third day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

ANDREW BLEAKLY, Chairman.

JOSEPH H. TOONE, Secretary.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, } ss.
County Clerk's Office.

I hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original declaration remaining on file in this office, and that it is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of such original.

Witness my hand and official seal at the City Hall, in the City and County of New-York, this twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

WILLIAM C. CONNER,
Clerk of the County of New-York.

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY CANvassers of the County of New-York, in relation to the votes given for Recorder, Surrogate, Register, Coroner and Supervisor.

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New-York, having met at the office of the Clerk of said County, on the 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d days of November, 1866, to canvass and estimate the votes given in the several election districts of said county, at the general election held on the 6th day of November, in the year aforesaid, do certify as follows:

That it appears on such estimate and canvass that the whole number of votes given for the office of Recorder of the County of New-York was one hundred and nine thousand two hundred and forty-five.... 109,245
Of which John K. Hackett received sixty one thousand five hundred and seventy-six.... 61,576
Of which John Sedgwick received forty-seven thousand five hundred and four.... 47,504
Of which there were blank sixty-three.... 63
And of which there were scattering one hundred and two.... 102—109,245
The whole number of votes given for the office of Surrogate of the County of New-York was one hundred and nine thousand and fifty-seven.... 109,057
Of which Gideon J. Tucker received sixty-one thousand two hundred and eighty-eight.... 61,288
Of which James M. Smith received forty-seven thousand five hundred and fifty-six.... 47,556
Of which there were blank ninety-six.... 96
And of which there were scattering one hundred and seventeen.... 117—109,057
The whole number of votes given for the office of Register of the County of New-York was one hundred and nine thousand nine hundred and forty-two.... 109,942
Of which Charles G. Halpine received sixty-four thousand seven hundred and forty-one.... 64,741
Of which John McCool received forty-four thousand four hundred and thirty-nine.... 44,439
Of which there were blank one hundred and sixty-one.... 161
And of which there were scattering six hundred and one.... 601—199,942
The whole number of votes given for the office of Coroner of the County of New-York was one hundred and nine thousand six hundred and sixty-three.... 109,663
Of which William Schirmer received seventy thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.... 70,854
Of which Louis Naumann received thirty-eight thousand and forty-nine.... 38,049
Of which there were blank one hundred and eighty-three.... 183
And of which there were scattering five hundred and seventy-seven.... 577—109,663
The whole number of votes given for the office of Supervisor of the County of New-York was one hundred and eight thousand six hundred and seventy-nine.... 108,679
Of which Gerson N. Herrman received forty-six thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.... 46,799
Of which Alexander Shaler received thirty-two thousand nine hundred and forty-seven.... 32,947
Of which Joseph B. Taylor received seventeen thousand three hundred and twelve.... 17,312
Of which Patrick McAlear received eleven thousand three hundred and eighty-six.... 11,386
Of which there were blank ninety-two.... 92
And of which there were scattering one hundred and forty-three.... 143—108,679

We certify this statement to be correct, and have caused the same to be attested by the signatures of the Chairman and Secretary of this Board, this twenty-third day of November, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

ANDREW BLEAKLY, Chairman.

JOSEPH H. TOONE, Secretary.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK. } ss.
County Clerk's Office.

I hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original statement remaining on file in this office, and that it is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of such original.

Witness my hand and official seal, at the City Hall, in the City and County of New-York, this twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

WILLIAM C. CONNER,
Clerk of the County of New-York.

DECLARATION OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY Canvassers of the County of New-York in relation to Recorder, Surrogate, Register, Coroner and Supervisor.

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New-York, having canvassed and estimated the votes given in each of the several election districts of the said County, at the general election held on the 6th day of November, A. D., 1866, do hereby certify, determine and declare:

That John K. Hackett was, by the greatest number of votes, duly elected Recorder of the County of New-York.

That Gideon J. Tucker was, by the greatest number of votes, duly elected Surrogate of the County of New-York.

That Charles G. Halpine was, by the greatest number of votes, duly elected Register of the County of New-York.

That William Schirmer was, by the greatest number of votes, duly elected Coroner of the County of New-York.

That Gerson N. Herrman was by the greatest number of votes, duly elected Supervisor of the County of New-York.

We certify this Declaration to be correct, and have caused the same to be attested by the signatures of the Chairman and Secretary of this Board, this twenty-third day of November, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

ANDREW BLEAKLY, Chairman.

JOSEPH H. TOONE,
Secretary.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, } ss.
County Clerk's Office.

I hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original declaration remaining on file in this office, and that it is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of such original.

Witness my hand and official seal at the City Hall, in the City and County of New-York, this twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

WILLIAM C. CONNER,
Clerk of the County of New-York.

THE GREATEST DISTRIBUTION

OF THE

NINETEENTH CENTURY!

And most successful enterprise of the kind ever inaugurated in the World.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000 IN GREENBACKS!

KELLEY'S GRAND NORTH AMERICAN

PRIZE CONCERT!

TO HAVE BEEN GIVEN AT THE

WABASH-AVENUE RINK, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

NOV. 27, 1866,

POSTPONED.

Five Hundred Thousand Tickets issued—a few over 98,000 remaining to be sold.

The Books will remain open a short time longer in order to dispose of the balance of tickets. The proprietors do not wish to hold a single ticket when the drawing takes place, as it might cause dissatisfaction among our patrons. 250,000 VALUABLE GIFTS VALUED AT HALF A MILLION DOLLARS, INCLUDING 100,000 DOLLARS IN GREENBACKS, WILL BE PRESENTED TO TICKET HOLDERS.

EVERY OTHER TICKET DRAWS A PRIZE!

The time of Concert will be published in this and all principal papers of the United States in a few days. Tickets, $1 each; five for $4 50; ten for $9. All wanting tickets should order them at once.

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EMBROIDERED LACE CURTAINS,

A specialty in richness of design combined with moderate cost.

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BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
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AND
SHIRTINGS.

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No. 686 Broadway, New-York, and
No. 719 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

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OFFER SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

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WINDOW SHADES,

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NOTTINGHAM AND LACE CURTAINS,

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No. 141 FULTON-ST., and No. 20 ANN-ST., a few doors east of Broadway, New-York.

N. B.—Metallic and Rubber Weather Strips carefully put up.

BANK PRESIDENTS.

BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
NEW-YORK, July 13, 1866.

E. HOLMES, Esq., No. 254 BROADWAY: I had your "Burglar Alarm" put in my house two years ago. So high is my estimation of it, I would not on any account be without it. I cannot too strongly recommend it, and believe that any gentleman who puts it into his house will, on trial, agree with me in the opinion I have expressed.

Respectfully, yours,
EDWARD HAIGHT, President.

LOOKING-GLASSES, PICTURE frames, fine oil paintings, engravings, retailing at wholesale prices. HOOPER'S, No. 122 Nassau-st.

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOKSTORE, corner 23d-st. and Broadway. There you will find all the new books of the day, and all the old standard works, and also choice English, French and Scotch stationery.

GO TO THOMAS R. AGNEW, GREENwich and Murray sts., where you will find teas, coffees, fish, flour, and everything else cheaper than any store in New-York. One-price house.

CROSBY OPERA HOUSE.

THE DATE DETERMINED.

January 21, 1867.

We, the undersigned, a Committee appointed to conduct the awarding of Premiums to the members of the CROSBY OPERA HOUSE ART ASSOCIATION, have been authorized by the management to announce MONDAY, JAN. 21, 1867, as the time when the

FINAL AWARD

of all the premiums shall be made, without further postponement.

In order that Mr. Crosby may realize the full benefit of his enterprise, and that the certificates may be held by bona-fide purchasers, and not by him, it is necessary that the remaining certificates should be speedily disposed of. The Committee assure all parties interested that every care will be taken to secure perfect fairness in awarding the Premiums.

WILLIAM F. COOLBAUGH, Pres't Union National Bank.
AMOS T. HALL, Treasurer C., B. & Q. RR.
E. G. HALL, Hall, Kimbark & Co.
CLINTON BRIGGS, Ewing, Briggs & Co.
J. C. DORE, President of the Board of Trade.
JAMES H. BOWEN, President Third National Bank.
JAMES C. FARGO, Sup't American Express.
FRANCIS A. HOFFMAN, Ex-Lieut.-Governor.
I. Y. MUNN, Munn & Scott, Elevator,
J. A. ELLIS, President Second National Bank.

The management have the greatest satisfaction in making this announcement to those who have so liberally contributed to the ultimate success of the undertaking organized as the Crosby Opera House Art Association, and feel justified in doing so by the

EXTRAORDINARY RAPIDITY

with which the certificates have been disposed of during

THE LAST THREE MONTHS.

They would at the same time beg to inform the public that, as the

FINAL MAKING UP OF THE BOOKS

must inevitably occupy several weeks, the subscription will be closed at any period prior to the date mentioned, which the management may deem desirable.

THE DRAWING WILL TAKE PLACE ON

January 21, 1867,

When the

FIRST PREMIUM,

THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE

Valued at more than

HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS,

will be allotted to

A NEW OWNER,

and the finest Collection of Paintings ever offered to its members by

ANY ART UNION,

WILL BE FINALLY DISTRIBUTED.

PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENCY.
THE ART INSTITUTE, No. 625 BROADWAY.
BRANCH AGENCY,
R. C. ROOT, ANTHONY & CO., No. 21 NASSAU-ST
BROOKLYN AGENCY,
J. MORRIS & CO., No. 194 FULTON-ST.

DALLEY'S

GALVANIC HORSE SALVE..

Its success is wonderful, every one who has tried it confesses it to be the best ointment or liniment in use. Cases of QUITTOR, GREASE, THRUSH and SPRAINS, which were given up as incurable, have been cured permanently by a few boxes.

Every horse owner should have it, as it positively cures SCRATCHES, GALLS, BRUISES, OLD SORES, and CUTS. It is useful in simple as well as severe cases, being very easy of application, and washing off with a little soap and water.

As a Hoof ointment it is freely acknowledged to be the best, softening and preserving the hoof. Fifty cents a box. Sold by Druggists, Harness Makers, Veterinary Surgeons, and at the Depot, 49 Cedar-st., New-York.

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GILT, NEW DESIGNS.
BEST SCOTCH HOLLANDS.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 447 Broadway.

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SWISS LACE,
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SAVONINE

A CONCENTRATED SOAP for Family, Laundry and Hotel use. Half the Soap and half the Labor, and your Clothes are Cleaner, Brighter and Sweeter, a result magical as pleasing and satisfactory. SAVONINE will not run the most delicate color, proving it cannot injure the most delicate fibre. The cost so small, the result so great, that the poorest housekeeper, when familiar with its value, will call it

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A NEW AMERICAN SPARKLING WINE, ENTITLED

"PARIS EXPOSITION,"

intended expressly for COMPETITION WITH THE BEST CHAMPAGNE WINES IN EUROPE.

The attention of the trade is particularly invited to this wine, as it is without doubt the best wine yet produced in the United States.

FRED. S. COZZENS, No. 73 Warren-st., SOLE AGENT PLEASANT VALLEY WINE CO., N. Y. Also, "PLEASANT VALLEY SPARKLING" and "STILL" sparkling CATAWBA Cream, Bottler's, Longworth's Cincinnati Wines, and a complete assortment of all kinds of native Wines, from the best WINE HOUSES, at vineyard prices. Freight added.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 657, Nov. 23, 1866.
39, 69, 20, 22, 67, 52, 15, 54, 74, 7, 6, 48.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 658, Nov. 23, 1866.
16, 4, 40, 27, 50, 28, 26, 12, 15, 10, 42, 67.
SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 557, Nov. 23, 1866.
44, 65, 64, 58, 3, 70, 40, 11, 57, 50, 62, 12.
SHELBY—CLASS No. 558, Nov. 23, 1866.
54, 59, 61, 47, 23, 60, 22, 70, 40, 21, 38, 18.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway, New-York.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURnished in all legal lotteries.
J. CLUTE, Broker,
No. 176 Broadway and No. 133 Fulton-st.